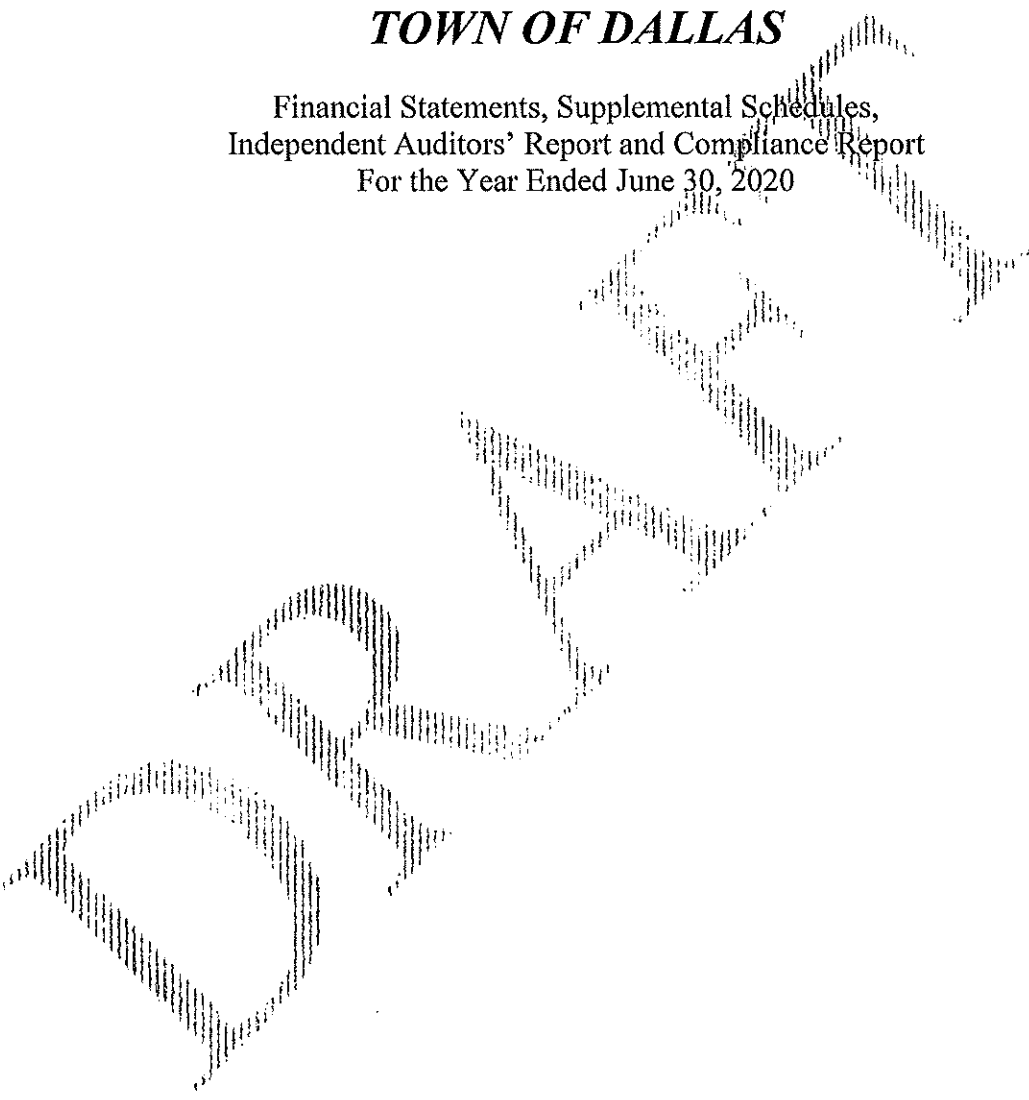


TOWN OF DALLAS

Financial Statements, Supplemental Schedules,
Independent Auditors' Report and Compliance Report
For the Year Ended June 30, 2020



Lowdermilk Church & Co., L.L.P.
Certified Public Accountants

TOWN OF DALLAS, NORTH CAROLINA

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For the Year Ended June 30, 2020**

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TOWN OF DALLAS, NORTH CAROLINA

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TOWN OF DALLAS, NORTH CAROLINA

**List of Principal Officials
June 30, 2020**

Mayor & Board of Aldermen

Mayor	Rick Coleman
Mayor Pro-tem	Jerry Cearley
Aldermen	E. Hoyle Withers
	Darlene Morrow
	Allen Huggins

Town Administration

Town Manager	Maria Stroupe
Town Attorney	Thomas Hunn
Finance Director	Jonathan Newton
Town Clerk/HR	Shannon Whittle
Police Chief	Robert Walls
Public Works Director	Bill Trudnak
Fire Chief	Steve Lambert
Recreation Director	Brandon Whitener
Electric Director	J. Doug Huffman
Development Services Director	Nolan Groce

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FINANCIAL SECTION

- **Independent Auditors' Report**
 - **Management's Discussion and Analysis**
 - **Basic Financial Statements**
 - **Notes to the Financial Statements**
 - **Required Supplementary Information**
 - **Individual Fund Statements and Schedules**
 - **Other Supplementary Financial Data**
-

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Lowdermilk Church & Co., L.L.P.
Certified Public Accountants

121 N. Sterling Street
Morganton, North Carolina 28655
Phone: (828) 433-1226
Fax: (828) 433-1230

Independent Auditors' Report

To the Honorable Mayor and
Members of the Board of Aldermen
Town of Dallas, North Carolina

Report on the Financial Statements

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Town of Dallas, North Carolina as of and for the year ended June 30, 2020, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the Town of Dallas, North Carolina's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

Auditors' Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in Government Auditing Standards, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free from material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the entity's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of the accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

Opinions

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Town of Dallas, North Carolina, as of June 30, 2020, and the respective changes in financial position, and, where applicable, cash flows thereof and the respective budgetary comparison for the General Fund for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Other Matters

Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the Management's Discussion and Analysis, the Local Government Employees' Retirement Systems Schedules of the Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability (Asset) and the Law Enforcement Officers' Special Separation Allowance Schedules of the Changes in Total Pension Liability and Total Pension Liability as a Percentage of Covered Payroll, on pages X-X and XX-XX, be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board, who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information, because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

Other Information

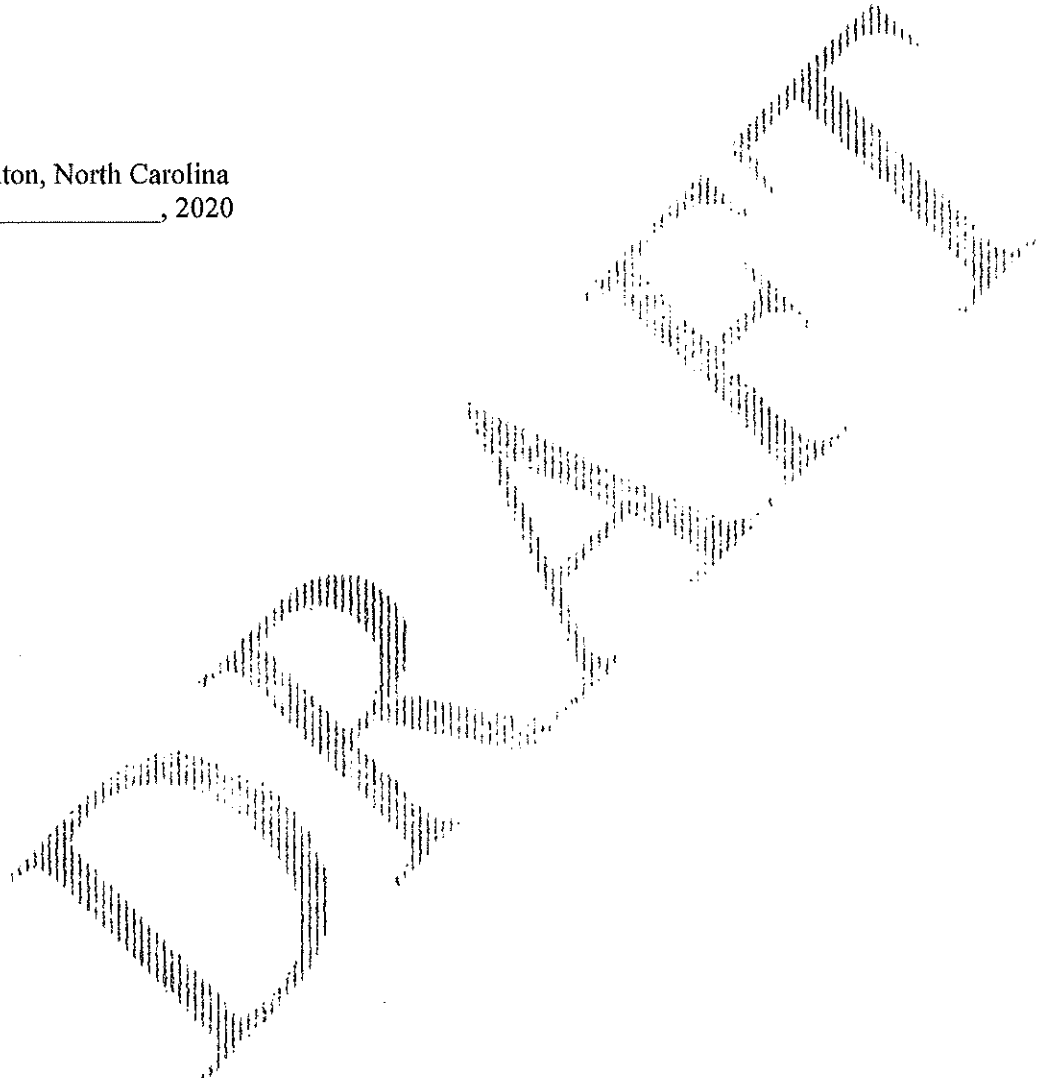
Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the Town of Dallas, North Carolina's basic financial statements. The combining and individual fund financial statements, budgetary schedules and other schedules and statistical section, are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements.

The combining and individual fund financial statements, budgetary schedules and other schedules are the responsibility of management and were derived from, and relate directly to, the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. Such information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements, and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements, or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the combining and individual fund financial statements, budgetary schedules and other schedules are fairly stated in all material respects in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with Government Auditing Standards, we have also issued our report dated _____, 2020 on our consideration of the Town of Dallas, North Carolina's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance, and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the Town of Dallas, North Carolina's internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with Government Auditing Standards in considering the Town of Dallas, North Carolina's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

Morganton, North Carolina
_____, 2020



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Management's Discussion and Analysis

As management of Town of Dallas, we offer the readers of Town of Dallas' financial statements this narrative overview and analysis of the financial activities of Town of Dallas for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2020. We encourage readers to read the information presented here in conjunction with additional information that we have furnished in the Town's financial statements, which follow this narrative.

Financial Highlights

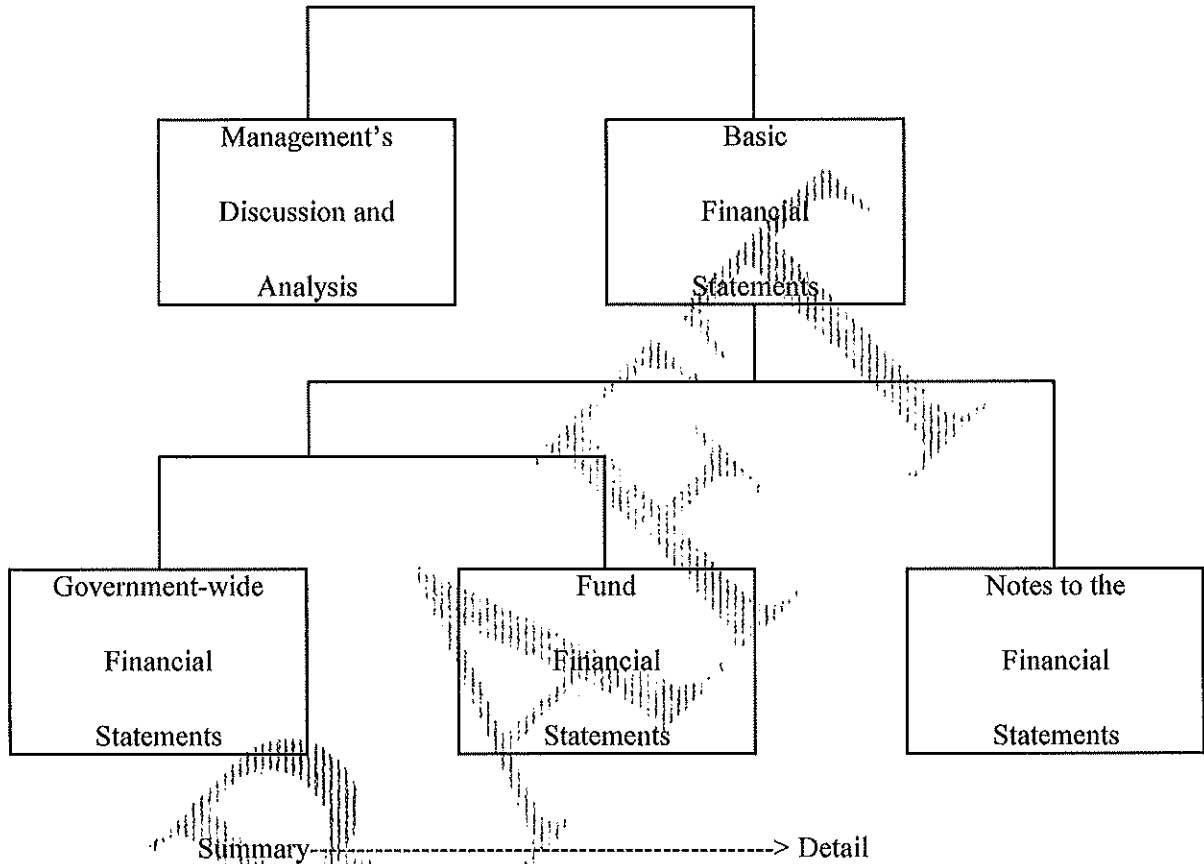
- The assets and deferred outflows of resources of Town of Dallas exceeded its liabilities and deferred inflows of resources at the close of the fiscal year by \$26,186,569 (net position).
- The Town's total net position increased by \$776,945.
- As of the close of the current fiscal year, Town of Dallas' governmental funds reported combined ending fund balances of \$4,377,117, with a net increase of \$519,845 in fund balance. Approximately 8.67% of this total amount, or \$379,485, is non-spendable or restricted.
- At the end of the current fiscal year, unassigned fund balance for the General Fund was \$2,169,321, or 61.33 percent, of total General Fund expenditures for the fiscal year.
- Town of Dallas' total debt increased by \$152,282 (2.49%) during the current fiscal year. The key factor in this increase was the issuance of capital leases.
- The Town's total capital assets (net of accumulated depreciation) increased by \$137,792 (.68%) during the current fiscal year. The key factor in this increase is the acquisition of capital assets.

Overview of the Financial Statements

This discussion and analysis is intended to serve as an introduction to Town of Dallas' basic financial statements. The Town's basic financial statements consist of three components: 1) government-wide financial statements, 2) fund financial statements, and 3) notes to the financial statements (see Figure 1). The basic financial statements present two different views of the Town through the use of government-wide statements and fund financial statements. In addition to the basic financial statements, this report contains other supplemental information that will enhance the reader's understanding of the financial condition of Town of Dallas.

Required Components of Annual Financial Report

Figure 1



Basic Financial Statements

The first two statements on pages 15 through 17 in the basic financial statements are the **Government-wide Financial Statements**. They provide both short and long-term information about the Town's financial status.

The next statements on pages 18 through 27 are **Fund Financial Statements**. These statements focus on the activities of the individual parts of the Town's government. These statements provide more detail than the government-wide statements. There are three parts to the Fund Financial Statements: 1) the governmental funds statements; 2) the budgetary comparison statements; and 3) the proprietary fund statements.

The next section of the basic financial statements is the **Notes**. The notes to the financial statements explain in detail some of the data contained in those statements. After the notes, **Supplemental Information** is provided to show details about the Town's individual funds. Budgetary information required by the North Carolina General Statutes also can be found in this part of the statements.

Government-wide Financial Statements

The government-wide financial statements are designed to provide the reader with a broad overview of the Town's finances, similar in format to a financial statement of a private-sector business. The government-wide statements provide short and long-term information about the Town's financial status as a whole.

The two government-wide statements report the Town's net position and how they have changed. Net position is the difference between the Town's total assets and deferred outflows of resources and total liabilities and deferred inflows of resources. Measuring net position is one way to gauge the Town's financial condition.

The government-wide statements are divided into two categories: 1) governmental activities; and 2) business-type activities. The governmental activities include most of the Town's basic services such as public safety, parks and recreation, and general administration. Property taxes and State and federal grant funds finance most of these activities. The business-type activities are those that the Town charges customers to provide. These include the water and sewer and electric services offered by Town of Dallas.

The government-wide financial statements are on pages 15 through 17 of this report.

Fund Financial Statements

The fund financial statements (see Figure 1) provide a more detailed look at the Town's most significant activities. A fund is a grouping of related accounts that is used to maintain control over resources that have been segregated for specific activities or objectives. Town of Dallas, like all other governmental entities in North Carolina, uses fund accounting to ensure and reflect compliance (or non-compliance) with finance-related legal requirements, such as the General Statutes or the Town's budget ordinance. All of the funds of Town of Dallas can be divided into two categories: governmental funds and proprietary funds.

Governmental Funds - Governmental funds are used to account for those functions reported as governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements. Most of the Town's basic services are accounted for in governmental funds. These funds focus on how assets can readily be converted into cash flow in and out, and what monies are left at year-end that will be available for spending in the next year. Governmental funds are reported using an accounting method called *modified accrual accounting* which provides a short-term spending focus. As a result, the governmental fund financial statements give the reader a detailed short-term view that helps him or her determine if there are more or less financial resources available to finance the Town's programs. The relationship between government activities (reported in the Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities) and governmental funds is described in a reconciliation that is a part of the fund financial statements.

Town of Dallas adopts an annual budget for its General Fund, as required by the General Statutes. The budget is a legally adopted document that incorporates input from the citizens of the Town, the management of the Town, and the decisions of the Board about which services to provide and how to pay for them. It also authorizes the Town to obtain funds from identified sources to finance these current period activities. The budgetary statement provided for the General Fund demonstrates how well the Town complied with the budget ordinance and whether or not the Town succeeded in providing the services as planned when the budget was adopted. The budgetary comparison statement uses the budgetary basis of accounting and is presented using the same format, language, and classifications as the legal budget document. The statement shows four columns: 1) the original budget as adopted by the Board; 2) the final budget as amended by the Board; 3) the actual resources, charges to appropriations, and ending balances in the General Fund; and 4) the difference or variance between the final budget and the actual resources and charges.

Proprietary Funds - Town of Dallas has one type of proprietary fund. Enterprise Funds are used to report the same functions presented as business-type activities in the government-wide financial statements. Town of Dallas uses enterprise funds to account for its water and sewer activity and for its electric operations. These funds are the same as those functions shown in the business-type activities in the Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities.

Notes to the Financial Statements - The notes provide additional information that is essential to a full understanding of the data provided in the government-wide and fund financial statements. The notes to the financial statements begin on page 28 of this report.

Other Information - In addition to the basic financial statements and accompanying notes, this report includes certain required supplementary information concerning Town of Dallas' progress in funding its obligation to provide pension benefits to its employees. Required supplementary information can be found beginning on page 61 of this report.

The individual fund statements and schedules are presented immediately following the required supplementary information on pensions. Individual fund statements and schedules can be found beginning on page 65 of this report.

Interdependence with Other Entities - The Town depends on financial resources flowing from, or associated with, both the Federal Government and the State of North Carolina. Because of this dependency, the Town is subject to changes in specific flows of intergovernmental revenues based on modifications to Federal and State laws and Federal and State appropriations. It is also subject to changes in investment earnings and asset values associated with U.S. Treasury Securities because of actions by foreign government and other holders of publicly held U.S. Treasury Securities.

