



Dallas Police Department Annual Report

2020

CHIEF R. W. WALLS

Vision

To partner with the citizens and business owners in the Town of Dallas in creating a safe environment for each and every one of them

Mission

The Mission of the Dallas Police Department is to provide a safe environment in which residents and non-residents can live and work. The Mission shall be accomplished by the prompt, but fair enforcement of local and state laws. It is therefore the policy of the Dallas Police Department to provide honest, fair, and effective law enforcement to all people within its jurisdiction without regard to age, race, sex, national origin, or disability.

2020 Statistics

Accidents: 274

Arrests: 505

Misdemeanor Arrest: 336 Charges: 596

Felony Arrest: 169 Charges: 234

Calls for Service: 11,681

Citations: 1,728

Citation Charges: 2555

Criminal Papers Served: 954

Incident Reports: 770 Reportable Offenses

Hours of Training and Specialized School Hours: 1,194

Call Log Call Type Summary

Dallas Police Department

01/01/2020 - 12/31/2020

<No Call Type Specified>	15
10-001 - Unable to copy	7
10-005 - Relay	1
10-006 - Busy	81
10-007 - Out of Service	1
10-012 - Standby	6
10-013 - Weather/Road conditions	1
10-014 - Information	24
10-015 - Message delivered	5
10-016 - Reply to message	10
10-019 - In contact	1
10-020 - Location	27
10-021 - Call by phone	662
10-022 - Disregard	1
10-025 - Report in person	197
10-027 - Driver's license	1
10-028 - License plate	2
10-029 - Records check	18
10-035 - Meet Complainant FOR:	198
10-040 - Fight	13
10-041 - Begin tour of duty	26
10-042 - End tour of duty	16
10-043 - Chase vehicle/foot	11
10-047 - Complete assignment quickly	7
10-050 - Accident PI/PD/F	331
10-051 - Wrecker needed	1
10-052 - Ambulance needed	1
10-054 - Hit and run	61
10-055 - Intoxicated driver	28

10-056 - Intoxicated pedestrian	31
10-057 - Intoxilyzer	1
10-058 - Direct traffic	16
10-059 - Escort	314
10-060 - Suspicious vehicle	329
10-061 - Traffic stop	2,643
10-062 - Breaking and or entering	67
10-063 - Investigate further	97
10-064 - Crime in progress	3
10-065 - Armed robbery	6
10-067 - Investigate report of death	5
10-068 - Livestock on highway	2
10-069 - Present phone number	1
10-070 - Improperly parked vehicle	80
10-072 - Prisoner in custody	19
10-073 - Mental subject	76
10-076 - Prowler	18
10-077 - Assist Fire Department	21
10-078 - Need assistance	6
10-079 - Discharge firearms	56
10-080 - Domestic	327
10-081 - Civil disturbance	242
10-082 - Service vehicle	771
10-084 - Report of fire	3
10-085 - Subject with weapon Gun/Knife	8
10-086 - Officer on duty	5
10-089 - Return to	1
10-090 - Careless and reckless	59
10-091 - Mini bikes	53
10-092 - Officer in trouble	1
10-095 - Sexual offense	10
10-096 - Suicide	2
10-097 - Assault with deadly weapon	22
10-099 - Juveniles	21
10-101 - Alarm	264
10-103 - Assist other Agency	197
10-104 - Assist Rescue	58

10-106 - Building unsecured/Open door	6
10-108 - Car wash at:	208
10-109 - Check for debris in roadway	18
10-111 - Child Abuse	12
10-113 - Communicate threats	21
10-115 - Controlled substance	90
10-116 - Court	16
10-117 - Crime prevention	53
10-119 - DOT needed ref:	3
10-122 - Fireworks	44
10-123 - Fraud Financial/Identity	42
10-124 - Follow up investigation ref:	311
10-125 - Forgery	4
10-126 - Found property	55
10-130 - Larceny	172
10-132 - Lost or stolen tag	3
10-133 - Loud disturbance	45
10-134 - Loud music	70
10-135 - Malicious damage	37
10-136 - Misdemeanor assault	25
10-137 - Missing person	24
10-138 - Notify utilities company	13
10-141 - Obtaining warrant	36
10-143 - Overdose	20
10-147 - Residential check	35
10-148 - Recovering stolen goods	5
10-149 - Security inspection at:	1
10-150 - School traffic	171
10-151 - Serving search warrant	1
10-152 - Serving warrant	105
10-153 - Shooting	4
10-154 - Shoplifting	8
10-155 - Special check	1,785
10-158 - Stolen vehicle	30
10-159 - Stranded motorist	108
10-160 - Subject throwing rocks	1
10-161 - Subject slumped over steering wheel	9

10-162 - Subject lying in/on roadway	2
10-164 - Suspicious subject	372
10-165 - Telephone violation	8
10-166 - Check time	3
10-167 - Transport evidence	3
10-170 - Vehicle repair	22
10-178 - License check	23
10-180 - Off Duty Assignment	69

Total Number Of Calls: 11,681

Drug Summary Totals

Dallas Police Department

(01/01/2020 - 12/31/2020)

A - "Crack" Cocaine

Status: Measurement: Total Quantity: Total Estimated Value:

6 - Seized GM - Gram 0.500 \$20.00

B - Cocaine (All Forms Except "Crack")

Status: Measurement: Total Quantity: Total Estimated Value:

6 - Seized GM - Gram 9.430 \$155.00

D - Heroin

Status: Measurement: Total Quantity: Total Estimated Value:

6 - Seized DU - Dosage Unit/Items (Number of 50.000

Capsules, Pills, Tablets, etc.)