Government-Wide Financial Analysis

Town of Dallas, Net Position						
	Governmental		Business-type		Total	
	Activities		Activities			
	<u>2020</u>	<u>2019</u>	<u>2020</u>	<u>2019</u>	<u>2020</u>	<u>2019</u>
Current and other assets	\$4,759,650	\$4,266,587	\$ 7,900,082	\$ 7,085,568	\$12,659,733	\$11,352,155
Capital assets	6,184,424	5,811,427	14,153,206	14,388,412	20,337,630	20,199,838
Deferred outflows of resources	340,613	406,936	383,984	434,869	724,597	841,805
Total assets and deferred outflows of resources	<u>11,284,687</u>	<u>10,484,950</u>	<u>22,437,272</u>	<u>21,908,849</u>	<u>33,721,960</u>	<u>32,393,799</u>
Long-term liabilities outstanding	2,684,320	2,480,261	3,584,801	3,636,576	6,269,122	6,116,837
Other liabilities	364,515	396,734	781,489	375,341	1,146,004	772,075
Deferred inflows of resources	103,407	85,190	16,860	10,072	120,267	95,262
Total liabilities and deferred inflows of resources	<u>3,152,243</u>	<u>2,962,186</u>	<u>4,383,150</u>	<u>4,021,990</u>	<u>7,535,393</u>	<u>6,984,174</u>
Net position:						
Net investment in capital assets	4,489,476	4,330,295	11,331,853	11,431,555	15,821,329	15,761,850
Restricted	379,173	272,678	-	-	379,173	272,678
Unrestricted	<u>3,263,797</u>	<u>2,919,791</u>	<u>6,722,270</u>	<u>6,455,305</u>	<u>9,986,067</u>	<u>9,375,096</u>
Total net position	<u>\$8,132,446</u>	<u>\$7,522,764</u>	<u>\$18,054,122</u>	<u>\$17,886,861</u>	<u>\$26,186,569</u>	<u>\$25,409,623</u>

As noted earlier, net position may serve, over time, as one useful indicator of a government's financial condition. The assets and deferred outflows of Town of Dallas exceeded liabilities and deferred inflows by \$26,186,569 as of June 30, 2020. The Town's net position increased by \$776,945 for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2020. However, a large portion of net position (60.4) reflects the Town's net investment in capital assets (e.g., land, buildings, machinery, and equipment). Town of Dallas uses these capital assets to provide services to citizens; consequently, these assets are not available for future spending. Although Town of Dallas' net investment in capital assets is reported net of the outstanding related debt, the resources needed to repay that debt must be provided by other sources, since the capital assets cannot be used to liquidate these liabilities. An additional portion of Town of Dallas' net position, \$379,173 represents resources that are subject to external restrictions on how they may be used. The remaining balance of \$9,986,067 is unrestricted.

	Town of Dallas, Changes in Net Position					
	Governmental Activities		Business-type Activities		Total	
	2020	2019	2020	2019	2020	2019
Revenues:						
Program revenues:						
Charges for services	\$ 614,597	\$ 552,754	\$11,400,203	\$12,131,251	\$12,014,800	\$12,684,005
Operating grants and contributions	191,150	130,112	-	-	191,150	130,112
Capital grants and contributions	35,779	11,842	179,684	5,000	215,463	16,842
General revenues:						
Property taxes	1,378,646	1,199,119	-	-	1,378,646	1,199,119
Other taxes	837,279	851,553	-	-	837,279	851,553
Unrestricted investment earnings	91,080	123,935	10,482	16,662	101,561	140,597
Other	35,985	120,067	98,349	62,125	134,334	182,192
Total revenues	<u>3,184,516</u>	<u>2,989,382</u>	<u>11,688,718</u>	<u>12,215,038</u>	<u>14,873,233</u>	<u>15,204,420</u>
Expenses:						
General government	577,001	560,700	-	-	577,001	560,700
Public safety	1,892,697	1,687,804	-	-	1,892,697	1,687,804
Transportation	398,203	398,689	-	-	398,203	398,689
Economic and physical development	9,761	20,301	-	-	9,761	20,301
Environmental protection	436,470	413,478	-	-	436,470	413,478
Cultural and recreational	332,006	324,801	-	-	332,006	324,801
Interest on long-term debt	167,428	61,426	100,634	109,891	168,062	171,317
Water and sewer	-	-	2,883,072	2,625,936	2,883,072	2,625,936
Electric	-	-	7,402,016	7,391,665	7,402,016	7,391,665
Total expenses	<u>3,710,567</u>	<u>3,467,199</u>	<u>10,385,722</u>	<u>10,127,492</u>	<u>14,096,288</u>	<u>13,594,691</u>
Increase (decrease) in net position before transfers	(526,051)	(477,817)	1,302,996	2,087,546	776,945	1,609,728
Transfers	<u>1,135,733</u>	<u>915,733</u>	<u>(1,135,733)</u>	<u>(915,733)</u>	-	-
Increase (decrease) in net position	<u>\$ 609,682</u>	<u>\$ 437,916</u>	<u>\$ 167,263</u>	<u>\$ 1,171,812</u>	<u>\$ 776,945</u>	<u>\$ 1,609,728</u>
Net position, beginning	\$7,522,764	\$7,084,848	\$17,886,859	\$16,715,048	\$25,409,623	\$23,799,896
Increase (decrease) in net position	<u>609,682</u>	<u>437,916</u>	<u>167,263</u>	<u>1,171,812</u>	<u>776,945</u>	<u>1,609,728</u>
Net position, ending	<u>\$8,132,446</u>	<u>\$7,522,764</u>	<u>\$18,054,122</u>	<u>\$17,886,859</u>	<u>\$26,186,569</u>	<u>\$25,409,624</u>

Governmental Activities. Governmental activities increased the Town's net position by \$609,682. Key elements of this increase are as follows:

- Increase in charges for services and other taxes.
- Increase in property tax revenue.
- Expenses increased slightly.
- Transfers increased by \$220,000.

Business-type Activities. Business-type activities increased Town of Dallas' net position by \$167,263. Key elements of this increase are as follows:

- Capital grants increase of \$174,000.
- Charges for services decreased.
- Expenses increased slightly.
- Transfers increased by \$220,000.

Financial Analysis of the Town's Funds

As noted earlier, Town of Dallas uses fund accounting to ensure, and demonstrate compliance with, finance-related legal requirements.

Governmental Funds. The focus of Town of Dallas' governmental funds is to provide information on near-term inflows, outflows, and balances of usable resources. Such information is useful in assessing Town of Dallas' financing requirements.

The General Fund is the chief operating fund of Town of Dallas. At the end of the current fiscal year, Town of Dallas' fund balance available in the General Fund was \$2,850,784, while total fund balance reached \$3,171,060. The Governing Body of Town of Dallas has determined that the Town should maintain an available fund balance of no less than 30%, with a target of 50% of General Fund expenditures in case of unforeseen needs or opportunities, in addition to meeting the cash flow needs of the Town. The Town currently has an available fund balance of 80.60 percent of General Fund expenditures, while total fund balance represents 89.65 percent of that same amount.

At June 30, 2020, the governmental funds of Town of Dallas reported a combined fund balance of \$4,377,117, with a net increase in fund balance of \$519,845. Included in this change in fund balance are the following increases (decreases):

General Fund:	
General Fund	\$319,322
Other funds:	
CDBG Grant Fund	4,958
Non-Major Funds	<u>195,564</u>
	<u>\$519,845</u>

Budgetary Highlights

The Town adopted a series of budget amendments during the course of the fiscal year, as approved by the Board of Aldermen; applying to both the General Fund, as well as the Proprietary, or "Enterprise" Funds.

General Fund

There were three amendments in the General Fund in fiscal year 2019-20. In the Streets/Solid Waste Department, there was an amendment for a revised quote on the Solid Waste Truck that was financed. In the Police Department, there was an amendment for a new, part-time code enforcement officer. In the Recreation Department, there was an amendment for a donation to the Dallas Boys and Girls Club. There were two amendments in the Economic Development Fund: an amendment for Town of Dallas signage at both 321 off ramps and another for the purchase of property at 208 N. Holland Street.

Proprietary Funds

In the Water Fund, there was a budget amendment for engineering services on Dallas Cherryville Highway.

In the Electric Fund, there were three budget amendments: (1) for Duke Energy charges for Lee Nuclear Plant, (2) Completion of the park road substation and (3) appropriation of Duke Energy True Up Revenue.

T.O.P. T.I.E.R. Fund

There was one amendment to account for the North Carolina Downtown Revitalization Grant.

Capital Assets and Debt Administration

Capital Assets. Town of Dallas' investment in capital assets for its governmental and business type activities as of June 30, 2020, totals \$20,337,630 (net of accumulated depreciation). These assets include buildings, roads and bridges, land, machinery and equipment, park facilities, and vehicles.

Major capital asset transactions during the year include the following:

- Purchase of land and buildings of \$167,472 and some renovations of \$41,949.
- Various general equipment and vehicles of \$501,283.
- Waterline relocation of \$189,152 and basin rebuild of \$23,150.
- Substation update of \$464,936, generator of \$100,000 and electric equipment and vehicles of \$138,060.
- Various idle equipment was disposed of.

Town of Dallas Capital Assets

Figure 4

	Governmental Activities		Business-type Activities		Total	
	<u>2020</u>	<u>2019</u>	<u>2020</u>	<u>2019</u>	<u>2020</u>	<u>2019</u>
	Land	\$ 381,181	\$ 279,988	\$ 189,069	\$ 189,069	\$ 570,251
Right of way	-	-	41,647	41,647	41,647	41,647
Buildings and improvements	3,202,195	3,204,513	609,721	640,242	3,811,916	3,844,756
Distribution systems	107,921	111,902	11,218,090	10,898,700	11,326,011	11,010,602
Infrastructure	701,273	730,320	-	-	701,273	730,320
Other improvements	725,021	766,567	-	-	725,021	766,567
Sewer plant	-	-	369,878	385,290	369,878	385,290
Water plant	-	-	413,204	461,230	413,204	461,230
Vehicles and equipment	991,041	681,248	1,311,596	1,382,931	2,302,637	2,064,179
Construction in progress	75,791	36,889	-	389,301	75,791	426,190
Total	<u>\$6,184,424</u>	<u>\$ 5,811,427</u>	<u>\$14,153,206</u>	<u>\$14,388,412</u>	<u>\$20,337,630</u>	<u>\$20,199,838</u>

Additional information on the Town's capital assets can be found in Note III.A.5 of the Basic Financial Statements.

Long-Term Debt. As of June 30, 2020, the Town of Dallas had \$4,284,316 of direct placement installment purchase. The installment debt is backed by security interest in the property for which it was issued.

Town of Dallas Outstanding Debt

Figure 5

	Governmental Activities		Business-type Activities		Total	
	<u>2020</u>	<u>2019</u>	<u>2020</u>	<u>2019</u>	<u>2020</u>	<u>2019</u>
	Direct placement installment purchases	\$1,491,985	\$1,440,689	\$2,792,331	\$2,956,856	\$4,284,316
Capitalized leases	202,963	40,444	29,022	-	231,985	40,444
Compensated absences	88,057	109,641	106,039	109,953	189,096	219,594
Pension related debt (LGERS)	538,463	499,448	657,408	569,767	1,195,871	1,069,215
Pension related debt (LEO)	367,852	390,041	-	-	367,852	390,041
Settlement payable	-	-	-	-	-	-
Total	<u>\$2,684,321</u>	<u>\$2,480,263</u>	<u>\$3,584,800</u>	<u>\$3,636,576</u>	<u>\$6,269,120</u>	<u>\$6,116,839</u>

Town of Dallas' Outstanding Debt

The Town of Dallas' total debt increased by \$152,281 (2.49%) during the past fiscal year, primarily due to an increase in capitalized leases.

Economic Factors and Next Year's Budgets and Rates

The following economic highlights are reflective of the fiscal year for Town of Dallas:

The Town's general fiscal condition, much like the State and National economies, has remained stable and is modestly improving, with the exception of COVID-19 from March through June of this fiscal year.

Utility tax revenues continue to see modest increases, mainly due to some increases in single family housing.

Although unemployment has trended downward, this area remains slightly higher than the State and national averages.

The Dallas economy is diversified and not tied to any one primary employer or type of economic activity, thus allowing for reasonable insulation from sudden or dramatic impacts to revenues.

Budget Highlights for the Fiscal Year Ending June 30, 2021

In order to maintain the integrity of the Town's core services, functions, and activities, Storm Water, Electric, Water/Sewer and Property Tax rates remained unchanged. This will be year (2) that the Town has passed along the coal ash recovery charge to its citizens. Due to COVID-19, the Town of Dallas was very stable in our projections for FY 2020-21 and put a lot of capital projects on hold, depending on if revenues begin to pick back up.

The fiscal year 2021 budget funds the following ongoing and/or new initiatives or infrastructure upgrades:

General Fund:

- Painting the interior of the Civic Building.
- Comprehensive Land Use Plan.
- Painting some portions of the courthouse and the entire gazebo.
- Purchasing two servers for Town Hall and the Police Department.
- Purchasing new laptops for the Police Department and Fire Department.
- Leasing one vehicle for the Recreation Department.

Water and Sewer Fund:

- Purchasing phase one of new radio read water meters and software.
- Break room remodel at the Public Utilities warehouse.
- Pump Control Valve and Rebuild Filters at the Water Plant.

Electric Fund:

- Rebuilding a transformer for the Substation.
- Purchasing of a new generator.

Storm Water Fund:

- Comprehensive Plan.

Requests for Information

This report is designed to provide an overview of the Town's finances for those with an interest in this area. Questions concerning any of the Town's information found in this report, or requests for additional information, should be directed to the Director of Finance, Town of Dallas, 210 N. Holland Street, Dallas, N. C. 28034-1625. You can also call 704-922-3176, visit our website at www.dallasnc.net or send an email to jnewton@dallasnc.net for more information.

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BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

The Basic Financial Statements provide a condensed overview of the financial position and results of operations of the Town as a whole. They also serve as an introduction to the more detailed statements and schedules that follow.

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TOWN OF DALLAS

**Statement of Net Position
June 30, 2020**

	Primary Government		
	Governmental Activities	Business-type Activities	Total
Assets			
Current assets:			
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 4,008,889	\$ 5,747,796	\$ 9,756,686
Taxes receivable, net	32,949	-	32,949
Accounts receivable, net	89,760	1,585,678	1,675,438
Due from other government agencies	320,371	-	320,371
Accrued interest receivable	18,160	-	18,160
Mortgage receivable	230,000	-	230,000
Inventories	312	288,771	289,083
Restricted cash	59,209	277,837	337,046
Total current assets	<u>4,759,650</u>	<u>7,900,082</u>	<u>12,659,733</u>
Noncurrent assets:			
Capital assets:			
Land and nondepreciable assets	456,973	230,717	687,690
Other capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation	6,727,452	13,922,489	19,649,941
Total capital assets	<u>6,184,424</u>	<u>14,153,206</u>	<u>20,337,630</u>
Total assets	<u>10,944,075</u>	<u>22,053,288</u>	<u>32,997,363</u>
Deferred Outflows of Resources			
Pension deferrals	<u>340,613</u>	<u>383,984</u>	<u>724,597</u>
Liabilities			
Accounts payable and accrued liabilities	59,429	497,207	556,637
Accrued interest payable	14,929	6,451	21,381
Customer deposits - restricted	-	277,831	277,831
Unearned revenues	290,156	-	290,156
Current portion of long-term liabilities	<u>175,107</u>	<u>232,338</u>	<u>407,445</u>
Total current liabilities	539,622	1,013,827	1,553,449
Long-term liabilities:			
Net pension liability	538,463	657,408	1,195,871
Total pension liability	367,852	-	367,852
Due in more than one year	<u>1,602,898</u>	<u>2,695,055</u>	<u>4,297,952</u>
Total liabilities	<u>3,048,835</u>	<u>4,366,290</u>	<u>7,415,125</u>
Deferred Inflows of Resources			
Pension deferrals	<u>103,407</u>	<u>16,860</u>	<u>120,267</u>
Total deferred inflows of resources	<u>103,407</u>	<u>16,860</u>	<u>120,267</u>
Net Position			
Net investment in capital assets	4,489,476	11,331,853	15,821,329
Restricted for:			
Stabilization by State Statute	319,964	-	319,964
Streets - Powell Bill	47,332	-	47,332
Public safety	11,877	-	11,877
Unrestricted	<u>3,263,797</u>	<u>6,722,270</u>	<u>9,986,067</u>
Total net position	<u>\$ 8,132,446</u>	<u>\$ 18,054,122</u>	<u>\$ 26,186,569</u>

The notes to the financial statements are an integral part of this statement.

TOWN OF DALLAS

**Statement of Activities
For the Year Ended June 30, 2020**

	Program Revenues				Primary Government			Total
	Expenses	Charges for Services	Operating Grants and Contributions	Capital Grants and Contributions	Governmental Activities	Business-type Activities	Net (Expense) Revenue and Changes in Net Position	
Functions/Programs								
Primary Government:								
Governmental activities:								
General government	\$ 577,001	\$ 1,540	-	\$ 35,779	\$ (539,682)	\$ -	\$ (539,682)	
Public safety	1,892,697	1,280	61,577	-	(1,829,841)	-	(1,829,841)	
Transportation	395,203	-	129,573	-	(265,630)	-	(265,630)	
Economic and physical development	9,761	17,074	-	-	7,312	-	7,312	
Environmental protection	436,470	552,736	-	-	116,266	-	116,266	
Cultural and recreational	332,006	41,968	-	-	(290,038)	-	(290,038)	
Interest on long-term debt	67,428	-	-	-	(67,428)	-	(67,428)	
Total governmental activities	3,710,567	614,597	191,150	35,779	(2,869,041)	-	(2,869,041)	
Business-type activities:								
Water and sewer	2,983,706	2,995,570	-	179,684	-	191,548	191,548	
Electric	7,402,016	8,404,633	-	-	-	1,002,617	1,002,617	
Total business-type activities	10,385,722	11,400,203	-	179,684	-	1,194,165	1,194,165	
Total primary government	\$ 14,096,289	\$ 12,014,800	\$ 191,150	\$ 215,463	(2,869,041)	1,194,165	(1,674,876)	

cont.

TOWN OF DALLAS

**Statement of Activities
For the Year Ended June 30, 2020**

	Net (Expense) Revenue and Changes in Net Position		
	Primary Government		
	Governmental Activities	Business-type Activities	Total
General revenues:			
Ad valorem taxes	\$ 1,378,646	\$ -	\$ 1,378,646
Local option sales tax	476,981	-	476,981
Other taxes and licenses	360,298	-	360,298
Unrestricted investment earnings	91,080	10,482	101,562
Miscellaneous	12,992	82,800	95,792
Gain on sale of capital assets	22,993	15,549	38,542
Transfers	1,135,733	(1,135,733)	-
Total general revenues and transfers	3,478,723	(1,026,902)	2,451,822
Changes in net position	\$ 609,682	\$ 167,263	\$ 776,945
Net position - beginning	\$ 7,522,764	\$ 17,886,859	\$ 25,409,623
Changes in net position	609,682	167,263	776,945
Net position - ending	\$ 8,132,446	\$ 18,054,122	\$ 26,186,569

The notes to the financial statements are an integral part of this statement.

TOWN OF DALLAS

**Balance Sheet
Governmental Funds
June 30, 2020**

	Major Funds		Total	Total
	General Fund	CDBG Grant Fund	Non-Major Funds	Governmental Funds
Assets				
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 2,849,436	\$ 20,732	\$ 1,138,721	\$ 4,008,889
Taxes receivable, net	32,949	-	-	32,949
Accounts receivable, net	59,748	-	30,012	89,760
Due from government agencies	320,371	-	-	320,371
Accrued interest receivable	-	18,160	-	18,160
Inventories	312	-	-	312
Mortgage receivable	-	230,000	-	230,000
Restricted cash	59,209	-	-	59,209
Total assets	\$ 3,322,025	\$ 268,892	\$ 1,168,733	\$ 4,759,650
Liabilities				
Accounts payable and accrued liabilities	\$ 57,861	-	\$ 1,569	\$ 59,429
Total liabilities	57,861	-	1,569	59,429
Deferred Inflows of Resources				
Property taxes receivable	32,949	-	-	32,949
Unearned mortgage revenue	-	230,000	-	230,000
Other fees receivable	60,156	-	-	60,156
Total deferred inflows of resources	93,105	230,000	-	323,105
Fund Balances				
Nonspendable:				
Inventories	312	-	-	312
Restricted:				
Stabilization by State Statute	319,964	-	-	319,964
Streets - Powell Bill	47,332	-	-	47,332
Public safety	11,877	-	-	11,877
Committed: Public safety	191,412	-	-	191,412
Assigned:				
Storm Water	-	-	288,963	288,963
Capital Project	-	38,892	228,651	267,543
Top Tier Program	-	-	649,550	649,550
Subsequent year's expenditures	430,842	-	-	430,842
Unassigned	2,169,321	-	-	2,169,321
Total fund balances	3,171,060	38,892	1,167,164	4,377,117
Total liabilities, deferred inflows of resources and fund balances	\$ 3,322,025	\$ 268,892	\$ 1,168,733	\$ 4,759,650

The notes to the financial statements are an integral part of this statement.