\$75.00

6 - Seized GM - Gram 24.310 \$695.00

6 - Seized ML - Milliliter 3.000 \$20.00

E - Marijuana

Status: Measurement: Total Quantity: Total Estimated Value:

6 - Seized DU - Dosage Unit/Items (Number of 2.500

Capsules, Pills, Tablets, etc.)

\$26.00

6 - Seized GL - Gallon 5.700 \$20.00

6 - Seized GM - Gram 483.790 \$2,581.00

6 - Seized OZ - Ounce 6.271 \$430.00

G - Opium

Status: Measurement: Total Quantity: Total Estimated Value:

6 - Seized DU - Dosage Unit/Items (Number of 1.000

Capsules, Pills, Tablets, etc.)

\$10.00

H - Other Narcotics

Status: Measurement: Total Quantity: Total Estimated Value:

6 - Seized GM - Gram 28.500 \$200.00

6 - Seized DU - Dosage Unit/Items (Number of 190.000

Capsules, Pills, Tablets, etc.)

\$1,795.00

L - Amphetamines/Methamphetamines

Status: Measurement: Total Quantity: Total Estimated Value:

6 - Seized DU - Dosage Unit/Items (Number of 18.000

Capsules, Pills, Tablets, etc.)

\$235.00

L - Amphetamines/Methamphetamines

Status: Measurement: Total Quantity: Total Estimated Value:

6 - Seized GM - Gram 93.120 \$2,520.00

6 - Seized OZ - Ounce 2.043 \$2,400.00

M - Other Stimulants

Status: Measurement: Total Quantity: Total Estimated Value:

6 - Seized DU - Dosage Unit/Items (Number of 56.000

Capsules, Pills, Tablets, etc.)

\$360.00

N - Barbiturates

Status: Measurement: Total Quantity: Total Estimated Value:

6 - Seized DU - Dosage Unit/Items (Number of 131.000

Capsules, Pills, Tablets, etc.)

\$1,310.00

O - Other Depressants

Status: Measurement: Total Quantity: Total Estimated Value:

6 - Seized DU - Dosage Unit/Items (Number of 117.000

Capsules, Pills, Tablets, etc.)

\$525.00

P - Other Drugs

Status: Measurement: Total Quantity: Total Estimated Value:

6 - Seized DU - Dosage Unit/Items (Number of 52.500

Capsules, Pills, Tablets, etc.)

\$83.00

6 - Seized GM - Gram 1.500 \$80.00

U - Unknown Type Drug

Status: Measurement: Total Quantity: Total Estimated Value:

6 - Seized GM - Gram 11.530 \$0.00

Totals: 1,287.694 \$13,540.00

Examples of Seized Drugs

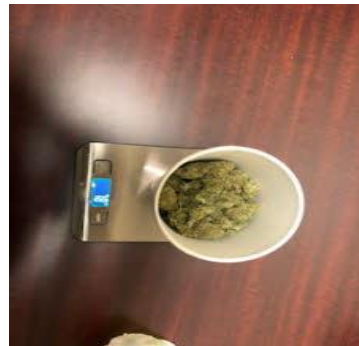
Cocaine/Crack



Heroin



Marijuana



Alprazolam/Xanax



Ecstasy



Meth



Training

Highlights, New Programs, and Certifications

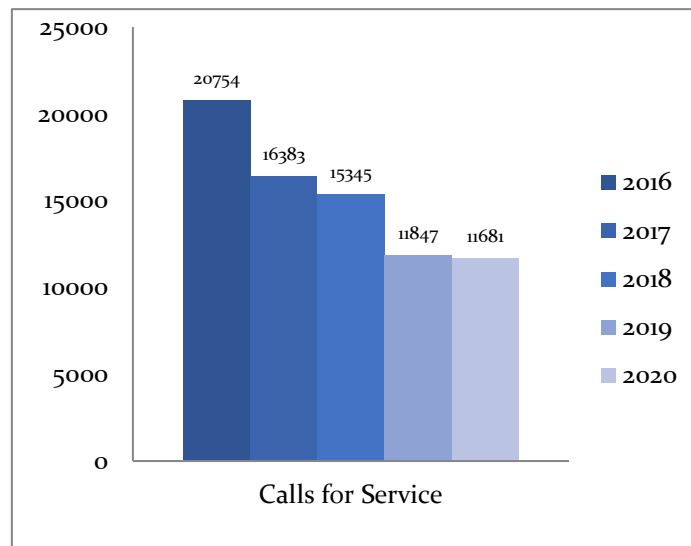
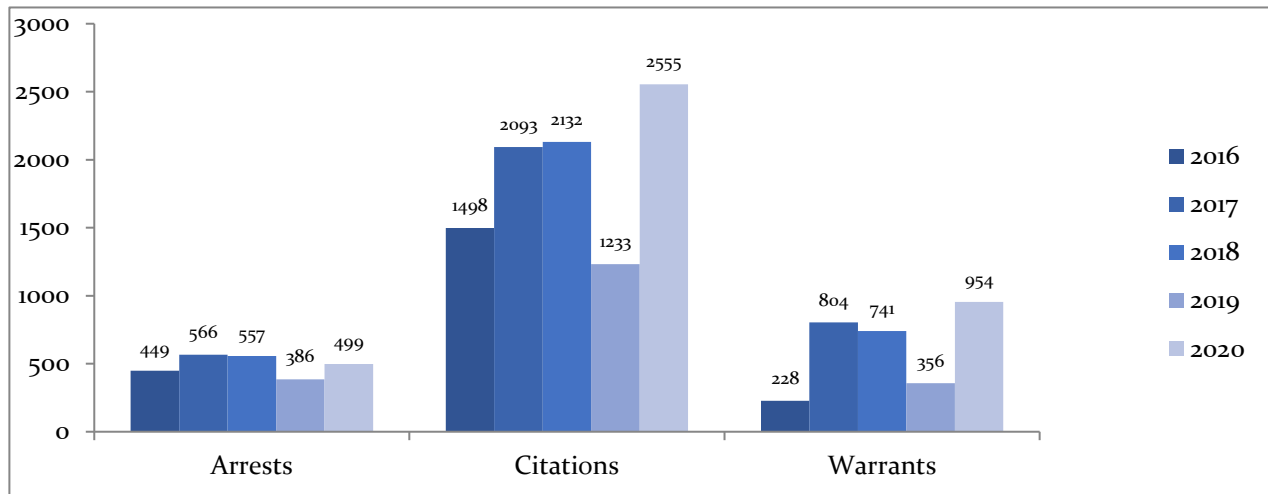
The total training hours that the Dallas Police Department Officers completed in the calendar year of 2020 were 1,194 hours. These hours are a combination of State-Mandated In-Service hours, specialized schools, and safety classes. As the Town of Dallas continues to grow, we as officers are consistently growing as well through the aid of more training offered by the State of NC and other certified facilities. Through this knowledge, we will continue to effectively and professionally do the very best for our citizens and the Town of Dallas.

Specialized training that Officers and Administration attended with the Dallas Police Department completed in 2020 are as follows: MCA Leadership School / Evidence and Record-Keeping / Field Training Officers Program / Field Training Officer Supervisor School / Dangerous Crossroads Ahead / Internal Affairs Investigations School / Patrol Rifle / Intoximeter Breath Analysis Certification / Radar Operators Course / CJ Leads / Security Awareness Training / Hostage Negotiations / DCI / In-Service through North Carolina Justice Academy / Taser / Standardized Field Sobriety Testing / Pepper Spray

At the end of 2020, the Dallas Police Department had a staff of 14 sworn employees, 2 Non-Sworn, and 1 sworn applicant in the hiring process. Within the 14 sworn employees, we currently have (5) that are Certified Field Training Officers, (3) that are Certified Field Training Supervisors (7) that are Radar Operator Certified / (3) that are Intoximeter Certified and (6) that are certified in Standardized Field Sobriety Testing (SFST). All sworn officers also completed training to use and operate the (6) Alco-Sensors units the department has.



Graph Comparison



Monthly Case Review Highlights

Please note that this is a case review with highlights. These are not all of the reports and or incidents reported and investigated.

Received a call, in reference to a subject with a gunshot wound to the head. Officers arrived to find the subject lying on his back with a handgun beside his hand. Officers secured a loaded gun with the hammer cocked back. The subject had shallow respirations at the time of arrival. EMS arrived on the scene and rendered aid to the subject. Crime Scene was also contacted to come out to the scene. EMS stopped rendering aid to the subject and called the time of death. EMS then cleared the scene. The witness on the scene was placed in a police vehicle to await the Crime Scene Unit to process hands for gunshot residue. Crime Scene then collected evidence including a handgun and cell phone. Crime Scene processed the witness's hands and also finished processing the scene. Officers investigated several leads from the shooting. After the investigations were concluded the shooting/suicide was declared a suicide with no foul play.

Officers responded to a call, in reference to a domestic between a male and female subject. Officers arrived on the scene to find the female subject holding a screwdriver and screaming. Both subjects were detained and questioned. After speaking with both subjects separately it was determined that the female stabbed the male in the back two times, in the side of the face, and the left collar bone. The female was placed under arrest and transported to jail for assault with a deadly weapon. She was taken before the magistrate and had a no bond hold until she appeared before a judge the following day.

Officers were dispatched to a call, in reference to a subject walking in the roadway. Officers arrived and found a subject laying in the grass. The subject admitted to using meth. Officers noticed the subject was sweating profusely, highly agitated, had an altered mental state, and was talking erratically. The subject was paranoid and unable to sit still. The subject was experiencing mood changes and was extremely hostile. Officers called for EMS immediately after arrival. After speaking with the subject, the subject was willing to be transported to the hospital. The subject got into the ambulance and that is when the subject grabbed an EMS worker by the collar of the shirt and pulled the EMS worker close to her. The EMS worker had to forcefully make the subject let go. The EMS worker had scratches and marks on the chest due to the incident. The subject was informed not to be grabbing officers or EMS workers that they are only trying to help. An officer rode with EMS to the hospital. Upon arrival to the hospital, the subject still had an altered mental

state and mood changes. Injuries were photographed and warrants were obtained. The subject was later arrested on warrants by another agency.