TOWN OF DALLAS

**Reconciliation of the Governmental Funds Balance Sheet
To the Statement of Net Position
June 30, 2020**

Total Fund Balances, Governmental Funds	\$ 4,377,117
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the Statement of Net Position are different because:	
Capital assets used in governmental activities are not financial resources and, therefore, are not reported in the funds	
Gross capital assets at historical cost	\$ 9,914,980
Accumulated depreciation	<u>(3,730,506)</u> 6,184,424
Deferred outflows of resources related to pensions are not reported in the funds	340,613
Liabilities for earned revenues considered deferred inflows of resources in the fund statements	
Property taxes receivable	32,949
Long-term liabilities used in governmental activities are not financial uses and therefore are not reported in the fund	
Accrued interest on long-term debt	(14,929)
Long-term debt	(1,694,948)
Compensated absences	(83,057)
Net pension liability	(538,463)
Total pension liability	(367,852)
Deferred inflows of resources related to pensions are not reported in the funds	<u>(103,407)</u>
Net position of governmental activities	<u>\$ 8,132,446</u>

The notes to the financial statements are an integral part of this statement.

TOWN OF DALLAS

**Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances
Governmental Funds
For the Year Ended June 30, 2020**

	<u>Major Funds</u>		<u>Total Non-Major Funds</u>	<u>Total Governmental Funds</u>
	<u>General Fund</u>	<u>CDBG Grant Fund</u>		
Revenues:				
Ad valorem taxes	\$ 1,370,925	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 1,370,925
Other taxes and licenses	63,541	-	-	63,541
Unrestricted intergovernmental revenues	754,370	-	-	754,370
Restricted intergovernmental revenues	191,150	-	-	191,150
Permits and fees	13,924	-	-	13,924
Sales and services	395,298	-	-	395,298
Investment earnings	84,195	4,958	1,927	91,080
Miscellaneous	87,268	-	-	87,268
Storm water fees	-	-	209,242	209,242
Total revenues	<u>2,960,671</u>	<u>4,958</u>	<u>211,169</u>	<u>3,176,797</u>
Expenditures:				
General government	535,534	-	-	535,534
Public safety	1,965,875	-	-	1,965,875
Transportation	405,537	-	-	405,537
Economic and physical development	-	-	201,950	201,950
Environmental protection	478,080	-	53,654	531,734
Cultural and recreational	300,726	-	-	300,726
Debt service:				
Principal retirement	126,883	-	-	126,883
Interest and other charges	65,145	-	-	65,145
Total expenditures	<u>3,877,780</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>255,604</u>	<u>4,133,384</u>
Revenues over (under) expenditures	<u>(917,109)</u>	<u>4,958</u>	<u>(44,436)</u>	<u>(956,587)</u>
Other Financing Sources (Uses)				
Proceeds from capital financing	340,699	-	-	340,699
Transfers - in	895,733	-	240,000	1,135,733
Total other financing sources (uses)	<u>1,236,432</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>240,000</u>	<u>1,476,432</u>
Net changes in fund balances	<u>\$ 319,322</u>	<u>\$ 4,958</u>	<u>\$ 195,564</u>	<u>\$ 519,845</u>
Fund balances, beginning	\$ 2,851,738	\$ 33,934	\$ 971,600	\$ 3,857,272
Net changes in fund balances	319,322	4,958	195,564	519,845
Fund balances, ending	<u>\$ 3,171,060</u>	<u>\$ 38,892</u>	<u>\$ 1,167,164</u>	<u>\$ 4,377,117</u>

The notes to the financial statements are an integral part of this statement.

TOWN OF DALLAS

**Reconciliation of the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and
Changes in Fund Balances of Governmental Funds to the
Statement of Activities
For the Year Ended June 30, 2020**

Amounts reported for governmental activities in the Statement of Activities are different because:

Net change in fund balances - total governmental funds \$ 519,845

Governmental funds report capital outlays as expenditures. However, in the the Statement of Activities, the cost of those assets is allocated over their estimated useful lives and reported as depreciation expense. This is the amount by which capital outlays exceeded depreciation in the current period.

Capital outlay	758,532
Depreciation expense	(385,534)
Gain (loss) on sale of assets	22,993
Proceeds from sale of assets	(22,993)

Contributions to the pension plan in the current fiscal year are not included on the Statement of Activities 121,417

Benefits payments paid and administrative expense for LEOSSA are not included on the Statement of Activities 23,735

Revenues in the statement of activities that do not provide current financial resources are not reported as revenues in the funds.
Change in deferred revenue for tax purposes 7,721

The issuance of long-term debt provides current financial resources to governmental funds, while the repayment of the principal of long-term debt consumes the current financial resources of the governmental funds. Neither transaction has any effect on net position. This amount is the net effect of these differences in the treatment of long-term and related items.

New long-term debt issued	(340,699)
Principal payments on long-term debt	126,883
Change in accrued interest payable	(2,283)

Some expenses reported in the statement of activities do not require the use of current financial resources and, therefore, are not reported as expenditures in governmental funds.

Compensated absences	26,584
Pension expense	(232,101)
Pension expense (LEO)	(14,417)

Change in net position of governmental activities \$ 609,682

The notes to the financial statements are an integral part of this statement.

TOWN OF DALLAS

**General Fund and Annually Budgeted Major Special Revenue Fund
Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance - Budget and Actual
For the Year Ended June 30, 2020**

	General Fund			Variance With Final Budget Positive (Negative)
	Original Budget	Final Budget	Actual	
Revenues:				
Ad valorem taxes	\$ 1,251,145	\$ 1,251,145	\$ 1,370,925	\$ 119,780
Other taxes and licenses	58,100	58,100	63,541	5,441
Unrestricted intergovernmental revenues	769,086	769,086	754,370	(14,716)
Restricted intergovernmental revenues	321,397	323,897	191,150	(132,747)
Permits and fees	11,000	11,000	13,924	2,924
Sales and services	419,196	421,204	395,298	(25,906)
Investment earnings	110,453	107,188	84,195	(22,993)
Miscellaneous	68,942	64,434	87,268	22,834
Total revenues	<u>3,009,319</u>	<u>3,006,054</u>	<u>2,960,671</u>	<u>(45,383)</u>
Expenditures:				
General government	623,929	623,929	535,534	88,395
Public safety	2,155,859	1,973,590	1,965,875	7,715
Transportation	555,795	582,967	405,537	177,430
Environmental protection	636,167	545,592	478,080	67,512
Cultural and recreational	369,933	374,933	300,726	74,207
Debt service:				
Principal retirement	111,387	115,027	126,883	(11,856)
Interest and other charges	60,481	59,640	65,145	(5,505)
Total expenditures	<u>4,413,551</u>	<u>4,275,678</u>	<u>3,877,780</u>	<u>397,898</u>
Revenues over (under) expenditures	<u>(1,404,232)</u>	<u>(1,269,624)</u>	<u>(917,109)</u>	<u>352,515</u>
Other Financing Sources (Uses):				
Proceeds from capital financing	110,000	146,597	340,699	194,102
Appropriated fund balance	387,499	238,294	-	(238,294)
Transfers in	906,733	895,733	895,733	-
Transfer out	-	(11,000)	-	11,000
Total other financing sources (uses)	<u>1,404,232</u>	<u>1,269,624</u>	<u>1,236,432</u>	<u>(33,192)</u>
Net change in fund balance	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ 319,322</u>	<u>\$ 319,322</u>
Fund balance, beginning			\$ 2,851,738	
Net change in fund balance			<u>319,322</u>	
Fund balance, ending			<u>\$ 3,171,060</u>	

cont.

TOWN OF DALLAS

Page 2 of 2, cont.

**General Fund and Annually Budgeted Major Special Revenue Fund
Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance - Budget and Actual
For the Year Ended June 30, 2020**

	CDBG Grant			Variance With Final Budget Positive (Negative)
	Original Budget	Final Budget	Actual	
Revenues:				
Investment earnings	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 4,958	\$ 4,958
CDBG revenues	13,292	13,292	-	(13,292)
	<u>13,292</u>	<u>13,292</u>	<u>4,958</u>	<u>(8,334)</u>
Expenditures:	<u>13,292</u>	<u>13,292</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>13,292</u>
Revenues over (under) expenditures	-	-	4,958	4,958
Other Financing Sources (Uses):				
Transfers out	-	-	-	-
Net change in fund balance	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ -</u>	4,958	<u>\$ 4,958</u>
Fund balance, beginning			<u>33,934</u>	
Fund balance, ending			<u>\$ 38,892</u>	

The notes to the financial statements are an integral part of this statement.

TOWN OF DALLAS

**Statement of Fund Net Position
Proprietary Funds
June 30, 2020**

	Business-type Activities		
	Water and Sewer Fund	Electric Fund	Enterprise Funds Total
Assets			
Current assets:			
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 1,625,034	\$ 4,122,762	\$ 5,747,796
Accounts receivable (net)	526,210	1,059,468	1,585,678
Inventories	88,672	200,099	288,771
Restricted cash and cash equivalents	73,927	203,910	277,837
Total current assets	<u>2,313,842</u>	<u>5,586,240</u>	<u>7,900,082</u>
Noncurrent assets:			
Land and other non-depreciable assets	158,909	71,808	230,717
Capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation	8,507,028	5,415,461	13,922,489
Total noncurrent assets	<u>8,665,937</u>	<u>5,487,269</u>	<u>14,153,206</u>
Total assets	<u>10,979,779</u>	<u>11,073,509</u>	<u>22,053,288</u>
Deferred Outflows of Resources			
Pension deferrals	<u>190,491</u>	<u>193,493</u>	<u>383,984</u>
Liabilities			
Current liabilities:			
Accounts payable and accrued liabilities	75,075	422,133	497,207
Customer deposits - restricted	73,927	203,904	277,831
Long term debt payable- current	167,633	64,705	232,338
Accrued interest payable	4,957	1,494	6,451
Total current liabilities	<u>321,592</u>	<u>692,236</u>	<u>1,013,827</u>
Noncurrent liabilities:			
Long term debt payable	2,477,514	111,502	2,589,016
Accrued compensated absences	58,366	47,673	106,039
Net pension liability	326,134	331,274	657,408
Total noncurrent liabilities	<u>2,862,014</u>	<u>490,449</u>	<u>3,352,463</u>
Total liabilities	<u>3,183,606</u>	<u>1,182,684</u>	<u>4,366,290</u>
Deferred Inflows of Resources			
Pension deferrals	<u>8,364</u>	<u>8,496</u>	<u>16,860</u>
Net Position			
Net investment in capital assets	6,020,790	5,311,063	11,331,853
Unrestricted	<u>1,957,511</u>	<u>4,764,759</u>	<u>6,722,270</u>
Total net position	<u>\$ 7,978,301</u>	<u>\$ 10,075,822</u>	<u>\$ 18,054,122</u>

The notes to the financial statements are an integral part of this statement.

TOWN OF DALLAS

**Statement of Revenues, Expenses and Changes in Fund Net Position
Proprietary Funds
For the Year Ended June 30, 2020**

	Business-type Activities Enterprise Funds		
	Water and Sewer	Electric	Total
	<u>Fund</u>	<u>Fund</u>	
Operating Revenues:			
Electricity sales	\$ -	\$ 8,146,827	\$ 8,146,827
Water sales	1,849,059	-	1,849,059
Sewer charges	990,805	-	990,805
Water and sewer taps	39,575	-	39,575
Other operating revenues	116,132	128,058	244,190
Total operating revenues	<u>2,995,570</u>	<u>8,274,886</u>	<u>11,270,456</u>
Operating Expenses:			
Electrical operations		1,884,132	1,884,132
Electrical power purchases		4,968,542	4,968,542
Water and sewer operations	1,573,080	-	1,573,080
Watertreatment and distribution	521,812	-	521,812
Waste collection and treatment	387,514	-	387,514
Depreciation	400,666	395,502	796,168
Total operating expenses	<u>12,883,072</u>	<u>7,248,176</u>	<u>10,131,249</u>
Operating income (loss)	<u>1,112,498</u>	<u>1,026,709</u>	<u>1,139,208</u>
Nonoperating Revenues (Expenses):			
Investment earnings	-	10,482	10,482
Rental income	82,800	-	82,800
Grant revenue	179,684	-	179,684
Gain (loss) on disposal of capital assets	(1,014)	16,563	15,549
Coal ash recovery revenue	-	129,747	129,747
Coal ash recovery charge	-	(150,000)	(150,000)
Interest on long-term debt	(100,634)	(3,840)	(104,473)
Total nonoperating revenues (expenses)	<u>160,836</u>	<u>2,952</u>	<u>163,788</u>
Income (loss) before transfers and capital contributions	273,335	1,029,661	1,302,996
Transfers (to) from other funds:			
General Fund-payment in lieu of taxes	-	(895,733)	(895,733)
Capital Reserve Fund	-	(79,857)	(79,857)
T.O.P. T.I.E.R. Program	-	(160,143)	(160,143)
Changes in net position	273,335	(106,072)	167,263
Total net position -beginning	<u>7,704,966</u>	<u>10,181,893</u>	<u>17,886,859</u>
Total net position - ending	<u>\$ 7,978,301</u>	<u>\$ 10,075,822</u>	<u>\$ 18,054,122</u>

The notes to the financial statements are an integral part of this statement.

TOWN OF DALLAS

**Statement of Cash Flows
Proprietary Funds
For the Year Ended June 30, 2020**

	Business-type Activities		
	Enterprise Funds		
	Water and Sewer Fund	Electric Fund	Total
Cash Flows From Operating Activities:			
Cash received from customers	\$2,864,273	\$8,340,483	\$ 11,204,756
Customer deposits received	2,629	15,423	18,052
Cash paid for goods and services	(1,296,817)	(5,300,129)	(6,596,946)
Cash paid to or on behalf of employees for services	(1,080,766)	(1,077,525)	(2,158,291)
Net cash provided (used) by operating activities	<u>489,319</u>	<u>1,978,252</u>	<u>2,467,571</u>
Cash Flows From Non-Capital Financing Activities:			
Transfers - in (out)	-	(1,135,733)	(1,135,733)
Net cash provided (used) by non-capital financing activities	<u>-</u>	<u>(1,135,733)</u>	<u>(1,135,733)</u>
Cash Flows From Capital and Related Financing Activities:			
Acquisition and construction of capital assets	(228,362)	(332,300)	(560,662)
Proceeds from sale of capital assets	13,555	37,386	50,941
Grant revenues	179,684	-	179,684
Payment of coal ash -net of receipts	-	(20,253)	(20,253)
Proceeds from borrowing	-	132,265	132,265
Principal paid on long-term debt	(191,570)	(111,890)	(303,460)
Interest paid on long-term debt	(101,186)	(6,198)	(107,384)
Net cash provided (used) by capital and related financing activities	<u>(327,879)</u>	<u>(300,990)</u>	<u>(628,869)</u>
Cash Flows From Investing Activities:			
Lease income	82,800	-	82,800
Investment earnings	-	10,482	10,482
Net cash provided (used) by investing activities	<u>82,800</u>	<u>10,482</u>	<u>93,282</u>
Net increase (decrease) in cash and cash equivalents	244,240	552,011	796,251
Cash and cash equivalents at beginning of year	<u>1,454,721</u>	<u>3,774,661</u>	<u>5,229,382</u>
Cash and cash equivalents at end of year	<u>\$1,698,961</u>	<u>\$4,326,672</u>	<u>\$ 6,025,633</u>

TOWN OF DALLAS

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**Statement of Cash Flows
Proprietary Funds
For the Year Ended June 30, 2020**

	Business-type Activities Enterprise Funds		
	Water and Sewer Fund	Electric Fund	Total
	<u></u>	<u></u>	<u></u>
Reconciliation of Operating Income (Loss) to Net Cash Provided (Used) by Operating Activities:			
Operating income (loss)	\$ 112,498	\$ 1,026,709	\$ 1,139,207
Adjustments to reconcile operating income (loss) to net cash provided (used) by operating activities:			
Depreciation	400,666	395,502	796,168
Change in assets, deferred outflows of resources and liabilities:			
(Increase) decrease in accounts receivable	(131,297)	65,598	(65,699)
(Increase) decrease in inventory	14,015	33,422	47,437
(Increase) decrease in deferred outflows of resources - pensions	25,250	25,635	50,885
(Increase) decrease in net pension liability	43,470	44,171	87,641
Increase (decrease) in deferred inflows of resources - pensions	3,367	3,421	6,788
Increase (decrease) in accounts payable and accrued liabilities	19,258	371,748	391,006
Increase (decrease) in accrued vacation pay	(537)	(3,377)	(3,914)
Increase (decrease) in customer deposits	2,629	15,423	18,052
Net cash provided (used) by operating activities	<u>\$ 489,319</u>	<u>\$ 1,978,252</u>	<u>\$ 2,467,571</u>
Supplemental Schedule of Non Cash Financing Activities:			
Purchase of fixed assets with the issuance of debt	<u>\$ 35,692</u>	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ 35,692</u>

The notes to the financial statements are an integral part of this statement.

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NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

These notes are intended to communicate information necessary for a fair presentation of financial position and results of operations that are not readily apparent from, or cannot be included in, the financial statements themselves. The notes supplement the financial statements, are an integral part thereof, and are intended to be read in conjunction with the financial statements.

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TOWN OF DALLAS, NORTH CAROLINA

Notes to the Financial Statements June 30, 2020

I. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

The accounting policies of the Town of Dallas conform to generally accepted accounting principles as applicable to governments. The following is a summary of the more significant accounting policies:

A. Reporting Entity

The Town of Dallas is a municipal corporation that is governed by an elected mayor and a five-member Board of Aldermen.

B. Basis of Presentation - Fund Accounting

Government-wide Statements. The statement of net position and the statement of activities display information about the primary government. These statements include the financial activities of the overall government. Eliminations have been made to minimize the double counting of internal activities. These statements distinguish between the governmental and business-type activities of the Town. Governmental activities generally are financed through taxes, intergovernmental revenues, and other non-exchange transactions. Business-type activities are financed in whole, or in part, by fees charged to external parties.

The statement of activities presents a comparison between direct expenses and program revenues for the different business-type activities of the Town and for each function of the Town's governmental activities. Direct expenses are those that are specifically associated with a program or function and, therefore, are clearly identifiable to a particular function. Indirect expense allocations that have been made in the funds have been reversed for the statement of activities. Program revenues include: (a) fees and charges paid by the recipients of goods or services offered by the programs and (b) grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a specific program. Revenues that are not classified as program revenues, including all taxes, are presented as general revenues.

Fund Financial Statements. The fund financial statements provide information about the Town's funds. Separate statements for each fund category - governmental and proprietary - are presented. The emphasis of fund financial statements is on major governmental and enterprise funds, each displayed in a separate column. All remaining governmental and enterprise funds are aggregated and reported as non-major funds.

Proprietary fund operating revenues, such as charges for services, result from exchange transactions associated with the principal activity of the fund. Exchange transactions are those in which each party receives and gives up essentially equal values. Non-operating revenues, such as subsidies, result from non-exchange transactions. Other non-operating revenues are ancillary activities such as investment earnings.

TOWN OF DALLAS, NORTH CAROLINA

Notes to the Financial Statements June 30, 2020

The Town reports the following major governmental funds:

General Fund. The General Fund is the general operating fund of the Town. The General Fund accounts for all financial resources except those required to be accounted for in another fund. The primary revenue sources are ad valorem taxes, State grants, and various other taxes and licenses. The primary expenditures are for public safety, street maintenance and construction, sanitation services, and other general government services.