Reporting person called and stated that their son was impaired by narcotics, possibly acid. While on the phone the reporting person started screaming for help and said the son was trying to take the phone away. When the first officer arrived on the scene, they heard someone screaming inside. The officer went into the residence to find a male subject in the hall with his pants down. The officer gave him verbal commands to lay down on his stomach. The male subject then charged at the officer and the officer had to use force to push him back. The officer then drew his taser and continued to give verbal commands, this is when a backup officer arrived to assist. The male subject then attempted to walk away from officers to go into a bedroom. The officers then grabbed him and tried to restrain the male subject but he jerked away from officers. He was then escorted to the floor by both officers. The male subject got back to his feet and tried grabbing the officers. One of the officers then deployed his taser causing the male subject to fall to the floor. As the officers were trying to put the male subject's hands behind his back to detain him, the male subject continued to resist and got back to his feet. The male subject then attempted to bite one of the officers on the upper leg and kicked the other officer in the leg. The male subject was attempting to take the officers to the ground when an assisting agency arrived on the scene. Together both agencies were able to get the subject's hands behind his back and restrain him in handcuffs. EMS arrived on the scene and the officers helped get him restrained on the stretcher. Both officers rode in the ambulance to help keep the male subject restrained. Once at the hospital the subject was released into their custody. Warrants were obtained on the subject for two counts of assault on a public officer and resist, obstruct, and delay. The male subject was arrested when he was released from the hospital on the charges.

Officer witnessed a subject participating in drug activity. The suspect's vehicle was parked in a driveway with the lights on and the suspect was standing in the driveway next to the vehicle. Officer waited for the suspect vehicle to leave the scene and attempt to initiate a traffic stop on the vehicle due to the drug activity and the vehicle's registration being expired. The driver of the vehicle refused to stop. The suspect continued to flee from the officer. The suspect committed multiple traffic violations while fleeing to elude before the vehicle ran into an embankment and came to rest in a grassy area. The suspect fled on foot. The officer initially gave chase but was unable to catch the suspect. Officers stood by while awaiting an assisting agency k-9 to arrive. The k-9 was also unable to locate the suspect. After further investigation of the area, the vehicle, and speaking with a witness, officers were able to collect a cell phone, marijuana, and video footage that helped identify the suspect. Warrants were obtained for the drug charges and the fleeing to elude charges. The suspect was later arrested on those charges.

Officers were dispatched to a shooting call that involved a juvenile that had accidentally shot his mother. When officers arrived on the scene, they found a woman that had two gunshot wounds to both of her legs. The suspect was also on scene hysterically crying and breathing heavily. Several other juveniles and witnesses were also at the residence. The juvenile stated that there was no magazine in the weapon and the person that sold him the firearm said it had no firing pin. The suspect advised that he racked the slide back and when it slid forward the one chambered round went off. The suspect repeatedly stated that he did not mean to shoot his mom and he was visibly distraught. EMS arrived on the scene to provide medical attention to the victim. Officers asked for the location of the firearm that was involved in the incident and several subjects inside the home stated that it was downstairs. Officers then secured the scene to wait on the crime scene to arrive to process the scene. Officers applied a tourniquet to the leg of the victim. The victim was conscious, alert, and breathing the entire time even when being loaded into the ambulance. The victim told officers that her son did not mean to shoot her and that he was just showing off his gun. The mother was then transported to the hospital. The scene was secured while the crime scene conducted its investigation. After crime scene was finished, two more guns were seized for safekeeping. The juvenile's clothing was collected for evidence. No arrest was made at the time and all subjects were released to return to the residence. After the investigation, prosecution was declined and the case was closed.

Police were dispatched to a call where a man was chasing a female up the street with a baseball bat and the female was screaming for someone to call the police. Officers arrived on the scene and located the male subject that stated that he did not know the woman in question and he did not do anything. After locating and speaking to the female subject she stated the male subject was her husband. It was obvious that the female subject was scared for her life. She also stated that he had been beating her for the past few weeks. She said they have been arguing about her job and he got mad and struck her below the beltline. She said she then ran from the house scared for her life and was yelling for someone to call the police. A female officer was called out to assess the female's injuries. The female officer found that the female had a bruise on her buttocks about a foot wide. The male subject passively resisted and refused to cooperate or follow orders. The male suspect was placed under arrest and transported to jail for the charges of assault on a female and assault with a deadly weapon. The weapon was secured and placed in evidence.

Dispatch gave officers a call, in reference to an armed robbery. Officers arrived on the scene and made contact with a male subject that had a deep laceration on his hand and appeared to be in shock. The male subject stated that his cousin had attacked him from behind and stole his money (approximately \$1300). During the incident, the suspect

took out a large butcher knife and cut the victim's hand. After the robbery, the suspect fled the scene. The victim was transported by EMS to the hospital to be treated for his injury. While on the scene the officers received another call of a male subject knocking on a door and attempt to get in at a nearby residence. Officers arrived but were unable to locate the male subject. Later officers received a suspicious subject call at a local business. Officers responded along with an assisting agency and made contact with the subject and the subject matched the suspect description for the armed robbery. Officers attempted to detain the subject but he was refusing lawful commands. The subject put his hands in his front pockets and refused to remove them. Officers then struggled with him in an attempt to put handcuffs on him. Officers did successfully get the subject handcuffed and gather information to identify him as the robbery suspect. He was patted down for safety precautions and where officers found \$1332 in cash and a pillbox containing 130 Xanax. He was transported to the jail and charged with armed robbery, felony possession on schedule IV (a controlled substance), and resist, obstruct and delay (RDO).