Special Revenue Funds. The Special Revenue Funds are used to account for the proceeds of specific revenue sources (other than special assessments or major capital projects) that are legally restricted to expenditures for specified purposes. The Town has one Special Revenue Fund: the CDBG Grant Fund. The CDBG Grant Fund is used to account for a mortgage receivable loaned through a federal grant program.

The Town reports the following non-major governmental funds:

Storm Water Fund. This fund is used to account for fees collected, and monies spent, in connection with the Town's storm water run-off.

Capital Project Fund. This fund is used to account for funds that are committed for use for capital outlay.

"T.O.P. T.I.E.R." (Targeted Options Providing Tangible Investment in Economic Revitalization) Fund. This fund is an economic development program funded and maintained by the Town to offer limited, but targeted, public economic assistance in support of private sector investment in assets needed to spur job creation, business sector growth, and overall economic vitality.

The Town reports the following major enterprise funds:

Water and Sewer Fund. This fund is used to account for the Town's water and sewer operations.

Electric Fund. This fund is used to account for the Town's electric operations.

C. Measurement Focus and Basis of Accounting

In accordance with North Carolina General Statutes, all funds of the Town are maintained during the year using the modified accrual basis of accounting.

TOWN OF DALLAS, NORTH CAROLINA

Notes to the Financial Statements June 30, 2020

Government-wide and Proprietary Fund Financial Statements - The government-wide and proprietary fund financial statements are reported using the economic resources measurement focus. The government-wide and proprietary fund financial statements are reported using the accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recorded when earned, and expenses are recorded at the time liabilities are incurred, regardless of when the related cash flows take place. Non-exchange transactions, in which the Town gives (or receives) value without directly receiving (or giving) equal value in exchange, include property taxes, grants, and donations. On an accrual basis, revenue from property taxes is recognized in the fiscal year for which the taxes are levied. Revenue from grants and donations are recognized in the fiscal year in which all eligibility requirements have been satisfied.

Amounts reported as program revenues include: 1) charges to customers or applicants for goods, services, or privileges provided, 2) operating grants and contributions, and 3) capital grants and contributions, including special assessments. Internally dedicated resources are reported as general revenues rather than as program revenues. Likewise, general revenues include all taxes.

Proprietary funds distinguish operating revenues and expenses from non-operating items. Operating revenues and expenses generally result from providing services and producing and delivering goods in connection with a proprietary fund's principal ongoing operations. The principal operating revenues of the Town's Enterprise Funds are charges to customers for sales and services. The Town also recognizes as operating revenue the portion of tap fees intended to recover the cost of connecting new customers to the water and sewer system. Operating expenses for enterprise funds include the cost of sales and services, administrative expenses, and depreciation on capital assets. All revenues and expenses not meeting this definition are reported as non-operating revenues and expenses.

Governmental Fund Financial Statements - Governmental funds are reported using the current financial resources measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting. Under this method, revenues are recognized when measurable and available. Expenditures are recorded when the related fund liability is incurred, except for principal and interest on general long-term debt, claims and judgments, and compensated absences, which are recognized as expenditures to the extent they have matured. General capital asset acquisitions are reported as expenditures in governmental funds. Issuance of general long-term debt and acquisitions under capital leases are reported as other financing sources.

The Town considers all revenues available if they are collected within 90 days after year-end, except for property taxes. Ad valorem taxes receivable are not accrued as revenue because the amount is not susceptible to accrual. At June 30, taxes receivable for property other than motor vehicles are materially past due and are not considered to be an available resource to finance the operations of the current year. Also, as of September 1, 2013, State law altered the procedures for the assessment and collection of property taxes on registered motor vehicles in North Carolina. Effective with this change in the law, the State of North Carolina is responsible for billing and collecting the property taxes on registered motor vehicles on behalf of all municipalities and special tax districts. Property taxes are due when vehicles are registered. The billed taxes are applicable to the fiscal year in which they are received. Uncollected taxes that were billed in periods prior to September 1, 2013, and for limited registration plates, are shown as a receivable in these financial statements and are offset by deferred inflows of resources.

TOWN OF DALLAS, NORTH CAROLINA

Notes to the Financial Statements June 30, 2020

Sales taxes and certain intergovernmental revenues, such as beer and wine tax, collected and held by the State at year-end on behalf of the Town are recognized as revenue. Sales taxes are considered a shared revenue for Town of Dallas, because the tax is levied by Gaston County and then remitted to, and distributed by, the State. Most intergovernmental revenues and sales and services are not susceptible to accrual because, generally, they are not measurable until received in cash. All taxes, including those dedicated for specific purposes, are reported as general revenues rather than program revenues. Under the terms of grant agreements, the Town funds certain programs by a combination of specific cost-reimbursement grants, categorical block grants, and general revenues. Thus, when program expenses are incurred, there are both restricted and unrestricted net position available to finance the program. It is the Town's policy to first apply cost-reimbursement grant resources to such programs, followed by categorical block grants, and then by general revenues.

D. Budgetary Data

The Town's budgets are adopted as required by the North Carolina General Statutes. An annual budget is adopted for the General Fund, CDBG Grant Fund, Storm Water Fund, Capital Project Fund, "T.O.P. T.I.E.R." Program Fund, and Enterprise Funds. All annual appropriations lapse at the fiscal year-end. Project ordinances are adopted for Capital Projects. The enterprise fund projects are consolidated with their respective operating fund for reporting purposes. All budgets are prepared using the modified accrual basis of accounting. Budget ordinances allow for the transfer of funds within the department, as long as expenditures do not exceed the appropriations at the departmental level for all annually budgeted funds, and at the project level for the multi-year funds. Amendments are required for any revisions that alter total expenditures of any fund or that change departmental appropriations by more than \$2,500. All amendments must be approved by the governing board, and the Board must adopt an interim budget that covers that time until the annual ordinance can be adopted.

E. Assets, Liabilities, Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources and Fund Equity

1. Deposits and Investments

All deposits of the Town are made in Board-designated, official depositories and are secured as required by State law [G.S. 159-31]. The Town may designate as an official depository any bank or savings association whose principal office is located in North Carolina. Also, the Town may establish time deposit accounts such as NOW and SuperNOW accounts, money market accounts, and certificates of deposit.

State law [G.S. 159-30(c)] authorizes the Town to invest in obligations of the United States or obligations fully guaranteed both as to principal and interest by the United States; obligations of the State of North Carolina; bonds and notes of any North Carolina local government or public authority; obligations of certain non-guaranteed federal agencies; certain high quality issues of commercial paper and bankers' acceptances and the North Carolina Capital Management Trust (NCCMT). The Town's investments are reported at fair value. Non-participating, interest earning contracts are accounted for at cost. The NCCMT Government Portfolio, a SEC-registered (2a-7) a money market mutual fund, is measured at fair value. The NCCMT-Term Portfolio is a bond fund, has no rating and is measured at fair value. As of June 30, 2020, the Term Portfolio has a duration of .15 years. Because the NCCMT Government and Term Portfolios have a weighted average maturity of less than 90 days, they are presented as an investment with a maturity of less than 6 months.

TOWN OF DALLAS, NORTH CAROLINA

**Notes to the Financial Statements
June 30, 2020**

2. Cash and Cash Equivalents

The Town pools money from several funds to facilitate disbursement and investment and to maximize investment income and considers all cash and investments to be cash and cash equivalents.

3. Restricted Assets

Customer deposits held by the Town before any services are supplied are restricted to the service for which the deposit was collected. Powell Bill Funds are also classified as restricted cash because they can be expended only for the purposes outlined in G.S. 136-41.1 through 136-41.4. Federal Asset Seizure Funds are also classified as restricted cash, because they can only be expended for the purposes of the expenses associated with forfeited operations, or used to finance general investigative expenses.

Governmental activities	
General Fund	
Streets	\$ 47,332
Public safety	<u>11,877</u>
	<u>59,209</u>
Business-type activities	
Water and Sewer Fund	
Customer deposits	73,927
Electric Fund	
Customer deposits	<u>203,910</u>
Total business-type activities	<u>277,837</u>
Total restricted cash	<u>\$337,046</u>

TOWN OF DALLAS, NORTH CAROLINA

Notes to the Financial Statements June 30, 2020

4. Ad Valorem Taxes Receivable

In accordance with State law [G.S. 105-347 and G.S. 159-13(a)], the Town levies ad valorem taxes on property other than motor vehicles on July 1, the beginning of the fiscal year. The taxes are due on September 1st (lien date); however, interest does not accrue until the following January 6th. These taxes are based on the assessed values as of January 1, 2019. As allowed by State law, the Town has established a schedule of discounts that apply to taxes that are paid prior to the due date. In the Town's General Fund, ad valorem tax revenues are reported net of such discounts.

5. Allowances for Doubtful Accounts

All receivables that historically experience uncollectible accounts are shown net of an allowance for doubtful accounts. This amount is estimated by analyzing the percentage of receivables that were written off in prior years.

6. Inventories and Prepaid Items

The inventory of the Town is valued at cost (first-in, first-out), which approximates market. The Town's General Fund inventory consists of expendable supplies that are recorded as expenditures as used rather than when purchased. The inventories of the Town's enterprise funds consist of materials and supplies held for subsequent use. The cost of these inventories is expensed when consumed rather than when purchased.

Certain payments to vendors reflect costs applicable to future accounting periods and are recorded as prepaid items in both government-wide and fund financial statements and are expensed as the items are used.

7. Capital Assets

Capital assets are defined by the government as assets with an initial, individual cost of more than a certain cost and an estimated useful life in excess of two years. Minimum capitalization costs are as follows: land, \$5,000; buildings, improvements, substations, lines, and other plant and distribution systems, \$5,000; infrastructure, \$20,000; furniture and equipment, \$5,000; and vehicles, \$5,000. Donated capital assets received prior to June 15, 2015 are recorded at their estimated fair value at the date of donation. Donated capital assets received after June 15, 2015 are recorded at acquisition value. All other purchased or constructed capital assets are reported at cost or estimated historical cost. General infrastructure assets acquired prior to July 1, 2003 consist of the road network and water and sewer system assets that were acquired, or that received substantial improvements subsequent to July 1, 1980, and are reported at estimated historical cost using deflated replacement cost. The cost of normal maintenance and repairs that do not add to the value of the asset, or materially extend assets' lives, are not capitalized.

TOWN OF DALLAS, NORTH CAROLINA

**Notes to the Financial Statements
June 30, 2020**

Capital assets are depreciated using the straight-line method over the following estimated useful lives:

<u>Asset Class</u>	<u>Estimated Useful Lives</u>
Infrastructure	30
Buildings	30-40
Improvements	25
Vehicles	3-10
Furniture and equipment	7-10
Distribution systems:	
Water and Sewer	40
Electric	30

8. Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources

In addition to assets, the statement of financial position will sometimes report a separate section for deferred outflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, Deferred Outflows of Resources, represents a consumption of net position that applies to a future period and so will not be recognized as an expense or expenditures until then. The Town has one item that meets this criterion, contributions made to the pension plan in the 2020 fiscal year. In addition to liabilities, the statement of financial position will sometimes report a separate section for deferred inflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, Deferred Inflows of Resources, represents an acquisition of net position that applies to a future period and so will not be recognized as revenue until then. The Town has several items that meet the criterion for this category - property taxes receivable, unearned mortgage revenue, other fees receivable and pension deferrals.

9. Long-Term Obligations

In the government-wide financial statements, and proprietary fund types in the fund financial statements, long-term debt and other long-term obligations are reported as liabilities in the applicable governmental activities, business-type activities, or proprietary fund type statement of net position. Bond premiums and discounts are deferred and amortized over the life of the bonds using the straight-line method that approximates the effective interest method. Bonds payable are reported net of the applicable bond premiums or discount. Bond issuance costs, except for prepaid insurance costs, are expensed in the reporting period in which they are incurred. Prepaid insurance costs are expensed over the life of the debt.

In fund financial statements, governmental fund types recognize bond premiums and discounts, as well as bond issuance costs, during the current period. The face amount of debt issued is reported as other financing sources. Premiums received on debt issuances are reported as other financing sources while discounts on debt issuances are reported as other financing uses. Issuance costs, whether or not withheld from the actual debt proceeds received, are reported as debt service expenditures.

TOWN OF DALLAS, NORTH CAROLINA

Notes to the Financial Statements June 30, 2020

10. Compensated Absences

The vacation policy of the Town provides for the accumulation of up to twenty days earned vacation leave with such leave being fully vested when earned. For the Town's government-wide and proprietary funds, an expense and a liability for compensated absences and the salary-related payments are recorded as the leave is earned. The Town has assumed a first-in, first-out method of using accumulated compensated time. The portion of that time that is estimated to be used in the next fiscal year has been considered to be immaterial, therefore, no current liability has been reflected in the government-wide financial statements.

The Town's sick leave policy provides for an unlimited accumulation of earned sick leave. Sick leave does not vest, but any unused sick leave accumulated at the time of retirement may be used in the determination of length of service for retirement benefit purposes. Since the Town does not have any obligation for the accumulated sick leave until it is actually taken, no accrual for sick leave has been made.

11. Net Position/Fund Balances

Net Position

Net position in government-wide and proprietary fund financial statements is classified as invested in capital assets, restricted and unrestricted. Restricted net position represents constraints on resources that are either externally imposed by creditors, grantors, contributors, or laws or regulations of other governments, or imposed by law through State statute.

Fund Balances

In the governmental fund financial statements, fund balance is composed of five classifications designed to disclose the hierarchy of constraints placed on how fund balance can be spent.

The governmental fund types classify fund balances as follows:

Non-spendable Fund Balance - This classification includes amounts that cannot be spent because they are either: (a) not in spendable form or (b) legally or contractually required to be maintained intact.

Inventories - the portion of fund balances that is not an available resource because it represents the year-end balance of ending inventories, which are not spendable resources.

Restricted Fund Balance - This classification includes amounts that are restricted to specific purposes externally imposed by creditors or imposed by law.

TOWN OF DALLAS, NORTH CAROLINA

Notes to the Financial Statements June 30, 2020

Restricted for Stabilization by State Statute - North Carolina G.S. 159-8 prohibits units of government from budgeting or spending a portion of their fund balance. This is one of several statutes enacted by the North Carolina State Legislature in the 1930's that were designed to improve and maintain the fiscal health of local government units. Restricted by State Statute (RSS), is calculated at the end of each fiscal year for all annually budgeted funds. The calculation in G.S. 159-8(a) provides a formula for determining what portion of fund balance is available for appropriation. The amount of fund balance not available for appropriation is what is known as "Restricted by State Statute". *Appropriated fund balance in any fund shall not exceed the sum of cash and investments, minus the sum of liabilities, encumbrances, and deferred revenues arising from cash receipts, as those figures stand at the close of the fiscal year next preceding the budget.* Per GASB guidance, RSS is considered a resource upon which a restriction is "imposed by law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation." RSS is reduced by inventories and prepaids, as they are classified as non-spendable. Outstanding Encumbrances are included within RSS. RSS is included as a component of Restricted Net Position and Restricted Fund Balance on the face of the balance sheet.

Restricted for Streets - the Powell Bill portion of fund balance that is restricted by revenue source for street construction and maintenance expenditures. This amount represents the balance of the total unexpended Powell Bill funds.

Restricted for Public Safety - the portion of fund balance used to account for narcotic enforcement.

Committed Fund Balance - the portion of fund balance that can only be used for specific purposes imposed by a majority vote by quorum of Town of Dallas' governing body (highest level of decision-making authority). The governing body can, by adoption of an ordinance prior to the end of the fiscal year, commit fund balance. Once adopted, the limitation imposed by the ordinance remains in place until a similar action is taken (the adoption of another ordinance) to remove or revise the limitation.

Committed For Public Safety - the portion of fund balance used to account for future obligations of the Law Enforcement Officers' Separation Allowance.

Assigned Fund Balance - the portion of fund balance that Town of Dallas intends to use for specific purposes but does not meet the criteria to be classified as committed. The Board of Aldermen has the authority to assign fund balance. The Board may also assign fund balance as it does when appropriating fund balance to cover a gap between estimated revenue and appropriations in the subsequent year's appropriated budget.

Subsequent Year's Expenditures - the portion of fund balance that is appropriated in the next year's budget that is not already classified in restricted or committed. The governing body approves the appropriation.

Assigned for Storm Water - the portion of fund balance that has been budgeted by the Board for maintenance of storm water.

TOWN OF DALLAS, NORTH CAROLINA

Notes to the Financial Statements June 30, 2020

Assigned for Capital Project - the portion of fund balance that has been budgeted by the Board for eligible CDBG expenditures and capital outlay.

Assigned for TOP TIER - the portion of fund balance that has been budgeted by the Board for economic development.

Unassigned Fund Balance - the portion of fund balance that has not been restricted, committed, or assigned to specific purposes or other funds.

Town of Dallas does not have a formal revenue spending policy that provides guidance for programs with multiple revenue sources. However, the Finance Officer will use resources in the following hierarchy: bond proceeds, federal funds, State funds, local, non-Town funds, Town funds. For purposes of fund balance classification, expenditures are to be spent from restricted fund balance first, followed in order by committed fund balance, assigned fund balance and, lastly, unassigned fund balance. The Finance Officer has the authority to deviate from this policy if it is in the best interest of the Town.

The Town of Dallas has also adopted a minimum fund balance policy for the General Fund which instructs management to conduct the business of the Town in such a manner that the available fund balance is at least equal to, or greater than, 30% of budgeted expenditures. Any portion of the General Fund balance in excess of 70% of budgeted expenditures may be appropriated for one-time capital expenditures or transfer the excess to a Capital Reserve Fund.

12. Defined Benefit Cost-Sharing Plans

For purposes of measuring the net pension liability, deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions and pension expense, information about the fiduciary net position of the Local Governmental Employees' Retirement System (LGERS) and additions to/deductions from LGERS' fiduciary net position have been determined on the same basis as they are reported by LGERS. For this purpose, plan member contributions are recognized in the period in which the contributions are due. Town of Dallas' employer contributions are recognized when due, and Town of Dallas has a legal requirement to provide the contributions. Benefits and refunds are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the terms of LGERS. Investments are reported at fair value.

F. Other

Management Estimates

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities and disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements and the reported amounts of revenues and expenditures/expenses during the reporting period. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

TOWN OF DALLAS, NORTH CAROLINA

Notes to the Financial Statements June 30, 2020

II. Stewardship Compliance Accountability

A. Significant Violations of Finance - Related Legal and Contractual Provisions

1. Noncompliance with North Carolina General Statutes

Excess Expenditures Over Appropriations

G.S. 159-28(a) states that all moneys received and expended by a local government or public authority should be included in the budget ordinance. Funds were spent that exceeded the authorized appropriations as follows:

Water Fund -	Debt service was overspent by \$6,981. Capital outlay was overspent by \$3,611.
General Fund -	Debt service was overspent by \$17,361. Police was overspent by \$26,254.

These over expenditures were due to the acquisition of vehicles through lease purchases that were not included in the budget. The Board will review the budget, and budget amendments will be adopted prior to making expenditures that exceeded budgeted amounts.

III. Detail Notes on All Funds

A. Assets

1. Deposits

All the deposits of the Town are either insured or collateralized by using one of two methods. Under the Dedicated Method, all deposits that exceed the federal depository insurance coverage level are collateralized with securities held by the Town's agents in the Town's name. Under the Pooling Method, which is a collateral pool, all uninsured deposits are collateralized with securities held by the State Treasurer's agent in the name of the State Treasurer. Since the State Treasurer is acting in a fiduciary capacity for the Town, these deposits are considered to be held by the Town's agent in their name. The amount of the pledged collateral is based on an approved averaging method for non-interest bearing deposits and the actual current balance for interest-bearing deposits. Depositories using the Pooling Method report to the State Treasurer the adequacy of their pooled collateral covering uninsured deposits. The State Treasurer does not confirm this information with the Town or the escrow agent. Because of the inability to measure the exact amounts of collateral pledged for the Town under the Pooling Method, the potential exists for undercollateralization. This risk may increase in periods of high cash flows.