Officer conducted a traffic stop in reference to observing a vehicle that had a light bar in the center of the front hood and after passing the officer they turned off all of their lights and then back on. After the officer got behind the vehicle, the officer observed the lights go off and back on again. The officer then initiated the traffic stop with blue lights and a siren. The driver failed to stop and kept rolling while the driver and the passenger were moving around a lot in the vehicle. The officer asked for assistance from another officer. When the vehicle stopped the driver was still moving around and the officer gave verbal commands to put their hands on the steering wheel. The officer approached the vehicle from the driver's side and spoke to the driver of the vehicle and who stated that they did not see the lights or hear the siren. The officer observed an orange baggie that is known to usually contain narcotics. Officer could also see a torch lighter and smell a faint odor of marijuana. Officer asked the driver to get out of the vehicle so he could speak to her and to also observe how she exits the vehicle to make sure that she was not showing other signs of impairment. After a few minutes of observation, the officer saw that the driver was not impaired. The officer asked for permission to search the vehicle due to the items seen in the vehicle and the smell of marijuana. The driver said no to the search. The officer let the driver get back in the vehicle and requested a k9 unit for assistance to do a free air sniff. While officers were running the occupant's information through the communication center and writing citations the k9 arrived on the scene to conduct the free air sniff. The dog alerted on the vehicle giving the officers the right to search the vehicle. The search of the vehicle resulted in finding 4.3 grams of methamphetamine, 3 clonazepam, marijuana, a concealed Colt 45 caliber handgun, glass pipes with black residue, and several baggies. One of the subjects also had multiple bundles of money in a wallet. The driver was given multiple citations and the passenger was arrested for the above charges. All evidence was seized and placed in the Dallas Police Evidence locker.

Officer conducted a traffic stop after observing a vehicle that had an unreadable SC license plate displayed in the window of the vehicle. The officer approached the vehicle and spoke with the driver. The driver advised that the vehicle belonged to a friend. The officer then told her that it is illegal for her to display the tag in the window. While speaking to her he could see in open view a piece of tin foil in a pocketbook. Based on the officer's experience he knew that heroin is usually cooked off of pieces of tin foil or some sort of metal object. The officer asked to search the vehicle and the driver gave consent. During the search, the officer seized two hypodermic needles, one of which was used. The driver admitted to having a problem with meth and heroin. Officers then ran the driver's information and the vehicle information through communications. The driver had a suspended license and the VIN showed that the vehicle was stolen from another agency. The driver stated that she borrows the vehicle several times a week from a friend. The driver was then placed under arrest for the possession of a stolen motor vehicle and was asked if she has anything illegal on her person. The driver then admitted that she had meth stuffed in her bra. A female officer was requested to come out to search her person. The meth was seized from her bra. The weight of the meth was 2.5 grams. The female was then transported to the jail for possession of a stolen vehicle, possession of schedule II, and driving on a revoked license.

While conducting a routine patrol, the Officer observed a vehicle that had a tag frame completely covering the state name, and the windows were tinted extremely darker than the legal limit of 35 percent. Officer then activated the blue lights and siren to conduct a traffic stop. Officer approached the vehicle and the driver appeared to be very nervous and his hands were shaking. The driver also was talking continuously and challenging the reason for the traffic stop. When asked for the paperwork for the vehicle the driver began to frantically reach around in the vehicle as if he did not know what he was looking for. Because the driver was so nervous, the officer then asked for consent to search the vehicle and the driver consented to the search. Officer then collected the vehicle documents and other information that the driver provided so he could return to his patrol car to run the information through the communication center. The assisting officer continued to speak to the occupants of the vehicle and the driver handed him a cigarette pack with a marijuana roach inside. The initiating officer and the assisting officer then began removing the occupants from the vehicle and patting them down for weapons so that they could begin the consented search of the vehicle. While searching the driver he began reaching for his pockets and groin area several times even after he was given orders to not move. Officer did feel what appeared to be two large bundles of cash in his pocket. The Officers then searched the vehicle and were unable to locate any contraband. The occupants were then asked to have a seat back in the vehicle. A short time later the assisting officer saw the driver hiding something behind the driver's seat of the vehicle. Because the driver appeared to still be nervous, he was asked to step back out of the vehicle so officers could see what he was hiding. Officers then retrieved a bag of

electronic scales, two glass pipes, and several baggies with methamphetamine. The driver admitted to officers that the drugs were his. They recovered 57.9 grams of Methamphetamines and \$4,063 in cash. The driver was arrested and transported to jail.

Officer was conducting stationary observation when he observed a vehicle pass that had a white plastic tag that is not valid for use on public roadways. The plate also had most of the numbers and letters rubbed off on it making it unreadable. Officer got behind the vehicle and activated blue lights and a siren. Officer advised the driver looked in the mirror at him and continued to drive normally. The driver then picked up speed and started weaving in and out of traffic. The driver then passed a vehicle on a double yellow line and picked up more speed to flee from officers. The officer gave chase and several agencies assisted. The driver pulled into the driveway where another subject was standing near the garage and appeared to be on the phone. The driver exited the vehicle and sprinted toward the house and into the garage. An assisting agency was able to get the driver to the ground and as we were attempting to gain control of the female driver, she began striking officers with an open hand in the leg and chest. The male that was waiting at the residence, when officers arrived, was yelling profanities at officers and had his fists clenched while approaching them. The garage was cluttered and contained many tools that could have been used as a weapon. The male subject, later identified as the female driver's father, was given commands to stay back but he refused to comply. The male subject bladed his stance with his fists still clenched as if he was going to strike an officer. The male subject was then grabbed and escorted to the ground for officer safety. The male subject was refusing to obey commands to put his hands behind his back despite the multiple loud verbal commands. Eventually, officers gained control of both subjects and were taken into custody. While officers were placing the female driver in the patrol vehicle, she advised that she may have methamphetamine in her bra. Also, while observing the vehicle in plain sight was a torch lighter on the front seat and what appeared to be an open container of alcohol in the back floorboard. Officers then searched the vehicle and recovered two silver spoons (one with brown residue), an empty needle, two glass pipes (one with brown residue), two torch lighters, and two open empty alcohol containers. The driver was arrested for the above charges and the male subject was arrested for resist, obstruct, and delay. The car was towed and seized for the felony fleeing to elude charge.

Officers were conducting a driver's license checkpoint and observed two headlights to be traveling in the opposite lane of travel toward the checkpoint. The vehicle was a pick-up truck. Officers heard the engine increase suddenly in volume as the vehicle accelerated and drove through the checkpoint as the officers were signaling for the truck to stop. Officers could visually see that the vehicle was traveling at an extremely high rate of speed exceeding the speed limit. One of the officers got in their vehicle and

pursued the vehicle utilizing emergency equipment (lights and siren). Officers were able to catch up with the vehicle. Officers continued to pursue the vehicle still traveling at an excessive speed. The vehicle almost lost control and violated multiple traffic violations. At a point in the pursuit, the driver door flew open as it appeared the driver was going to jump out of the vehicle. The vehicle continued traveling with the driver's door halfway open. The roadway came to a dead end. The male subject then jumped out of the open driver side door and began running through a muddy open area passing the officer vehicle. Officer exited his patrol vehicle and drew his service pistol because he could only see the left hand of the subject. Once the officer was able to see the other hand of the subject, he holstered his weapon and continued to pursue the subject on foot. The suspect fell to the ground but immediately jumped back to his feet and obtained a fighting position by raising his fists as the officer came close to him. The officer kicked him in the chest and he fell backward on the ground then got back on his feet and continued running in the opposite direction back towards his vehicle. The officer caught up with the male subject after he ran past his vehicle. The male then spun around again, that is when the officer deployed his electronic control device. Both prongs of the device made contact with the subject and stiffened his body causing him to fall to the ground. The officer then pulled his duty pistol and gave commands to show his hands and the subject complied and by lifting his hands and rolling to his back. The officer holstered his service weapon and detained the male subject. Officer then gave commands toward the vehicle for passengers to put their hands up. An assisting unit then approached and cleared the vehicle. No other subjects were in the vehicle. Officer then did a quick frisk of the male subject for any weapons with no findings. The subject was lifted to his feet and escorted to a patrol vehicle. The subject was unsteady and had help walking by the officer holding his bicep. Officers then searched for the male subject's person. Officers located a large wad of money in his left front pants pocket and a clear plastic bag containing a large number of green bar pills in the same pocket. EMS was called to the scene to evaluate the subject's medical condition and also remove the Taser prongs from his body. The subject gave several different stories to EMS while being treated. The officer then noticed that the subject had slow and slurred speech while talking and also his voice projected at low volume. The subject also was moving slow and had a slow response time to answer questions that EMS was asking. He told officers that he was not going to talk without a lawyer present. The subject also refused a Standardized Field Sobriety Test (SFST). The subject was then secured in a police vehicle after refusing transport by EMS. A search was then conducted of the subject's vehicle. During the vehicle search officers located 16 green bar pills scattered in the driver's floorboard, 4 green bar pills and a \$5 bill on the driver's door panel, and 11 \$20 bills in the passenger floorboard. All items found were seized for evidence. The male subject was identified and he and the vehicle were both ran through the communication center. The male subject had a revoked driver's license and the registration plate attached was fictitious. The truck was then run through the communication center by VIN and the officers found that the vehicle did not have any insurance. A tow company was then called to pick up the vehicle. The vehicle was seized

due to the chase. The suspect was then transported to the jail where he told an officer he did not know why he was being arrested because he just fell out of a parked vehicle. Once at the jail the male subject had difficulty moving and was unsteady. He refused consent for a blood draw and a warrant had to be obtained. After the warrant was obtained EMS was called to the jail for a blood draw. The blood was seized and the subject received a \$100,000 secured bond and released to the jail staff.

Officers were dispatched to shooting into an occupied vehicle call at a local business. Officers arrived and met with an employee of the business. The employee advised he seen a male subject shoot into a vehicle that was occupied by a male and female. The employee said that the vehicle that the shooter was in and the victim's vehicle were both heading toward the exit of the business when he heard gunshots and the shooter's vehicle left the parking lot headed toward Gastonia. Officers asked the employee if they had camera footage and he did. Officers reviewed the video footage and could see a male subject walk up to the victim's vehicle in front of the business and talk to the driver. The male subject then walked away. When the victim's vehicle was pulling off the male suspect then jogged back to his vehicle instead of walking. On the camera footage, you could not see the shooter pointing a gun but did see some sort of projectile hit the victim's vehicle. The suspect vehicle then left the parking lot going toward Gastonia. The victim's vehicle sat in the parking lot for a few minutes and then also pulls out of the parking lot. Three 9mm bullet casings were found in the immediate area of the suspect vehicle. Crime Scene Investigators arrived on the scene to conduct an investigation. The 9mm bullet casings were properly bagged and given to officers for storage in the Dallas Police Property and Evidence. While officers were speaking to the employee of the business one of the officers received word that the victims had driven to their residence. The victims were identified. Officers arrived at the victim's residence and they were hesitant to cooperate due to the fear of retaliation. Both victims were advised of the seriousness of the matter and police needed their cooperation to identify the suspect. The suspect was identified. The male victim advised that the suspect was trying to fight him and ran toward his vehicle. When they were attempting to leave the business the suspect shot at them. Officers were able to obtain warrants for the suspect and he was later arrested.