However, the State Treasurer of North Carolina enforces strict standards of financial stability for each depository that collateralizes public deposits under the Pooling Method. The Town has no formal policy regarding custodial credit risk for deposits, but relies on the State Treasurer to enforce standards of minimum capitalization for all Pooling Method financial institutions and to monitor them for compliance. The Town complies with the provisions of G.S. 159-31 when designating official depositories and verifying that deposits are properly secured.

TOWN OF DALLAS, NORTH CAROLINA

**Notes to the Financial Statements
June 30, 2020**

At June 30, 2020, the Town's deposits had a carrying amount of \$2,405,306 and a bank balance of \$2,211,492. Of the bank balance, \$250,000 was covered by federal depository insurance, and the remainder was covered by collateral held under the Pooling Method. At June 30, 2020, the Town's petty cash fund totaled \$1,154.

2. Investments

At June 30, 2020, the Town's investment balances were as follows:

<u>Investment by Type</u>	<u>Valuation Measurement Method</u>	<u>Book Value At 6/30/19</u>	<u>Maturity</u>	<u>Rating</u>
N. C. Capital Management Trust				
Government Portfolio	Fair Value Level 1	\$5,741,837	N/A	AAAm
Term Portfolio	Fair Value Level 1	<u>1,945,435</u>	0.15 years (a)	Unrated
Total		<u>\$7,687,272</u>		

All investments are measured using the market approach: using prices and other relevant information generated by market transactions involving identical or comparable assets or a group of assets.

Level of fair value hierarchy: Level 1 debt securities are valued using directly observable, quoted prices (unadjusted) in active markets for identical assets.

(a) This is the duration for the Term Portfolio.

Interest Rate Risk. The Town has no formal investment policy regarding interest rate risk. As a means of limiting its exposure to fair value losses arising from rising interest rates, the Town's internal investment policy limits the Town's investment portfolio to maturities of less than 12 months.

Credit Risk. The Town has no formal policy regarding interest rate risk, but has internal management procedures that limit the Town's investments to the provisions of G.S. 159-30 and restricts the purchase of securities to the highest possible ratings whenever particular types of securities are rated. The Town's investments in the N. C. Capital Management Trust Government Portfolio carried a credit rating of AAAm by Standard and Poor's as of June 30, 2020. The Town's investment in the N. C. Capital Management Trust Term Portfolio is unrated. The Term Portfolio is authorized to invest in obligations of the U.S. government and agencies, and in high grade money market instruments as permitted under North Carolina General Statutes 159-30 as amended.

TOWN OF DALLAS, NORTH CAROLINA

**Notes to the Financial Statements
June 30, 2020**

3. Receivables - Allowance for Doubtful Accounts

The amounts presented in the Balance Sheet and the Statement of Net Position are net of the following allowances for doubtful accounts:

General Fund:	
Taxes receivable	\$17,928
Accounts receivable	408
Storm Water Fund-accounts receivable	176
	<u>18,512</u>
Enterprise Funds:	
Electric Fund-accounts receivable	65,893
Water and Sewer Fund-accounts receivable	10,830
	<u>76,723</u>
Total	<u>\$95,235</u>

4. Mortgage Receivable

Pursuant to an agreement dated August 26, 2002 between the Town of Dallas and the North Carolina Department of Commerce, Division of Community Assistance, the Town received a Community Development Block Grant in the amount of \$250,000. The purpose of this grant was the renovation/refurbishing of the Dallas High School building into apartments, including street, water and sewer improvements, as well as historic preservation. The project was actually done by a private business, which now owns the building. Under the agreement, that business is to repay a mortgage held by the Town in the original amount of \$230,000, with interest accruing at 2% annually. The modified loan repayment agreement requires annual payments of \$3,720, and the remaining unpaid principal and interest is due in full on December 10, 2024. The mortgage is presented in the CDBG Grant Fund balance sheet as deferred revenue, since the funds can only be used by the Town for future approved projects qualifying under the CDBG program.

TOWN OF DALLAS, NORTH CAROLINA

**Notes to the Financial Statements
June 30, 2020**

5. Capital Assets

Primary Government

Capital asset activity for the primary government for the year ended June 30, 2020 was as follows:

	<u>Beginning Balances</u>	<u>Increases</u>	<u>Decreases</u>	<u>Transfers</u>	<u>Ending Balances</u>
Governmental Activities:					
Capital assets not being depreciated:					
Land	\$ 279,988	\$ 101,194	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 381,182
Construction in progress	36,889	38,902	-	-	75,791
Total capital assets not being depreciated	<u>316,877</u>	<u>\$ 140,095</u>	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>456,973</u>
Capital assets being depreciated:					
Buildings	4,459,747	\$ 117,153	\$ -	\$ -	4,576,900
Distribution	115,707	-	-	-	115,707
Other improvements	1,027,593	-	-	-	1,027,593
Vehicles and equipment	3,704,163	501,283	1,339,080	-	2,866,367
Infrastructure	871,392	-	-	-	871,392
Total capital assets being depreciated	<u>10,178,602</u>	<u>\$ 618,436</u>	<u>\$ 1,339,080</u>	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>9,457,958</u>
Less accumulated depreciation for:					
Buildings	1,255,234	\$ 119,471	\$ -	\$ -	1,374,705
Distribution	3,804	3,981	-	-	7,785
Other improvements	261,026	41,545	-	-	302,571
Vehicles and equipment	3,022,916	191,490	1,339,080	-	1,875,326
Infrastructure	141,072	29,046	-	-	170,118
Total accumulated depreciation	<u>4,684,052</u>	<u>\$ 385,534</u>	<u>\$ 1,339,080</u>	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>3,730,506</u>
Total capital assets being depreciated, net	<u>5,494,549</u>				<u>5,727,452</u>
Governmental activity capital assets, net	<u>\$5,811,427</u>				<u>\$6,184,424</u>

TOWN OF DALLAS, NORTH CAROLINA

**Notes to the Financial Statements
June 30, 2020**

Depreciation expense was charged to functions/programs of the primary government as follows:

General government	\$ 97,487
Public safety	190,886
Public works	21,304
Environmental protection	41,282
Cultural and recreational	34,576
Total depreciation expense	<u>\$385,534</u>

	<u>Beginning Balances</u>	<u>Increases</u>	<u>Decreases</u>	<u>Transfers</u>	<u>Ending Balances</u>
Business-type Activities:					
Electric Fund:					
Capital assets, not being depreciated:					
Land	\$ 71,808	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 71,808
Construction in progress	389,302	-	389,301	-	-
Total capital assets not being depreciated	<u>461,110</u>	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ 389,301</u>	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>71,808</u>
Capital assets being depreciated:					
Buildings	644,951	\$ -	\$ -	-	644,951
Distribution system	6,958,711	583,541	4,834	-	7,537,418
Equipment	2,918,558	138,060	207,366	-	2,849,252
Total capital assets being depreciated	<u>10,522,220</u>	<u>\$ 721,601</u>	<u>\$ 212,200</u>	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>11,031,621</u>
Less accumulated depreciation for:					
Buildings	183,608	\$ 22,095	\$ -	-	205,703
Distribution system	3,439,806	194,601	4,834	-	3,629,572
Equipment	1,788,621	178,807	186,543	-	1,780,885
Total accumulated depreciation	<u>5,412,035</u>	<u>\$ 395,502</u>	<u>\$ 191,377</u>	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>5,616,160</u>
Total capital assets being depreciated, net	<u>5,110,185</u>				<u>5,415,461</u>
Electric Fund capital assets, net	<u>5,571,294</u>				<u>5,487,269</u>
Water and Sewer Fund:					
Capital assets not being depreciated:					
Land	117,261	\$ -	\$ -	-	117,261
Construction in progress	-	-	-	-	-
Right of way	41,648	-	-	-	41,648
Total capital assets not being depreciated	<u>158,909</u>	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>158,909</u>
Capital assets being depreciated:					
Buildings	300,869	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	300,869
Distribution system	11,345,012	189,152	-	-	11,534,164
Equipment	1,166,834	51,752	124,205	-	1,094,381
Sewer plant	1,579,007	23,150	79,445	-	1,522,712
Water plant	2,018,061	-	-	-	2,018,061
Total capital assets being depreciated	<u>16,409,782</u>	<u>\$ 264,054</u>	<u>\$ 203,650</u>	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>16,470,186</u>

TOWN OF DALLAS, NORTH CAROLINA

**Notes to the Financial Statements
June 30, 2020**

	<u>Beginning Balances</u>	<u>Increases</u>	<u>Decreases</u>	<u>Transfers</u>	<u>Ending Balances</u>
Business-type Activities, continued:					
Less accumulated depreciation for:					
Buildings	\$ 121,968	\$ 8,427	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 130,395
Distribution system	3,965,216	258,703	-	-	4,223,919
Equipment	913,843	46,948	109,637	-	851,154
Sewer plant	1,193,718	38,562	79,445	-	1,152,835
Water plant	<u>1,556,830</u>	<u>48,026</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>1,604,856</u>
Total accumulated depreciation	<u>7,751,575</u>	<u>\$ 400,666</u>	<u>\$ 189,082</u>	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>7,963,159</u>
Total capital assets being depreciated, net	<u>8,658,208</u>				<u>8,507,028</u>
Water and Sewer Fund capital assets, net	<u>8,817,117</u>				<u>8,665,937</u>
Business-type activities capital assets, net	<u>\$14,388,412</u>				<u>\$14,153,206</u>

B. Liabilities

1. Pension Plan and Postemployment Obligations

a. Local Governmental Employees' Retirement System

Plan Description - The Town of Dallas is a participating employer in the statewide Local Governmental Employees' Retirement System (LGERS), a cost-sharing, multiple-employer defined benefit pension plan administered by the State of North Carolina. LGERS membership is comprised of general employees and local law enforcement officers (LEOs) of participating local governmental entities. Article 3 of G.S. Chapter 128 assigns the authority to establish and amend benefit provisions to the North Carolina General Assembly. Management of the plan is vested in the LGERS Board of Trustees, which consists of 13 members – nine appointed by the Governor, one appointed by the State Senate, and one appointed by the State House of Representatives and the State Treasurer and the State Superintendent, who serve as ex-officio members. The Local Governmental Employees' Retirement System is included in the Comprehensive Annual Financial Report (CAFR) for the State of North Carolina. The State's CAFR includes financial statements and required supplementary information for LGERS. That report may be obtained by writing to the Office of the State Controller, 1410 Mail Service Center, Raleigh, North Carolina 27699-1410, by calling (919) 981-5454, or at www.osc.nc.gov.

TOWN OF DALLAS, NORTH CAROLINA

Notes to the Financial Statements June 30, 2020

Benefits Provided - LGERS provides retirement and survivor benefits. Retirement benefits are determined as 1.85% of the member's average final compensation times the years of creditable service. A member's average final compensation is calculated as the average of a member's four highest consecutive years of compensation. Plan members are eligible to retire with full retirement benefits at age 65 with five years of creditable service, at age 60 with 25 years of creditable service, or at any age with 30 years of creditable service. Plan members are eligible to retire with partial retirement benefits at age 50 with 20 years of creditable service or at age 60 with five years of creditable service (age 55 for firefighters). Survivor benefits are available to eligible beneficiaries of members who die while in active service or within 180 days of their last day of service and who have either completed 20 years of creditable service regardless of age (15 years of creditable service for firefighters and rescue squad members who are killed in the line of duty) or have completed five years of service and have reached age 60. Eligible beneficiaries may elect to receive a monthly Survivor's Alternate Benefit for life or a return of the member's contributions. The plan does not provide for automatic post-retirement benefit increases. Increases are contingent upon actuarial gains of the plan.

LGERS plan members who are LEOs are eligible to retire with full retirement benefits at age 55 with five years of creditable service as an officer or at any age with 30 years of creditable service. LEO plan members are eligible to retire with partial retirement benefits at age 50 with 15 years of creditable service as an officer. Survivor benefits are available to eligible beneficiaries of LEO members who die while in active service, or within 180 days of their last day of service and who also have either completed 20 years of creditable service regardless of age, or have completed 15 years of service as a LEO and have reached age 50, or have completed five years of creditable service as a LEO and have reached age 55, or have completed 15 years of creditable service as a LEO if killed in the line of duty. Eligible beneficiaries may elect to receive a monthly Survivor's Alternate Benefit for life or a return of the member's contributions.

Contributions - Contribution provisions are established by General Statute 128-30 and may be amended only by the North Carolina General Assembly. The Town of Dallas employees are required to contribute 6% of their compensation. Employer contributions are actuarially determined and set annually by the LGERS Board of Trustees. The Town of Dallas' contractually required contribution rate for the year ended June 30, 2020, was 9.70% of compensation for law enforcement officers, and 8.95% for general employees, actuarially determined as an amount that, when combined with employee contributions, is expected to finance the costs of benefits earned by employees during the year. Contributions to the pension plan from the Town of Dallas were \$269,655 for the year ended June 30, 2020.

Refunds of Contributions - Town employees who have terminated service as a contributing member of LGERS may file an application for a refund of their contributions. By State law, refunds to members with at least five years of service include 4% interest. State law requires a 60 day waiting period after service termination before the refund may be paid. The acceptance of a refund payment cancels the individual's right to employer contributions or any other benefit provided by LGERS.

TOWN OF DALLAS, NORTH CAROLINA

**Notes to the Financial Statements
June 30, 2020**

Pension Liabilities, Pension Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions

At June 30, 2020, the Town reported an liability of \$1,195,871 for its proportionate share of the net pension liability. The net pension liability was measured as of June 30, 2019. The total pension liability used to calculate the net pension liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of December 31, 2018. The total pension liability was then rolled forward to the measurement date of June 30, 2019 utilizing update procedures incorporating the actuarial assumptions. The Town's proportion of the net pension liability was based on a projection of the Town's long-term share of future payroll covered by the pension plan, relative to the projected future payroll covered by the pension plan of all participating LGERS employers, actuarially determined. At June 30, 2019 (measurement date), the Town's proportion was 0.04379%, which was a decrease of 0.00128% from its proportion measured as of June 30, 2018.

For the year ended June 30, 2020, the Town recognized pension expense of \$525,653. At June 30, 2020, the Town reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

	<u>Deferred Outflows of Resources</u>	<u>Deferred Inflows of Resources</u>
Differences between expected and actual experience	\$204,763	\$ -
Changes of assumptions	194,907	-
Net difference between projected and actual earnings on pension plan investments	29,169	-
Changes in proportion, and differences between, Town contributions and proportionate share of contributions	-	30,670
Town contributions subsequent to the measurement date	<u>269,655</u>	<u>-</u>
Total	<u>\$698,494</u>	<u>\$30,670</u>

\$269,655, reported as deferred outflows of resources related to pensions resulting from Town contributions subsequent to the measurement date, will be recognized as a decrease of the net pension liability in the year ended June 30, 2020. Other amounts reported as deferred inflows of resources related to pensions will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

Year ending June 30:		
2021		\$203,330
2022		58,039
2023		109,276
2024		27,524
2025		-
Thereafter		-

TOWN OF DALLAS, NORTH CAROLINA

**Notes to the Financial Statements
June 30, 2020**

Actuarial Assumptions - The total pension liability in the December 31, 2018 actuarial valuation was determined using the following actuarial assumptions, applied to all periods included in the measurement:

Inflation	3.0 percent
Salary increases	3.50 to 8.10 percent, including inflation and productivity factor
Investment rate of return	7.00 percent, net of pension plan investment expense, including inflation

The plan currently uses mortality tables that vary by age, gender, employee group (i.e., general, law enforcement officer) and health status (i.e., disabled and healthy). The current mortality rates are based on published tables and based on studies that cover significant portions of the U.S. population. The healthy mortality rates also contain a provision to reflect future mortality improvements.

The actuarial assumptions used in the December 31, 2018 valuation were based on the results of an actuarial experience study for the period January 1, 2010 through December 31, 2014.

Future ad hoc COLA amounts are not considered to be substantively automatic and are therefore not included in the measurement.

The projected long-term investment returns and inflation assumptions are developed through review of current and historical capital markets data, sell-side investment research, consultant whitepapers, and historical performance of investment strategies. Fixed income return projections reflect current yields across the U.S. Treasury yield curve and market expectations of forward yields projected and interpolated for multiple tenors and over multiple year horizons. Global public equity return projections are established through analysis of the equity risk premium and the fixed income return projections. Other asset categories and strategies' return projections reflect the foregoing and historical data analysis. These projections are combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and by adding expected inflation. The target allocation and best estimates of arithmetic real rates of return for each major asset class as of June 30, 2019 are summarized in the following table:

<u>Asset Class</u>	<u>Target Allocation</u>	<u>Long-Term Expected Real Rate of Return</u>
Fixed Income	29.0%	1.4%
Global Equity	42.0%	5.3%
Real Estate	8.0%	4.3%
Alternatives	8.0%	8.9%
Credit	7.0%	6.0%
Inflation Protection	<u>6.0%</u>	4.0%
Total	<u>100%</u>	

TOWN OF DALLAS, NORTH CAROLINA

**Notes to the Financial Statements
June 30, 2020**

The information above is based on 30 year expectations developed with the consulting actuary for the 2018 asset, liability and investment policy study for the North Carolina Retirement Systems, including LGERS. The long-term nominal rates of return underlying the real rates of return are arithmetic annualized figures. The real rates of return are calculated from nominal rates by multiplicatively subtracting a long-term inflation assumption of 3.00%. All rates of return and inflation are annualized.

Discount rate - The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability was 7.00%. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that contributions from plan members will be made at the current contribution rate and that contributions from employers will be made at statutorily required rates, actuarially determined. Based on these assumptions, the pension plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of the current plan members. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total pension liability.

Sensitivity of the Town's proportionate share of the net pension asset to changes in the discount rate - The following presents the Town's proportionate share of the net pension asset calculated using the discount rate of 7.00 percent, as well as what the Town's proportionate share of the net pension asset or net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is one percentage point lower (6.00 percent) or one percentage point higher (8.00 percent) than the current rate:

	1% Increase <u>(6.00%)</u>	Discount Rate <u>(7.00%)</u>	1% Decrease <u>(8.00%)</u>
Town's proportionate share of the net pension liability (asset)	<u>\$2,735,175</u>	<u>\$1,195,871</u>	<u>\$(83,603)</u>

Pension plan fiduciary net position - Detailed information about the pension plan's fiduciary net position is available in the separately issued Comprehensive Annual Financial Report (CAFR) for the State of North Carolina.

b. Law Enforcement Officers' Special Separation Allowance

1. Plan Description

The Town administers a public employee retirement system (the "Separation Allowance"), a single-employer defined benefit pension plan that provides retirement benefits to the Town's qualified sworn law enforcement officers under the age of 62 who have completed at least 30 years of creditable service or have attained 55 years of age and have completed five or more years of creditable service. The Separation Allowance is equal to .85% of the annual equivalent of the base rate of compensation most recently applicable to the officer for each year of creditable service. The retirement benefits are not subject to any increases in salary or retirement allowances that may be authorized by the General Assembly. Article 12D of G.S. Chapter 143 assigns the authority to establish and amend benefit provisions to the North Carolina General Assembly.

TOWN OF DALLAS, NORTH CAROLINA

Notes to the Financial Statements June 30, 2020

All full-time law enforcement officers are covered by the Separation Allowance. At December 31, 2018, the Separation Allowance's membership consisted of:

Retirees receiving benefits	2
Terminated plan members entitled to, but not receiving, benefits	
Active plan members	<u>11</u>
Total	<u>13</u>

2. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

Basis of Accounting - The Town has chosen to fund the Separation Allowance on a pay as you go basis. Pension expenditures are made from the General Fund, which is maintained on the modified accrual basis of accounting. Benefits are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the terms of the plan.

The Separation Allowance has no assets accumulated in a trust that meet the following criteria which are outlined in GASB Statements 73.

3. Actuarial Assumptions

The entry age actuarial cost method was used in the December 31, 2018 valuation. The total pension liability in the December 31, 2018 actuarial valuation was determined using the following actuarial assumptions, applied to all periods included in the measurement:

Inflation	2.5 percent
Salary increases	3.50 to 7.35 percent, including inflation and productivity factor
Discount Rate	3.26 percent

The discount rate is based on the yield of the S & P Municipal Bond 20 Year High Grade Rate Index as of December 31, 2018.