Communications dispatched officers to a robbery in progress call. Upon arrival, officers were confronted by several individuals saying that there were subjects upstairs that robbed them and one of the subjects had a gun. When officers went upstairs, they observed one of the victims holding a male subject on the ground. When officers announced their presence, the victim let go of the male subject on the ground (one of the suspects). The suspect was given several commands to show his hands and get on his stomach. The suspect refused all commands. Officers then rolled the suspect over and

placed him in handcuffs. After officers completed a safety sweep of the residence to ensure no other suspects were present, they began to gather information from the victims and witnesses. Officers transported the apprehended suspect to the police department. The suspect at the police department signed a waiver of rights form before being interviewed. During the interview, the suspect in custody admitted to meeting with the second robbery suspect that told him that one of the victims sold marijuana and he was thinking about robbing him. The two suspects walked to the victim's residence and the victim answered the door. The second robbery suspect then punched the victim in the face and asked for money. Both suspects entered the house and the second suspect had his hand under his shirt acting like he had a gun. The victim gave the second suspect the money (about \$250). The second suspect took the money and ran and left the first suspect at the house. One of the occupants of the house tackled the remaining suspect that was left in the home and detained him until police arrived. After interviewing the apprehended suspect, he was transported to the jail and warrants were obtained on the second suspect and he was later arrested on his charges.

Officers were responding to a call, in reference to a mental health issue and the subject was a 15 year of age female that was threatening to harm herself. The mother wanted the juvenile transported to the hospital for further examination. The juvenile was transported by EMS. Later the same day a call was received from a social worker at the hospital that the juvenile reported that she was sexually assaulted. Officer then responded to the hospital and spoke with a DSS employee that stated the juvenile victim did not give much information on what happened. The juvenile said the suspect was her stepfather. The juvenile also stated she did not want her mother in the room with her when police and DSS spoke with her. The mother did go back to the room with them due to the victim's age. During the process, while officers were speaking with her, she did advise that her stepfather came in the room and she could hear him breathing. She was lying on her stomach and could feel pain and wanted it to be over and for her mother to be home. When asked why she waited so long to report the incident she stated, she did not want to hurt her mother because she knows that her mother loves her stepdad. The juvenile told police that this was the first time this has happened but not the first time he inappropriately touched her or her sister. The juvenile stated the male would put his hand up their shirts and look at their breasts and told her that when men look at breasts, they get five years younger. The female also said that the stepdad would say his blood pressure was low and that they were supposed to help him keep it high to keep him alive. DSS did advise that a case was open four years ago because the children told a friend that the stepdad touches their breasts. Officers gathered all the provided information and turned it over to detectives. After an interview with the stepfather and a thorough investigation was done by investigations the male subject was arrested and transported to jail. After an interview with the mother, she stated she had pictures of red marks that look like hickeys on the juvenile's neck. Charges were later taken out on the mother and she was arrested.

Officers received a call, in reference to an armed robbery that occurred at a park in Dallas. The victim advised he had left the area and was standing by at some nearby apartments. When officers arrived at the apartments, they canvassed the area for the suspect but he was unable to locate the suspect. The victim advised that he was robbed at gunpoint at the park and not at the apartments. He only knew the robbery suspect's first name (he was later identified). Officers awaited K-9's arrival. The K-9 and officers were unable to locate. The victim was escorted to the police department so that the officers could interview him. The victim stated he had loaned a friend \$3000 but could not advise why he had loaned him the money. The friend made contact with him and wanted to meet so he could pay him back the money that was loaned. The victim picked the friend up at apartments in a neighboring town. The friend then asked him to drive him to an ATM because he did not feel safe at his apartment due to a prior experience. The victim did not feel comfortable driving him to the ATM so the friend asked to be dropped off at a residence in Dallas so that he did not have to go back to his apartment. Once at the residence in Dallas, the victim said they sat there a few minutes and a male subject came out of nowhere and jumped in the back seat. The friend did not seem surprised but the victim did not know they were meeting anyone. The three subjects sat in the car for about ten minutes talking. The male jumped in the backseat then asked to go to an ATM to get the money his mom was waiting on. After driving to the ATM, the subject in the backseat said they could leave because he had already missed the money he was waiting on. The male in the backseat then asked to be taken back to the residence in Dallas. While on the way to Dallas the male then asked to be dropped off at a park in Dallas. The victim was then told to drive past the park parking lot and pull down to where the street ends. This is where the male in the backseat pulled out a gun and told both subjects to put their hands up and then to empty their pockets. The victim gave the male subject his wallet. The male subject in the backseat then jumped out and ran. The friend wanted to go after him but the victim wanted to call the police. The friend then got out of the vehicle and said he did not want to be involved with anything related to the police. The victim then dropped the friend off at a residence nearby and drove to the apartments where he waited on police. The suspect was identified and warrants were obtained for armed robbery with a dangerous weapon.

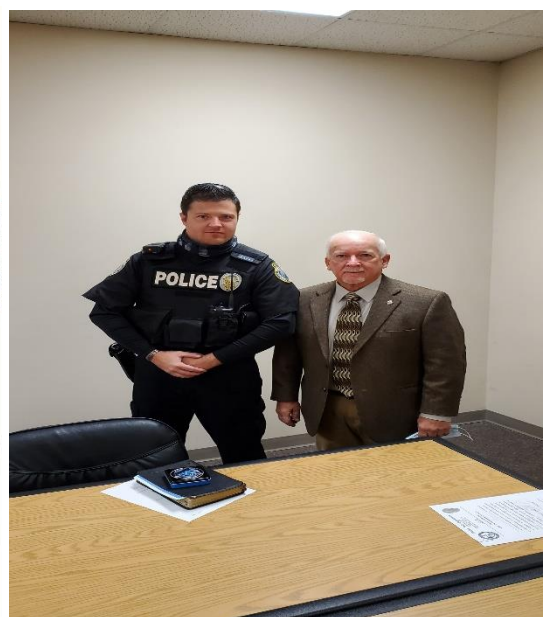
The communication center dispatched officers to a suspicious vehicle call at a local business. The reporting person stated that there was a vehicle parked behind the dumpsters of the business and wanted the police to check on the vehicle because the business was closing. When the first officer arrived, he parked out of the sight and walked up to the passenger side while flashing his light at the vehicle. The officer saw a male subject sitting on the driver's side of the vehicle wearing some sort of armored vest. The male subject rolled the passenger side window down as the officer approached the vehicle. When the officer got to the vehicle the officer could see a rifle in the passenger seat and a beer in the cupholder. The subject in the vehicle then said "This doesn't look too good,

does it". The officer then asked if he had any other weapons in the vehicle and he stated that he did and that they were in the trunk. The officer asked the male to get out of the vehicle and to come over and speak with him. The officer noticed that the male subject was upset about something and the officer wanted to get him away from the weapons. The male subject stepped out of the vehicle and to the rear of the vehicle to speak with officers without incident. The male subject told officers that he would never do anything to harm the police. Officers asked the male subject to take off his armored vest because it had loaded magazines in the pockets. The vest was placed in the back seat of the vehicle. Assisting officers then arrived on the scene. The male subject was identified by officers and his information was run through communications. The male subject was vague about the situation but did mention he was a war veteran and was having issues with his family. The male subject stated that his wife was not going to let him see his kids anymore. It was apparent that the male subject had been drinking. When asked if the male was suicidal, he stated that he was finished and had no reason to live. EMS was called out to evaluate the male subject and he was transported to the hospital for an emergency commitment. The male subject went with EMS with no incident. Due to the admittance of more weapons, the vehicle was searched and five guns were seized from the vehicle. Multiple empty beer cans were also found in the vehicle. Officers seized all guns and ammunition and they were transported to the police department and put in evidence for safekeeping. The male subject's father and a friend also called the police department and advised that the male subject was posting on Facebook and wanted officers to do a welfare check but they were advised that the police were aware of the situation and the male subject was ok. The male subject's father was called to pick up the vehicle and advised that his son was a war veteran and an alcoholic and his wife did not want him seeing the kids due to his alcohol use. The father thanked the police for the help with his son. No charges were filed due to the subject's mental status.

Informational News

On April 30, 2020, Chief Robert Allen Scott retired from the Dallas Police Department. May 01, 2020, Robert Walls was sworn in as the new Chief of the Dallas Police Department. We also swore in several new officers including James Green, and Steven Scarborough. Leah Hames was hired as the Records Clerk. The department also had several promotions including Bradley Beer and Marcus Fleming that were promoted to Sergeants and Nikki Stines that was promoted to Administrative Assistant.

Dallas names new police chief



Chief Robert Walls was awarded the Police Executive of the Year award for the year 2020. This is one of the highest Executive Awards for law enforcement. The Charlotte Mecklenburg Police Chief along with many other ranking executives came to the Dallas Police Department to present the award to Chief Robert Walls.



Community Policing and Events

Events and Community policing is important to the officers of the Dallas Police Department in hopes that it will increase trust and cohesion between the police and the community.

Officers participated in “No Shave November” and “Beards for Clause” where they were allowed to pay and collect donations for growing beards of November and December. This year the money and donations were collected and used to buy some needed items for some of the citizens in Dallas and also used to buy Christmas for a struggling family “Shop with a Cop”.



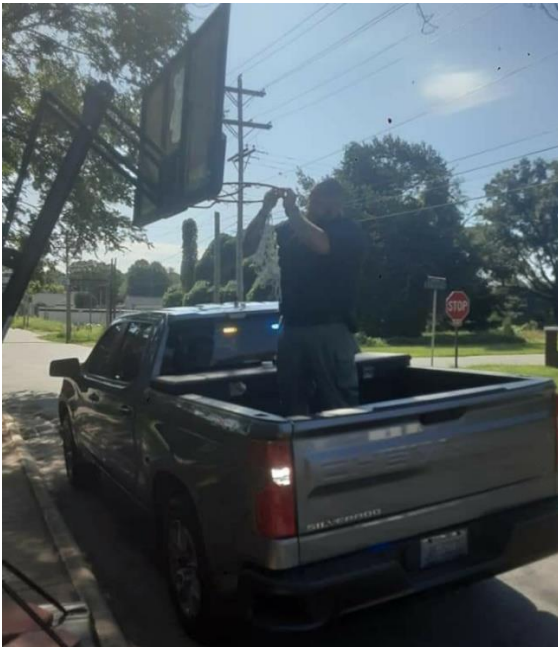
Every year the Kindergarten class usually goes to the pumpkin patch but due to the Covid-19 Pandemic, they could not go this year. So the Dallas Police Department collaborated with Carr Elementary School and got the Kindergarten class pumpkins.



Officers took pictures with some of the citizens during a peaceful protest in town.



Putting up a new net for a kid in the community and playing basketball.



Playing a little football with some community kids.



Taking pictures with the participants of the Miss Dallas Pageant.



This concludes the 2020 Annual Report