Mortality rates are based on the RP-2000 mortality tables with adjustments for mortality improvements based on Scale AA.

4. Contributions

The Town is required by Article 12D of G.S. Chapter 143 to provide these retirement benefits and has chosen to fund the amounts necessary to cover the benefits earned on a pay as you go basis through appropriations made in the General Fund operating budget. There were no contributions made by employees. The Town's obligation to contribute to this plan is established, and may be amended by, the North Carolina General Assembly. Administration costs of the Separation Allowance are financed through investment earnings. The Town paid \$23,539 as benefits came due for the reporting period.

TOWN OF DALLAS, NORTH CAROLINA

**Notes to the Financial Statements
June 30, 2020**

Pension Liabilities, Pension Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions

At June 30, 2020, the Town reported a total pension liability of \$367,852. The total pension liability was measured as of December 31, 2019 based on a December 31, 2018 actuarial valuation. The total pension liability was then rolled forward to the measurement date of December 31, 2019 utilizing update procedures incorporating the actuarial assumptions. For the year ended June 30, 2020, the Town recognized pension expense of \$9,318.

	<u>Deferred Outflows of Resources</u>	<u>Deferred Inflows of Resources</u>
Differences between expected and actual experience	\$ 7,463	\$77,554
Changes of assumptions	18,640	12,043
Town benefit payments and plan administrative expense made subsequent to the measurement date	<u> -</u>	<u> -</u>
Total	<u>\$26,103</u>	<u>\$89,597</u>

\$-0- paid as benefits came due subsequent to the measurement date have been reported as deferred outflows of resources. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions will be recognized in the pension expense as follows:

Year ending June 30:	
2021	\$(14,178)
2022	(14,178)
2023	(14,954)
2024	(17,725)
2025	(2,459)
Thereafter	-

\$-0- paid as benefits came due and \$-0- of administrative expenses subsequent to the measurement date are reported as deferred outflows of resources.

Sensitivity of the Town's total pension liability to changes in the discount rate. The following presents the Town's total pension liability calculated using the discount rate of 3.26 percent, as well as what the Town's total pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is one percentage point lower (2.26 percent), or one percentage point higher (4.26 percent) than the current rate:

	1% Decrease (2.26%)	Discount Rate (3.26%)	1% Increase (4.26%)
Total pension liability	\$393,009	\$367,852	\$344,737

TOWN OF DALLAS, NORTH CAROLINA

Notes to the Financial Statements
June 30, 2020

Schedule of Changes in Total Pension Liability
Law Enforcement Officers' Special Separation Allowance

Beginning balance	\$390,041
Service cost	14,630
Interest on the total pension liability	13,769
Changes of benefit terms	-
Differences between expected and actual experience in the measurement of the total pension liability	(36,068)
Changes of assumptions or other inputs	9,019
Benefit payments	(23,539)
Other changes	-
Ending balance of the total pension liability	<u>\$367,852</u>

The plan currently uses mortality tables that vary by age and health status (i.e., disabled and healthy). The current mortality rates are based on published tables and based on studies that cover significant portions of the U. S. population. The healthy mortality rates also contain a provision to reflect future mortality improvements.

The actuarial assumptions used in the December 31, 2018 valuation were based on the results of an actuarial experience study for the period January 1, 2010 through December 31, 2014.

TOWN OF DALLAS, NORTH CAROLINA

**Notes to the Financial Statements
June 30, 2020**

Total Expense, Liabilities, and Deferred Outflows and Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions

Following is information related to the proportionate share and pension expense for all pension plans:

	<u>LGERS</u>	<u>LEOSSA</u>	<u>Total</u>
Pension expense	\$ 525,653	\$ 9,318	\$ 534,971
Pension liability	1,195,871	367,852	1,563,723
Proportionate share of the net pension liability	0.04379%	n/a	
Deferred outflows of resources			
Differences between expected and actual experience	204,763	7,463	212,226
Changes of assumptions	194,907	18,640	213,547
Net difference between projected and actual earnings on plan investments	29,169	-	29,169
Changes in proportion, and differences between, contributions and proportionate share of contributions	-	-	-
Benefit payments and administrative costs paid subsequent to the measurement date	269,655	-	269,655
Deferred inflows of resources			
Differences between expected and actual experience	-	77,554	77,554
Changes of assumptions	-	12,043	12,043
Net difference between projected and actual earnings on plan investments	-	-	-
Changes in proportion, and differences between, contributions and proportionate share of contributions	30,670	-	30,670

c. Supplemental Retirement Income Plan for Law Enforcement Officers

Plan Description - The Town contributes to the Supplemental Retirement Income Plan (the Plan), a defined contribution pension plan administered by the Department of State Treasurer and a Board of Trustees. The Plan provides retirement benefits to law enforcement officers employed by the Town. Article 5 of G.S. Chapter 135 assigns the authority to establish and amend benefit provisions to the North Carolina General Assembly. The Supplemental Retirement Income Plan for Law Enforcement Officers is included in the Comprehensive Annual Financial Report (CAFR) for the State of North Carolina. The State's CAFR includes the pension trust fund financial statements for the Internal Revenue Code Section 401(k) plan that includes the Supplemental Retirement Income Plan for Law Enforcement Officers. That report may be obtained by writing to the Office of the State Controller, 1410 Mail Service Center, Raleigh, North Carolina 27699-1410, or by calling (919) 981-5454.

Funding Policy - Article 12E of G.S. Chapter 143 requires the Town to contribute, each month an amount equal to five percent of each officer's salary, and all amounts contributed are vested immediately. The law enforcement officers may make voluntary contributions to the plan.

The Town made contributions of \$30,741 for the reporting year. No amounts were forfeited.

TOWN OF DALLAS, NORTH CAROLINA

**Notes to the Financial Statements
June 30, 2020**

d. Supplemental Retirement Income Plan for Employees Other than Law Enforcement Officers

Plan Description - All full-time employees of the Town can elect to participate in the Supplemental Retirement Income Plan, a defined contribution plan.

Funding Policy - The Town voluntarily contributes, each month, an amount equal to four percent of each employee's salary, and all amounts contributed are vested immediately. Also, the employees may make voluntary contributions to the plan.

The Town made contributions of \$103,723 for the reporting year. No amounts were forfeited.

e. Other Employment Benefits

The Town has elected to provide death benefits to employees through the Death Benefit Plan for members of the Local Governmental Employees' Retirement System (the Death Benefit Plan), a multiple-employer, State-administered, cost-sharing plan funded on a one-year term cost basis. The beneficiaries of those employees who die in active service after one year of contributing membership in the System, or who die within 180 days after retirement or termination of service and have at least one year of contributing membership service in the System at the time of death, are eligible for death benefits. Lump sum death benefit payments to beneficiaries are equal to the employee's 12 highest months' salary in a row during the 24 months prior to the employee's death, but the benefit may not exceed \$50,000, or be less than \$25,000. Because all death benefit payments are made from the Death Benefit Plan, and not by the Town, the Town does not determine the number of eligible participants. The Town has no liability beyond the payment of monthly contributions. The contributions to the Death Benefit Plan cannot be separated between the post-employment benefit amount and the other benefit amount. Contributions are determined as a percentage of monthly payroll based upon rates established annually by the State. Separate rates are set for employees not engaged in law enforcement and for law enforcement officers. The Town considers these contributions to be immaterial.

2. Deferred Outflows and Inflows of Resources

The Town has several deferred outflows of resources. Deferred outflows of resources is comprised of the following:

	<u>Amount</u>
Contributions to pension plan in the current fiscal year	\$269,655
Differences between expected and actual experience	212,226
Changes of assumptions	213,547
Net difference between projected and actual	29,169
Changes in proportion, and differences between, employer contributions and proportionate share of contributions	-
Charge on refunding	-
Total	<u>\$724,597</u>

TOWN OF DALLAS, NORTH CAROLINA

**Notes to the Financial Statements
June 30, 2020**

Deferred inflows of resources at year-end is comprised of the following:

	<u>Statement of Net Position</u>	<u>General Fund Balance Sheet</u>
Taxes receivable, less penalties (General Fund)	\$ -	\$ 32,949
Prepaid taxes	-	-
Mortgage receivable (CDGB Grant Fund)	-	230,000
Other fees receivable	-	60,156
Changes in assumptions	77,554	-
Differences between expected and actual experience	12,043	-
Changes in proportion, and differences between, employer contributions and proportionate share of contributions	<u>30,670</u>	<u>-</u>
Total	<u>\$120,267</u>	<u>\$323,105</u>

3. Commitments

In 2008, the Town entered into a (20) twenty-year agreement with Duke Energy for the purchase of wholesale electric power, which the Town then distributes to individual residential, commercial, and industrial retail accounts. Rates charged to the Town under the terms of the agreement are tentatively set each year in advance, based on market forces, expected demand, and on Duke's overall expenses incurred in generating such power. The Town can positively impact the overall cost by the contractually-detailed generating of power at "peak" times during the year. At the conclusion of each contract year, the purchase power costs are "true-up" to reflect actual costs, as well as the Town's efficiency in "peak-shaving generation". In recent years, Dallas has received substantive, year-end, "true-up" payments to balance against the expenses otherwise incurred. While historically, the rates charged by Duke have trended upward year-over-year in a manner slightly exceeding the rate of inflation, this year's likely increase has moderated due to the continued low costs of natural gas; and such trend could continue for several more years.

In August 2019, the Town received cost estimates for Duke Coal Ash Recovery. The Town of Dallas is a wholesale customer of Duke Energy. Due to a major Duke Energy coal ash spill, the Town is required to make annual coal ash payments to Duke Energy for coal ash recovery costs. The estimated cost to the Town of Dallas is \$1,491,353. To recover the costs, amounts will be added to the monthly regular Duke Energy bill. The amount recovered was \$129,747 for the year ended June 30, 2020. The coal ash recovery charge was \$150,000 for the year ended June 30, 2020.

TOWN OF DALLAS, NORTH CAROLINA

Notes to the Financial Statements June 30, 2020

4. Risk Management

The Town is exposed to various liabilities and risks of loss related to torts; theft of, damage to, and/or destruction of assets; as well as for errors and omissions; injuries to employees or citizens; and resulting from natural disasters. To protect against such threat of loss, the Town participates in a self-funded, risk-financing pool administered by the North Carolina League of Municipalities (NCLM), as well as purchasing umbrella coverage for general liability and auto and property insurance from a regional, private brokerage firm. The NCLM Pool provides the Town with workers' compensation coverage up to statutory limits, and then the pool is reinsured through commercial carriers for single occurrence claims in excess of \$300,000 to the maximum allowed by State law. The Town has experienced no significant reductions in insurance coverage in the prior year, and settled claims have not exceeded coverage in any of the past three fiscal years.

The Town does not carry flood insurance, because there are no known Town-owned or controlled assets existing within an identified flood plain as determined by State or Federal designation.

In accordance with G.S.159-29, the Town's employees who are authorized to have custody of \$100 or more in Town funds, or access to Town inventories, as well as the Town's designated Finance Officer, are each required to be performance-bonded through a commercial surety bond. The Finance Officer is individually bonded for \$50,000, while employees with custody of funds, or access to inventories, are covered under a blanket policy against crime, fraud, or theft.

TOWN OF DALLAS, NORTH CAROLINA

**Notes to the Financial Statements
June 30, 2020**

5. Long-Term Obligations

a. Capital Leases

The Town has entered into an agreement to lease vehicles. The lease agreement qualifies as capital leases for accounting purposes and, therefore, has been recorded at the present value of the future minimum lease payments as of the date of their inception.

The agreement was executed on September 10, 2018 to lease vehicles and requires 60 monthly payments of varying amounts.

The following is an analysis of the assets recorded under capital leases at June 30, 2020:

<u>Classes of Property</u>	<u>Cost</u>	<u>Accumulated Depreciation</u>	<u>Net Book Value</u>
Vehicles and motorized equipment	<u>\$300,054</u>	<u>\$38,011</u>	<u>\$262,043</u>
Total	<u>\$300,054</u>	<u>\$38,011</u>	<u>\$262,043</u>

The future minimum lease obligations and the net present value of these minimum lease payments as of June 30, 2020 were as follows:

Year Ending June 30:

2021	\$ 56,029
2022	56,029
2023	56,029
2024	56,029
2025	<u>25,788</u>
Total minimum lease payments	249,903
Less: amount representing interest	<u>17,918</u>
Present value of the minimum lease payments	<u>\$231,985</u>

TOWN OF DALLAS, NORTH CAROLINA

**Notes to the Financial Statements
June 30, 2020**

b. Installment purchases consist of the following at June 30, 2020:

Serviced by the General Fund:

\$1,500,000 loan for a fire station, with principal and interest payments of \$51,141, due semi-annually in April and October, at an annual interest rate of 4.33%, through 2033, secured by the fire station building.	\$1,024,531
\$349,944 loan for a fire truck, with principal and interest payments of \$31,325, due annually in July, at an annual interest rate of 3.914%, through 2028, secured by fire truck.	211,365
\$235,000 loan for a solid waste truck, with principal and interest payments of \$27,171, due annually in September, at an annual interest rate of 2.73%, through 2023, secured by a solid waste truck.	101,652
\$146,597 loan for a sanitation truck, with principal and interest payments of \$26,517 due annually in October, at an annual interest rate of 2.39% through 2025, secured by a sanitation truck.	146,597
\$9,800 loan for tasers, with principal of \$1,960, due annually in June with 0% interest through 2024, secured by tasers.	<u>7,840</u>
Total serviced by the General Fund	<u>1,491,985</u>

Serviced by the Water and Sewer Fund:

\$3,600,000 loan for water and sewer capital projects, with principal and interest payments of \$225,367, due annually in June, at an annual interest rate of 3.59% through 2033, secured by water lines and other personal property financed with the proceeds.	<u>2,616,125</u>
Total serviced by the Water and Sewer Fund	<u>2,616,125</u>

Serviced by the Electric Fund:

\$132,265 loan for a sanitation truck, with principal and interest payments of \$23,924, due annually in October, at an annual interest rate of 2.39%, through 2025, secured by a sanitation truck.	132,265
\$212,033 loan for vehicles, with principal and interest payments of \$45,584, due annually in July, at an annual interest rate of 3.75% through 2020, secured by vehicles.	<u>43,941</u>
Total serviced by the Electric Fund	<u>176,206</u>

Total installment purchases	<u>\$4,284,316</u>
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TOWN OF DALLAS, NORTH CAROLINA

Notes to the Financial Statements
June 30, 2020

Annual debt service requirements to maturity for long-term obligations are as follows:

	<u>Direct Placement Installment Purchase</u>	
	<u>Principal</u>	<u>Interest</u>
Governmental activities:		
2021	\$ 132,303	\$ 58,952
2022	137,087	54,168
2023	142,057	49,199
2024	147,122	44,134
2025	123,446	38,679
2026-2030	519,842	122,064
2031-2035	290,128	22,720
Total governmental activities	<u>1,491,985</u>	<u>389,916</u>
Business-type activities:		
2021	226,153	96,444
2022	188,504	90,788
2023	195,016	84,276
2024	201,756	77,536
2025	208,731	70,559
2026-2030	1,057,955	242,804
2031-2035	714,217	85,485
2036-2040	-	-
Total business-type activities	<u>2,792,332</u>	<u>747,893</u>
Total	<u>\$ 4,284,316</u>	<u>\$1,137,809</u>

At June 30, 2020, the Town's legal debt margin is \$28,069,326.

TOWN OF DALLAS, NORTH CAROLINA

**Notes to the Financial Statements
June 30, 2020**

Changes in Long-Term Liabilities

	<u>Balance</u> <u>June 30, 2019</u>	<u>Increases</u>	<u>Decreases</u>	<u>Balance</u> <u>June 30, 2020</u>	<u>Current</u> <u>Portion of</u> <u>Balance</u>
Governmental activities:					
Compensated absences	\$ 109,641	\$ -	\$ 26,584	\$ 83,057	\$ -
Net pension liability (LEO)	390,041	1,350	23,539	367,852	-
Net pension liability (LGERS)	499,448	39,015		538,463	-
Direct placement installment purchase	1,440,689	156,397	105,100	1,491,985	132,303
Capitalized leases	<u>40,444</u>	<u>184,302</u>	<u>21,783</u>	<u>202,963</u>	<u>42,804</u>
Total governmental activities	<u>\$ 2,480,263</u>	<u>\$381,064</u>	<u>\$177,006</u>	<u>\$2,684,321</u>	<u>\$175,107</u>
Business-type activities:					
Water and Sewer Fund					
Compensated absences	\$ 58,903	\$ -	\$ 537	\$ 58,366	\$ -
Net pension liability (LGERS)	282,664	43,470	-	326,134	-
Direct placement installment purchase	2,801,025	-	184,900	2,616,125	161,448
Capitalized leases	<u>-</u>	<u>85,692</u>	<u>6,670</u>	<u>29,022</u>	<u>6,185</u>
Water and Sewer Fund long-term liabilities	<u>3,142,592</u>	<u>129,162</u>	<u>192,107</u>	<u>3,029,647</u>	<u>167,633</u>
Electric Fund					
Compensated absences	51,050	-	3,377	47,673	-
Net pension liability (LGERS)	287,103	44,171	-	331,274	-
Direct placement installment purchase	<u>155,831</u>	<u>132,265</u>	<u>111,890</u>	<u>176,206</u>	<u>64,705</u>
Electric Fund Long-term liabilities	<u>493,984</u>	<u>176,436</u>	<u>115,267</u>	<u>555,153</u>	<u>64,705</u>
Business activity long-term liabilities	<u>\$ 3,636,576</u>	<u>\$255,598</u>	<u>\$307,374</u>	<u>\$ 3,584,800</u>	<u>\$232,338</u>

TOWN OF DALLAS, NORTH CAROLINA

**Notes to the Financial Statements
June 30, 2020**

C. Interfund Balances and Activity

Transfers to/from other funds at June 30, 2020 consist of the following:

From the Electric Fund to T.O.P. T.I.E.R. - to fund economic development	\$ 160,143
From the Electric Fund to the Capital Project Fund - to fund capital projects	79,857
From the Electric Fund to the General Fund - payment in lieu of taxes	<u>895,733</u>
	<u><u>\$1,135,733</u></u>

Transfers are used to: (1) move unrestricted revenues to finance various programs that the government must account for in other funds in accordance with budgetary authorizations, including amounts provided as subsidies or matching funds for various grant programs, (2) move funds from the fund with collection authorization to other funds to stabilize rates.

D. Net Investment in Capital Assets

	<u>Governmental</u>	<u>Business-type</u>
Capital assets	\$6,184,424	\$14,153,206
Less: long-term debt	<u>(1,694,949)</u>	<u>(2,821,353)</u>
	<u>\$4,489,476</u>	<u>\$11,331,853</u>

E. Fund Balance

The following schedule provides management and citizens with information on the portion of the General Fund balance that is available for appropriation:

Total fund balance - General Fund	\$3,171,060
Less:	
Inventories	312
Stabilization by State Statute	319,964
Streets-Powell Bill	47,332
Public Safety	203,289
Appropriated Fund Balance in 2021 Budget	430,842
Remaining Fund Balance	<u>2,169,321</u>

III. Jointly Governed Organizations

The Town, in conjunction with nine counties and seventy-four other municipalities, established the Centralina Council of Governments (the Council). The participating governments established the Council to coordinate various funding received from federal and State agencies. Each participating government appoints one member to the Council's governing board. The Town paid membership fees of \$1,164 to the Council during the fiscal year ended June 30, 2020.

TOWN OF DALLAS, NORTH CAROLINA

**Notes to the Financial Statements
June 30, 2020**

IV. Related Party Transactions

The Public Works Director works part-time for one of the Town's vendors. The vendor provides plumbing and electrical services for the Town. The Town paid \$12,826 in services during the fiscal year ended June 30, 2020. As of June 30, 2020, there were no outstanding amounts due to the vendor.

V. Summary Disclosure of Significant Contingencies

Federal and State Assisted Programs

The Town has received proceeds from several Federal and State grants. Periodic audits of these grants are required, and certain costs may be questioned as not being appropriate expenditures under the grant agreements. Such audits could result in the refund of grant monies to the grantor agencies. Management believes that any required refunds will be immaterial. No provision has been made in the accompanying financial statements for the refund of grant monies.

VI. Significant Effects of Subsequent Events

Management has evaluated subsequent events through _____ 2020, the date on which the financial statements were available to be issued. During the period from the end of the year, and through this date, the following event occurred that requires recognition or disclosure in these financial statements.

COVID-19 Pandemic

The spread of the Coronavirus Disease (COVID-19) has been deemed a worldwide pandemic. The COVID-19 pandemic has had significant effects on global economic markets, supply chains, businesses and communities. As a result, domestic and international equity markets have experienced significant fluctuations. The impact on the Town of Dallas, North Carolina is not reflected in the financial statements for the year ended June 30, 2020, since the full impact of COVID-19 is unknown and cannot be reasonably estimated as of _____.

REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

This section contains additional information required by generally accepted accounting principles.

- **Schedule of the Proportionate Share of Net Pension Liability (Asset) for Local Government Employees' Retirement System**
 - **Schedule of Contributions - Local Government Employees' Retirement System**
 - **Schedule of Changes in Total Pension Liability**
 - **Schedule of Total Pension Liability as a Percentage of Covered Payroll**
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TOWN OF DALLAS

Town of Dallas' Proportionate Share of Net Pension Liability (Asset)
 Required Supplementary Information
 Last Seven Fiscal Years*
 Local Government Employees' Retirement System

	2020	2019	2018	2017	2016	2015	2014
Town of Dallas' proportion of the net pension liability (asset) (%)	6.04379%	0.04507%	0.04380%	0.04282%	0.04216%	0.03938%	0.04030%
Town of Dallas' proportion of the net pension liability (asset) (\$)	\$ 1,195,858	\$ 1,069,215	\$ 669,143	\$ 908,784	\$ 189,212	\$ (232,242)	\$ 485,770
Town of Dallas' covered payroll	\$ 2,787,616	\$ 2,726,848	\$ 2,571,122	\$ 2,435,404	\$ 1,716,527	\$ 1,724,960	\$ 1,542,147
Town of Dallas' proportionate share of the net pension liability (asset) as a percentage of its covered-employee payroll	42.90%	39.21%	26.03%	37.32%	11.02%	(13.46)%	31.50%
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension liability**	91.63%	94.18%	91.47%	98.09%	99.07%	102.64%	94.35%

*The amount presented for each fiscal year was determined as of the prior fiscal year ending June 30.

**This will be the same percentage for all participant employees in the LGERS plan.

TOWN OF DALLAS

Town of Dallas' Contributions
 Required Supplementary Information
 Last Seven Fiscal Years
 Local Government Employees' Retirement System

	2020	2019	2018	2017	2016	2015	2014
Contractually required contributions	\$ 269,655	\$ 217,988	\$ 205,057	\$ 187,034	\$ 159,467	\$ 163,404	\$ 163,396
Contributions in relation to the contractually required contributions	269,655	217,988	205,057	187,034	159,467	163,404	163,396
Contribution deficiency (excess)	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -
Town of Dallas' covered-employee payroll	\$2,937,722	\$2,787,616	\$2,726,848	\$2,571,122	\$2,435,404	\$1,716,527	\$1,724,960
Contributions as a percentage of covered employee payroll	9.18%	7.82%	7.52%	7.27%	6.55%	9.52%	9.47%

TOWN OF DALLAS, NORTH CAROLINA

**Schedule of Changes in Total Pension Liability
Law Enforcement Officers' Special Separation Allowance
Last Four Fiscal Years**

	<u>2020</u>	<u>2019</u>	<u>2018</u>	<u>2017</u>
Beginning balance	\$390,041	\$466,520	\$418,375	\$412,459
Service cost	14,630	19,987	16,223	19,207
Interest on the total pension liability	13,769	14,370	15,695	14,397
Changes of benefit terms	-	-	-	-
Differences between expected and actual experience in the measurement of the total pension liability	(36,068)	(72,872)	15,851	-
Changes of assumptions or other inputs	9,019	(13,525)	23,915	(9,350)
Benefit payments	(23,539)	(23,589)	(23,539)	(18,338)
Other changes	-	-	-	-
Ending balance of the total pension liability	<u>\$367,852</u>	<u>\$390,941</u>	<u>\$466,520</u>	<u>\$418,375</u>

The amounts presented for the fiscal year were determined as of the prior fiscal year ending December 31.

TOWN OF DALLAS, NORTH CAROLINA

**Schedule of Total Pension Liability as a Percentage of Covered Payroll
Law Enforcement Officers' Special Separation Allowance
Last Four Fiscal Years**

	<u>2020</u>	<u>2019</u>	<u>2018</u>	<u>2017</u>
Total pension liability	\$367,852	\$390,041	\$466,520	\$418,375
Covered payroll	581,161	674,988	623,345	666,556
Total pension liability as a percentage of covered payroll	63.30%	57.78%	74.84%	62.77%

Notes to the schedules:

The Town of Dallas has no assets accumulated in a trust that meets the criteria in paragraph 4 of GASB Statement 73 to pay related benefits.

GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES

GENERAL FUND

The General Fund is used to account for resources traditionally associated with government which are not required legally or by sound financial management to be accounted for in another fund.

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TOWN OF DALLAS

**General Fund
Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes
In Fund Balances - Budget and Actual
For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2020**

(With Comparative Actual Amounts for the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2019)

	2020		Variance Positive (Negative)	2019 Actual
	Budget	Actual		
Revenues:				
Ad valorem taxes:				
Current year	\$ 1,223,218	\$ 1,356,302	\$ 133,084	\$ 1,159,715
Prior years	750	10,217	9,467	15,021
State board assessed	23,400		(23,400)	23,752
Interest and penalties	3,777	4,406	629	5,252
Total	1,251,145	1,370,925	119,780	1,203,739
Other taxes and licenses:				
Privilege licenses	3,100	3,150	50	4,125
Motor vehicle licenses	33,000	39,630	6,630	35,030
Alcohol beverage tax	22,000	20,761	(1,239)	20,956
Total	58,100	63,541	5,441	60,111
Unrestricted intergovernmental revenues:				
Local option sales tax	450,968	476,981	26,013	462,719
Hold harmless distribution	78,615	52,849	(25,766)	73,422
Utility franchise tax	158,796	153,833	(4,963)	157,706
Excise tax on ripiped natural gas	10,916	13,819	2,903	17,063
Sales tax on telecommunications	49,840	38,209	(11,631)	47,008
Sales tax on video programming	16,252	15,000	(1,252)	15,700
Solid waste disposal tax	3,699	3,678	(21)	3,387
Total	769,086	754,370	(14,716)	777,005
Restricted intergovernmental revenues:				
Powell Bill street aid allocation	131,307	129,569	(1,738)	131,227
Powell Bill investment earnings	1,240	3	(1,237)	829
Covid-19 grant funds	-	61,577	61,577	-
Drug forfeiture revenue	2,500	-	(2,500)	(2,443)
Grant revenue	127,100	-	(127,100)	-
Federal and state grants	61,750	-	(61,750)	-
Total	323,897	191,150	(132,747)	129,612

cont.

TOWN OF DALLAS

**General Fund
Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes
In Fund Balances - Budget and Actual
For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2020**

(With Comparative Actual Amounts for the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2019)

	<u>2020</u>		<u>Variance Positive (Negative)</u>	<u>2019 Actual</u>
	<u>Budget</u>	<u>Actual</u>		
Revenues (continued):				
Permits and fees:				
Zoning fees	\$ 11,000	\$ 13,924	\$ 2,924	\$ 13,252
Sales and services:				
Arrest fees	1,850	1,280	(571)	1,584
Refuse collection fees	346,008	342,264	(3,744)	338,725
Recreation fees and concessions	59,396	41,968	(17,428)	49,978
Other	13,950	9,787	(4,164)	14,502
Total	<u>421,204</u>	<u>395,298</u>	<u>(25,906)</u>	<u>404,788</u>
Investment earnings	107,188	84,195	(22,993)	117,314
Miscellaneous:				
Sale of property	20,000	22,993	2,993	193,730
Returned check revenue	1,665	1,230	(435)	1,410
Customer billed charges	1,450	821	(629)	1,453
ABC wholesale distribution	26,219	22,519	(3,700)	18,562
Contribution from Courthouse Foundation	-	35,779	35,779	-
Other	15,100	3,926	(11,174)	3,056
Total	<u>64,434</u>	<u>87,268</u>	<u>22,834</u>	<u>218,211</u>
Total revenues	<u>3,006,054</u>	<u>2,960,671</u>	<u>(45,383)</u>	<u>2,924,033</u>

cont.

General Fund
Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes
In Fund Balances - Budget and Actual
For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2020

(With Comparative Actual Amounts for the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2019)

	2020			2019 Actual
	Budget	Actual	Variance Positive (Negative)	
Expenditures:				
General government:				
Governing body:				
Salaries and employee benefits	\$ 64,849	\$ 63,701	\$ 1,148	\$ 63,372
Other operating expenditures	12,756	5,615	7,141	5,759
	<u>77,605</u>	<u>69,316</u>	<u>8,289</u>	<u>69,131</u>
Administrative:				
Salaries and employee benefits	80,468	75,298	5,170	67,163
Professional services	16,746	16,746	-	14,670
Maintenance and repairs	49,832	33,893	15,939	23,811
Other operating expenditures	123,959	108,010	15,949	105,441
Capital outlay	14,605	41,949	(27,344)	14,720
	<u>285,610</u>	<u>275,896</u>	<u>9,714</u>	<u>225,806</u>
Public buildings:				
Community development:				
Salaries and employee benefits	90,410	72,578	17,832	78,649
Other operating expenditures	100,948	53,807	47,141	78,417
Capital outlay	10,882	10,882	-	(23,832)
	<u>202,240</u>	<u>137,266</u>	<u>64,974</u>	<u>133,233</u>
Courthouse:				
Professional services	7,723	6,905	818	4,978
Maintenance and repairs	16,686	20,514	(3,828)	23,093
Other operating expenditures	19,635	16,711	2,924	18,036
Capital outlay	14,430	8,925	5,505	-
	<u>58,474</u>	<u>53,056</u>	<u>5,418</u>	<u>46,107</u>
Total general government	<u>623,929</u>	<u>535,534</u>	<u>88,395</u>	<u>474,277</u>

cont.

TOWN OF DALLAS

**General Fund
Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes
In Fund Balances - Budget and Actual
For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2020**

(With Comparative Actual Amounts for the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2019)

	2020		Variance Positive (Negative)	2019 Actual
	Budget	Actual		
Expenditures (continued):				
Police:				
Salaries and employee benefits	\$1,230,892	\$1,137,975	\$92,917	\$1,111,019
Maintenance and repairs	44,340	41,735	2,605	48,153
Other operating expenditures	144,370	146,219	(1,849)	96,141
Capital outlay	147,735	267,662	(119,927)	80,061
	1,567,337	1,593,591	(26,254)	1,335,373
Fire:				
Salaries and employee benefits	171,029	170,340	689	157,353
Maintenance and repairs	70,622	76,920	(6,298)	52,836
Other operating expenditures	98,229	82,437	15,792	73,888
Capital outlay	66,373	42,587	23,786	41,560
	406,253	372,283	33,970	325,636
Total public safety	1,973,590	1,965,875	7,715	1,661,010
Transportation:				
Street maintenance				
Salaries and employee benefits	205,526	164,820	40,706	167,442
Maintenance and repairs	35,464	5,428	30,036	19,796
Street lights	60,020	47,945	12,075	55,642
Contracted services	7,150	5,786	1,364	384
Other operating expenditures	44,984	31,869	13,115	20,852
Capital outlay	98,516	38,902	59,614	36,889
Powell Bill expenditures	131,307	110,788	20,519	108,021
	582,967	405,537	177,430	409,025
Environmental protection:				
Solid waste:				
Salaries and employee benefits	212,506	180,696	31,810	130,871
Maintenance and repairs	50,581	48,266	2,315	62,652
Other operating expenditures	43,508	18,759	24,749	40,051
Capital outlay	148,697	148,603	94	-
Tipping fees	90,300	81,756	8,544	88,492
	545,592	478,080	67,512	322,065

cont.

General Fund
Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes
In Fund Balances - Budget and Actual
For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2020

(With Comparative Actual Amounts for the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2019)

	2020		Variance Positive (Negative)	2019 Actual
	Budget	Actual		
Expenditures (continued):				
Cultural and recreational:				
Parks and recreation:				
Salaries and employee benefits	\$ 150,622	\$ 120,819	\$ 29,803	\$ 119,688
Maintenance and repairs	46,482	41,694	4,788	45,553
Operating expenditures	170,829	131,380	39,449	123,857
Capital outlay	7,000	6,833	167	-
	<u>374,933</u>	<u>300,726</u>	<u>74,207</u>	<u>289,099</u>
Debt service:				
Debt service - principal	115,027	126,883	(11,856)	133,567
Debt service - interest	59,640	65,145	(5,505)	64,165
	<u>174,667</u>	<u>192,028</u>	<u>(17,361)</u>	<u>197,732</u>
Total expenditures	<u>4,275,678</u>	<u>3,877,780</u>	<u>397,898</u>	<u>3,353,207</u>
Revenues over (under) expenditures	<u>(1,269,624)</u>	<u>(917,109)</u>	<u>352,515</u>	<u>(429,175)</u>
Other Financing Sources (Uses):				
Proceeds from capital financing	146,597	340,699	194,102	40,444
Appropriated fund balance	238,294	-	(238,294)	-
Transfers, (to) from other funds:				
LESA Fund	(11,000)	-	11,000	-
T.O.P. T.I.E.R. Program	-	-	-	(191,563)
Electric Fund	895,733	895,733	-	915,733
Total other financing sources (uses)	<u>1,269,624</u>	<u>1,236,432</u>	<u>(33,192)</u>	<u>764,614</u>

cont.

General Fund
Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes
In Fund Balances - Budget and Actual
For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2020
(With Comparative Actual Amounts for the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2019)

	<u>2020</u>		<u>Variance Positive (Negative)</u>	<u>2019 Actual</u>
	<u>Budget</u>	<u>Actual</u>		
Revenues and other financing sources over (under) expenditures and other financing uses	\$ -	\$ 319,322	\$ 319,322	\$ 335,439
Fund balances, beginning, as previously reported		\$2,851,738		\$2,352,848
Prior period adjustment		-		163,451
Fund balances, beginning, restated		2,851,738		2,516,299
Revenues and other financing sources over (under) expenditures and other financing uses		319,322		335,439
Fund balances, ending		<u>\$3,171,060</u>		<u>\$2,851,738</u>

GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES NON-MAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

Storm Water Fund. This fund is used to account for fees collected, and monies spent, in connection with the Town's storm water run-off.

Trade Street Intersection Project. This fund is used to account for the construction work at Trade Street Intersection.

"T.O.P. T.I.E.R.," (Targeted Options Providing Tangible Investment in Economic Revitalization Fund) This fund is an economic development program funded and maintained by the Town to offer limited, but targeted, public economic assistance in support of private sector investment in assets needed to spur job creation, business sector growth, and overall economic vitality.

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TOWN OF DALLAS

**Combining Balance Sheet
Non-Major Governmental Funds
For the Year Ended June 30, 2020**

	<u>Storm Water Fund</u>	<u>Capital Project Fund</u>	<u>T.O.P. T.I.E.R. Program</u>	<u>Total Nonmajor Governmental Funds</u>
Assets:				
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 260,520	\$ 228,651	\$ 649,550	\$ 1,138,721
Accounts receivable, net	<u>30,012</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>30,012</u>
Total assets	<u>\$ 290,532</u>	<u>\$ 228,651</u>	<u>\$ 649,550</u>	<u>\$ 1,168,733</u>
Liabilities and Fund Balances:				
Accounts payable and accrued expenses	\$ 1,569	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 1,569
Total liabilities	<u>1,569</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>1,569</u>
Fund balances:				
Restricted:				
Assigned:				
Storm Water	288,963	-	-	288,963
Capital Project	-	228,651	-	228,651
Top Tier Program	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>649,550</u>	<u>649,550</u>
Total fund balances	<u>288,963</u>	<u>228,651</u>	<u>649,550</u>	<u>1,167,164</u>
Total liabilities and fund balances	<u>\$ 290,532</u>	<u>\$ 228,651</u>	<u>\$ 649,550</u>	<u>\$ 1,168,733</u>

TOWN OF DALLAS

**Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances
Non-Major Governmental Funds
For the Year Ended June 30, 2020**

	Storm Water <u>Fund</u>	Capital Project <u>Fund</u>	T.O.P. T.I.E.R. <u>Program</u>	Total Nonmajor Governmental <u>Funds</u>
Revenues:				
Storm water fees	\$ 209,242	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 209,242
Investment earnings	-	1,927	-	1,927
Total revenues	<u>209,242</u>	<u>1,927</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>211,169</u>
Expenditures:				
Salaries and employee benefits	41,701	-	-	41,701
Supplies	1,705	-	-	1,705
Contracted services	2,865	-	9,761	12,626
Repairs and maintenance	2,064	-	-	2,064
Other operating expenditures	5,320	-	-	5,320
Capital outlay	-	-	192,189	192,189
Total expenditures	<u>53,654</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>192,189</u>	<u>255,604</u>
Revenues over (under) expenditures	155,587	1,927	(201,950)	(44,436)
Other Financing Sources (Uses):				
Operating transfers in (out):				
Electric Fund	-	79,857	160,143	240,000
Revenues and other financing sources over (under) expenditures and financing sources (uses)	<u>\$ 155,587</u>	<u>\$ 81,784</u>	<u>\$ (41,807)</u>	<u>\$ 195,564</u>
Fund balances, beginning	\$ 133,376	\$ 146,867	\$ 691,357	\$ 971,601
Revenues and other financing sources over (under) expenditures and financing sources (uses)	<u>155,587</u>	<u>81,784</u>	<u>(41,807)</u>	<u>195,564</u>
Fund balances, ending	<u>\$ 288,963</u>	<u>\$ 228,651</u>	<u>\$ 649,550</u>	<u>\$ 1,167,164</u>

TOWN OF DALLAS

Storm Water Fund

Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance - Budget and Actual

For the Year Ended June 30, 2020

(With Comparative Actual Amounts for the Year Ended June 30, 2019)

	2020		Variance Positive (Negative)	2019 Actual
	<u>Budget</u>	<u>Actual</u>		
Revenues:				
Operating revenues:				
Storm water fees	\$ 200,379	\$ 209,242	\$ 8,863	\$ 141,260
Total revenues	<u>200,379</u>	<u>209,242</u>	<u>8,863</u>	<u>141,260</u>
Expenditures:				
Salaries and employee benefits	47,606	41,701	5,905	35,129
Supplies	4,526	1,705	2,821	39
Contracted services	10,893	2,865	8,028	10,885
Repairs and maintenance	25,020	2,064	22,956	7,024
Other operating expenditures	9,218	5,320	3,898	3,880
Capital outlay	103,116	-	103,116	72,173
Total operating expenditures	<u>200,379</u>	<u>53,654</u>	<u>146,725</u>	<u>129,130</u>
Revenues over (under) expenditures	<u>-</u>	<u>155,587</u>	<u>155,587</u>	<u>12,130</u>
Other Financing Sources (Uses):				
Appropriated fund balance	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>
Revenues and other financing sources over (under) expenditures and other financing uses	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>155,587</u>	<u>\$ 155,587</u>	<u>12,130</u>
Fund balance, beginning		<u>133,376</u>		<u>121,246</u>
Fund balance, ending		<u>\$ 288,963</u>		<u>\$ 133,376</u>

TOWN OF DALLAS

Capital Project Fund
Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance - Budget and Actual
For the Year Ended June 30, 2020
(With Comparative Actual Amounts for the Year Ended June 30, 2019)

	2020		Variance Positive (Negative)	2019 Actual
	<u>Budget</u>	<u>Actual</u>		
Revenues:				
Other operating revenues	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 11,842
Investment earnings	-	1,927	1,927	1,642
Total revenues	<u>-</u>	<u>1,927</u>	<u>1,927</u>	<u>13,484</u>
Expenditures:				
Capital outlay	<u>79,857</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>79,857</u>	<u>-</u>
Revenues over (under) expenditures	<u>(79,857)</u>	<u>1,927</u>	<u>81,784</u>	<u>13,484</u>
Other Financing Sources (Uses):				
Transfer from (to) Electric Fund	<u>79,857</u>	<u>79,857</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>
Total other financing sources (uses)	<u>79,857</u>	<u>79,857</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>
Revenues and other financing sources (uses) over (under) expenditures and other financing uses	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>81,784</u>	<u>\$ 81,784</u>	<u>\$ 13,484</u>
Fund balance, July 1		<u>146,867</u>		
Fund balance, June 30		<u>\$ 228,651</u>		

TOWN OF DALLAS

"T.O.P. T.I.E.R." Program
Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance - Budget and Actual
For the Year Ended June 30, 2020
(With Comparative Actual Amounts for the Year Ended June 30, 2019)

	2020		Variance Positive (Negative)	2019 Actual
	<u>Budget</u>	<u>Actual</u>		
Revenues:				
Grant revenue	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -
Expenditures:				
Top Tier grants		-		7,036
Professional services	25,000	9,761	15,239	11,897
Other expenses	-	-	-	1,369
Capital outlay	<u>224,539</u>	<u>192,189</u>	<u>32,350</u>	<u>101,740</u>
Total expenditures	<u>249,539</u>	<u>201,950</u>	<u>47,589</u>	<u>122,041</u>
Revenues over (under) expenditures	(249,539)	(201,950)	47,589	(122,041)
Other Financing Sources (Uses):				
Appropriated fund balance	89,396	-	(89,396)	-
Transfer from General Fund	-	-	-	191,563
Transfer from Electric Fund	<u>160,143</u>	<u>160,143</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>
Revenues and other financing sources over (under) expenditures and other financing uses	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>(41,807)</u>	<u>\$ (41,807)</u>	<u>69,522</u>
Fund balance, July 1		<u>691,357</u>		<u>621,835</u>
Fund balance, June 30		<u>\$ 649,550</u>		<u>\$ 691,357</u>

BUSINESS - TYPE ACTIVITIES

ENTERPRISE FUNDS

Enterprise Funds are used to account for operations that are financed and operated in a manner similar to private business enterprises - where the intent of the government's governing body is that the costs of providing goods or services to the general public on a continuing basis be financed or recovered primarily through user charges; or where the government's governing body has decided that periodic determination of net income is appropriate for accountability purposes.

***Water and Sewer Fund* - This fund is used to account for the activities associated with the production, distribution and transmission of potable water by the Town to its users and for the operation and maintenance of the Town's sewer and surface drainage systems.**

***Electric Fund* - This fund is used to account for the activities associated with the distribution and transmission of electricity by the Town to its users.**

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TOWN OF DALLAS

**Schedule of Revenues and Expenditures - Budget and Actual (Non-GAAP)
Water and Sewer Fund
For the Year Ended June 30, 2020
(With Comparative Actual Amounts for the Year Ended June 30, 2019)**

	2020		Variance Positive (Negative)	2019 Actual
	<u>Budget</u>	<u>Actual</u>		
Revenues:				
Operating revenues:				
Water charges	\$ 2,029,780	\$ 1,849,059	\$ (180,721)	\$ 1,752,040
Sewer charges	974,550	990,805	16,255	961,486
Water and sewer taps	28,425	39,575	11,150	35,575
Other	89,144	116,132	26,988	85,505
Total operating revenues	<u>3,121,899</u>	<u>2,995,570</u>	<u>(126,329)</u>	<u>2,834,606</u>
Nonoperating revenues:				
Rental income	63,629	82,800	19,171	63,629
Total nonoperating revenues	<u>63,629</u>	<u>82,800</u>	<u>19,171</u>	<u>63,629</u>
Total revenues	<u>3,185,528</u>	<u>3,078,370</u>	<u>(107,158)</u>	<u>2,898,234</u>
Expenditures:				
Operating expenditures:				
Water and sewer operations				
Salaries and employee benefits	783,061	771,175	11,886	701,847
Travel	9,500	3,695	5,805	18,395
Supplies	80,100	37,229	42,871	45,876
Insurance	78,183	76,074	2,109	67,827
Repairs and maintenance	256,321	182,307	74,014	173,757
Other operating expenditures	454,586	444,423	10,163	305,281
	<u>1,661,751</u>	<u>1,514,903</u>	<u>146,848</u>	<u>1,312,982</u>
Water treatment and distribution				
Salaries and employee benefits	299,690	268,384	31,306	257,188
Supplies	25,000	13,259	11,741	19,943
Chemicals	66,000	52,230	13,770	62,435
Other operating expenditures	249,593	168,416	81,177	140,751
	<u>640,283</u>	<u>502,289</u>	<u>137,994</u>	<u>480,317</u>
Waste collection and treatment				
Salaries and employee benefits	143,832	112,757	31,075	121,846
Chemicals	52,000	48,441	3,559	41,812
Supplies	4,000	3,449	551	1,591
Other operating expenditures	295,465	215,003	80,462	252,898
	<u>495,297</u>	<u>379,650</u>	<u>115,647</u>	<u>418,147</u>

cont.

TOWN OF DALLAS

**Schedule of Revenues and Expenditures - Budget and Actual (Non-GAAP)
Water and Sewer Fund
For the Year Ended June 30, 2020
(With Comparative Actual Amounts for the Year Ended June 30, 2019)**

	2020			2019 Actual
	Budget	Actual	Variance Positive (Negative)	
Total operating expenditures	\$ 2,797,331	\$ 2,396,841	\$ 400,490	\$ 2,211,446
Debt service:				
Principal retirement	185,849	191,570	(5,721)	180,855
Interest and fees	99,926	101,186	(1,260)	104,917
Total debt service	285,775	292,756	(6,981)	285,772
Capital outlay:				
Water and sewer operations	208,569	240,904	(32,335)	180,855
Water treatment and distribution	11,874		11,874	15,039
Water collection and treatment	40,000	23,150	16,850	11,549
Total capital outlay	260,443	264,054	(3,611)	207,443
Total expenditures	3,343,549	2,953,652	389,897	2,704,662
Revenues over (under) expenditures	(158,021)	124,718	282,739	193,572
Other Financing Sources (Uses):				
Appropriated fund balance	154,021	-	(154,021)	-
Gain (loss) on disposal of capital assets	4,000	(1,014)	(5,014)	(1,504)
Proceeds from borrowing	-	35,692	35,692	-
Grant revenue	-	179,684	179,684	5,000
Total other financing sources	158,021	214,362	56,341	3,496
Revenues and other sources over (under) expenditures and other uses	\$ -	339,080	\$ 339,080	197,069
Reconciliation From Budgetary Basis (Modified Accrual) to Full Accrual:				
Increase (decrease) in inventory		(14,016)		(5,571)
(Increase) decrease in accrued vacation pay		537		(7,848)
(Increase) decrease in accrued interest		552		554
Payment of debt principal		191,570		180,855
Proceeds from borrowing		(35,692)		-
Fines and penalties		-		10,000
Transfer in from Electric Fund to Water and Sewer				

cont.

TOWN OF DALLAS

Page 3 of 3, cont.

Schedule of Revenues and Expenditures - Budget and Actual (Non-GAAP)

Water and Sewer Fund

For the Year Ended June 30, 2020

(With Comparative Actual Amounts for the Year Ended June 30, 2019)

	2020		Variance Positive (Negative)	2019 Actual
	<u>Budget</u>	<u>Actual</u>		
Increase (decrease) in deferred outflows of resources - pensions	\$	(25,250)		\$ 79,918
(Increase) decrease in net pension liability		(43,470)		(103,569)
(Increase) decrease in deferred inflows of resources - pensions		(3,367)		3,796
Capital outlay		264,054		207,443
Depreciation		(400,666)		(391,215)
Change in net position		<u>\$ 273,335</u>		<u>\$ 171,431</u>

TOWN OF DALLAS

**Schedule of Revenues and Expenditures - Budget and Actual (Non-GAAP)
Electric Fund
For the Year Ended June 30, 2020
(With Comparative Actual Amounts for the Year Ended June 30, 2019)**

	<u>2020</u>		<u>Variance Positive (Negative)</u>	<u>2019 Actual</u>
	<u>Budget</u>	<u>Actual</u>		
Revenues:				
Operating revenues:				
Electricity sales	\$8,761,446	\$8,146,827	\$ (614,619)	\$9,149,965
Other operating revenues	130,349	128,058	(2,291)	146,680
Total operating revenues	<u>8,891,795</u>	<u>8,274,886</u>	<u>(616,909)</u>	<u>9,296,645</u>
Nonoperating revenues:				
Investment earnings	15,933	10,482	(5,451)	16,662
Total revenues	<u>8,907,728</u>	<u>8,285,368</u>	<u>(622,360)</u>	<u>9,313,307</u>
Expenditures:				
Salaries and employee benefits	1,208,646	1,147,375	61,271	1,018,707
Electrical power purchases	5,767,153	4,968,542	798,611	5,009,389
Supplies	151,900	121,192	30,708	117,789
Contracted services	197,196	92,992	104,204	104,108
Insurance	102,520	95,738	6,782	87,702
Repairs and maintenance	242,030	154,569	87,461	185,075
Other operating expenditures	213,715	168,995	44,720	168,226
Debt service - principal	114,173	111,890	2,283	110,711
Debt service - interest	4,219	6,197	(1,978)	7,677
Capital outlay	418,334	332,300	86,034	711,677
Total operating expenditures	<u>8,419,886</u>	<u>7,199,790</u>	<u>1,220,096</u>	<u>7,521,059</u>
Revenues over (under) expenditures	<u>487,842</u>	<u>1,085,578</u>	<u>597,736</u>	<u>1,792,248</u>
Other Financing Sources (Uses):				
Appropriated fund balance	478,891	-	(478,891)	-
Gain (loss) on disposition of assets	20,000	16,563	(3,437)	-
Proceeds from borrowing	149,000	132,265	(16,735)	-
Coal ash recovery revenue	150,000	129,747	(20,253)	-
Coal ash recovery charge	(150,000)	(150,000)	-	(330,442)
Transfers from (to):				
Top Tier Program Fund	(160,143)	(160,143)	-	-
Capital Reserve Fund	(79,857)	(79,857)	-	-
General Fund-payment in lieu of taxes	(895,733)	(895,733)	-	(915,733)
Total other financing sources (uses)	<u>(487,842)</u>	<u>(1,007,158)</u>	<u>(519,316)</u>	<u>(1,246,175)</u>

TOWN OF DALLAS

Page 2 of 2, cont.

Schedule of Revenues and Expenditures - Budget and Actual (Non-GAAP)

Electric Fund

For the Year Ended June 30, 2020

(With Comparative Actual Amounts for the Year Ended June 30, 2019)

	2020		Variance Positive (Negative)	2019 Actual
	<u>Budget</u>	<u>Actual</u>		
Revenues and other sources over (under) expenditures and other uses	\$ -	\$ 78,420	\$ 78,420	\$ 546,072
Reconciliation From Budgetary Basis (Modified Accrual) to Full Accrual:				
Increase (decrease) in inventory		(83,421)		9,369
(Increase) decrease in accrued vacation pay		3,377		(3,142)
(Increase) decrease in accrued interest		2,357		2,149
(Increase) decrease in net pension liability		(44,171)		(110,634)
Increase (decrease) in deferred outflows of resources-pension		(25,635)		85,297
(Increase) decrease in deferred inflows of resources-pensions		(3,421)		3,589
Capital outlay		332,300		711,677
Proceeds from borrowing		(132,265)		-
Payment of debt principal		111,890		110,711
Depreciation		(395,502)		(354,708)
Changes in net position		<u>\$ (106,072)</u>		<u>\$1,000,381</u>

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OTHER SCHEDULES

This section contains additional information required on property taxes and transfers.

- **Schedule of Ad Valorem Taxes Receivable**
 - **Analysis of Current Tax Levy**
-

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TOWN OF DALLAS

**Schedule of Ad Valorem Taxes Receivable
June 30, 2020**

<u>Fiscal Year</u>	<u>Uncollected Balance June 30, 2019</u>	<u>Additions</u>	<u>Collections and Credits</u>	<u>Uncollected Balance June 30, 2020</u>
2019 - 2020	\$ -	\$ 1,404,249	\$ 1,379,702	\$ 24,547
2018 - 2019	12,207	-	7,283	4,924
2017 - 2018	6,644	-	1,718	4,926
2016 - 2017	4,750	-	994	3,756
2015 - 2016	3,794	-	536	3,258
2014 - 2015	2,470	-	281	2,189
2013 - 2014	3,072	-	1,699	1,373
2012 - 2013	4,044	-	2,197	1,847
2011 - 2012	4,049	-	2,495	1,554
2010 - 2011	4,192	-	1,690	2,502
2009 - 2010	3,924	-	3,924	-
Total	<u>\$ 149,146</u>	<u>\$ 1,404,249</u>	<u>\$ 1,402,519</u>	50,876
Less allowance for uncollectibles				<u>(17,928)</u>
Balance				<u>\$ 32,949</u>
Reconciliation With Revenue:				
Taxes - Ad valorem - General Fund				\$ 1,370,925
Adjustments, releases and discounts				2,014
Taxes written off				11,170
Interest collected				<u>(4,406)</u>
Total collections and credits				<u>\$ 1,379,702</u>

TOWN OF DALLAS

**Analysis of Current Tax Levy
June 30, 2020**

	Town Wide		Total Levy		
	Property Valuation	Rate	Total Levy	Property Excluding Registered Motor Vehicles	Registered Motor Vehicles
Original levy:					
Property taxes at current year's rate	\$ 317,991,500	0.40	\$ 1,271,966	\$ 1,271,966	\$ -
Motor vehicles taxed at current year rate	36,640,478	0.40	146,562		146,562
Total	354,631,978		1,418,528	1,271,966	146,562
Discoveries - current and prior year taxes	128,500		1,297	1,297	-
Releases	(3,893,907)		(15,576)	(15,576)	-
Total	(3,765,407)		(14,279)	(14,279)	-
Total property valuation	\$ 350,866,571				
Net levy			1,404,249	1,257,687	146,562
Less uncollected taxes at June 30, 2020			(24,547)	(24,547)	-
Current year's taxes collected			\$ 1,379,702	\$ 1,233,140	\$ 146,562
Current levy collection percentage			98.25%	98.05%	100.00%

COMPLIANCE SECTION

**Independent Auditors' Report On Internal Control Over
Financial Reporting And On Compliance And Other
Matters Based On An Audit Of Financial Statements
Performed In Accordance With Government Auditing
Standards**

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**Independent Auditors' Report On Internal Control Over Financial Reporting And On
Compliance And Other Matters Based On An Audit Of Financial Statements
Performed In Accordance With Government Auditing Standards**

To the Honorable Mayor and
Members of the Board of Aldermen
Town of Dallas, North Carolina

We have audited, in accordance with the auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in Government Auditing Standards, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, the financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Town of Dallas, North Carolina, as of and for the year ended June 30, 2020, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the Town of Dallas, North Carolina's basic financial statements and have issued our report thereon dated _____, 2020.

Internal Control over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements, we considered the Town of Dallas, North Carolina's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) to determine the audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Town of Dallas, North Carolina's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the Town of Dallas, North Carolina's internal control.

A deficiency in internal control exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, misstatements on a timely basis. A *material weakness* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control, such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the entity's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected, on a timely basis. A *significant deficiency* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the preceding paragraph and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies and, therefore, material weaknesses or significant deficiencies may exist that were not identified. Given these limitations, during our audit, we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control that we consider to be material weaknesses. We did identify certain deficiencies in internal control, described in the accompanying schedule of findings and responses, that we consider to be material weaknesses. See 2020-001, 2020-002 and 2020-003.

Compliance and Other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether the Town of Dallas, North Carolina's financial statements are free from material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the determination of financial statement amounts. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit and, accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under Government Auditing Standards.

Town of Dallas, North Carolina's Response to Findings

Town of Dallas, North Carolina's response to the findings identified in our audit is described in the accompanying schedule of findings and responses. Town of Dallas, North Carolina's response was not subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the financial statements and, accordingly, we express no opinion on it.

Purpose of this Report

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance, and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with Government Auditing Standards in considering the entity's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

Morganton, North Carolina
_____, 2020

TOWN OF DALLAS, NORTH CAROLINA

Schedule of Findings and Responses
For the Year Ended June 30, 2020

Financial Statement Findings:

Material Weaknesses:

Finding: 2020-001

Significant Audit Adjustments

Criteria:

A system of controls should be in place to detect and prevent errors.

Condition:

Significant audit adjustments are proposed corrections to the basic financial statements that, in our judgement, may not have been detected except through our auditing procedures. The existence of such material adjustments indicates that the Town's system of controls did not detect and prevent such errors. We have provided management with a report of these adjustments.

Effect:

Errors could occur in financial reporting and not be detected in a timely manner.

Cause:

The Town's system of internal control is not working effectively.

Identification of repeat finding:

This is a repeat finding from the immediate previous audit, 2019-001.

Recommendation:

Management should examine existing controls to see if they can be strengthened, thus, reducing the number of adjustments at year end.

Views of responsible officials
and planned corrective action:

The Town agrees with this finding and will adhere to the corrective action plan on page 87 of this report.

Finding: 2020-002

Accounts Receivables are not Being Reconciled

Criteria:

The accounts receivable detail ledger should be reconciled and agreed to the general ledger.

Condition:

The accounts receivable detail ledger is not being reconciled to the general ledger.

Effect:

Errors could occur in financial reporting and not be detected in a timely manner.

Cause:

A reconciliation is not being performed.

Recommendation:

The detail accounts receivable ledger should be reconciled to the general ledger monthly.

Views of responsible officials
and planned corrective action:

The Town agrees with this finding and will adhere to the corrective action plan on page 87 of this report.

TOWN OF DALLAS, NORTH CAROLINA

Schedule of Findings and Responses
For the Year Ended June 30, 2020

Noncompliance:

Finding: 2020-003

Excess Expenditures Over Appropriations

Criteria:

G.S. 159-28(a) states that no obligation may be incurred in a function accounted for in a fund included in the budget ordinance, unless the budget ordinance includes an appropriation authorizing the obligation and an unencumbered balance remains in the appropriation sufficient to pay in the current fiscal year the sums obligated by the transaction for the current fiscal year.

Condition:

The Town expended more than appropriated in the annual budget ordinance as follows:

Water Fund -	Debt service was overspent by \$6,981. Capital outlay was overspent by \$3,611.
General Fund -	Debt service was overspent by \$17,361. Police was overspent by \$26,254.

Effect:

Moneys were spent that had not been obligated and appropriated.

Cause:

The Town purchased vehicles through lease obligations that had not been budgeted for in the budget ordinance, and a budget amendment was not adopted.

Recommendation:

Before an obligation is to incur that will exceed the amount that was previously approved in the budget ordinance, an amendment to the budget should be adopted.

**Views of responsible officials
and planned corrective action:**

The Town agrees with this finding and will adhere to the corrective action plan on page 87 of this report.

**Corrective Action Plan
For the Year Ended June 30, 2020**

Section II. Financial Statement Findings

Finding 2020-001:

Name of contact person: Jonathan Newton, Finance Director
Corrective action: Management is aware that year-end audit adjustments are typically required. Management will examine existing controls to see if they can be strengthened, given available resources, thus, reducing the number of audit adjustments required at year-end. In the areas where the cost/benefit does not justify improving the control system, management will exercise due caution in performing their oversight function.
Proposed completion date: The Town will implement this immediately.

Finding 2020-002:

Name of contact person: Jonathan Newton, Finance Director
Corrective action: Management will reconcile the detail accounts receivable ledger to the general ledger on a monthly basis.
Proposed completion date: The Town will implement this immediately.

Finding 2020-003:

Name of contact person: Jonathan Newton, Finance Director
Corrective action: Management will comply with G.S. 159-28(a), and budget amendments will be adopted prior to making expenditures that exceed budgeted amounts.
Proposed completion date: The Town will implement this immediately.

TOWN OF DALLAS, NORTH CAROLINA

Summary Schedule of Prior Audit Findings
For the Year Ended June 30, 2020

Finding 2019-001:

Still applicable.

Finding 2019-002:

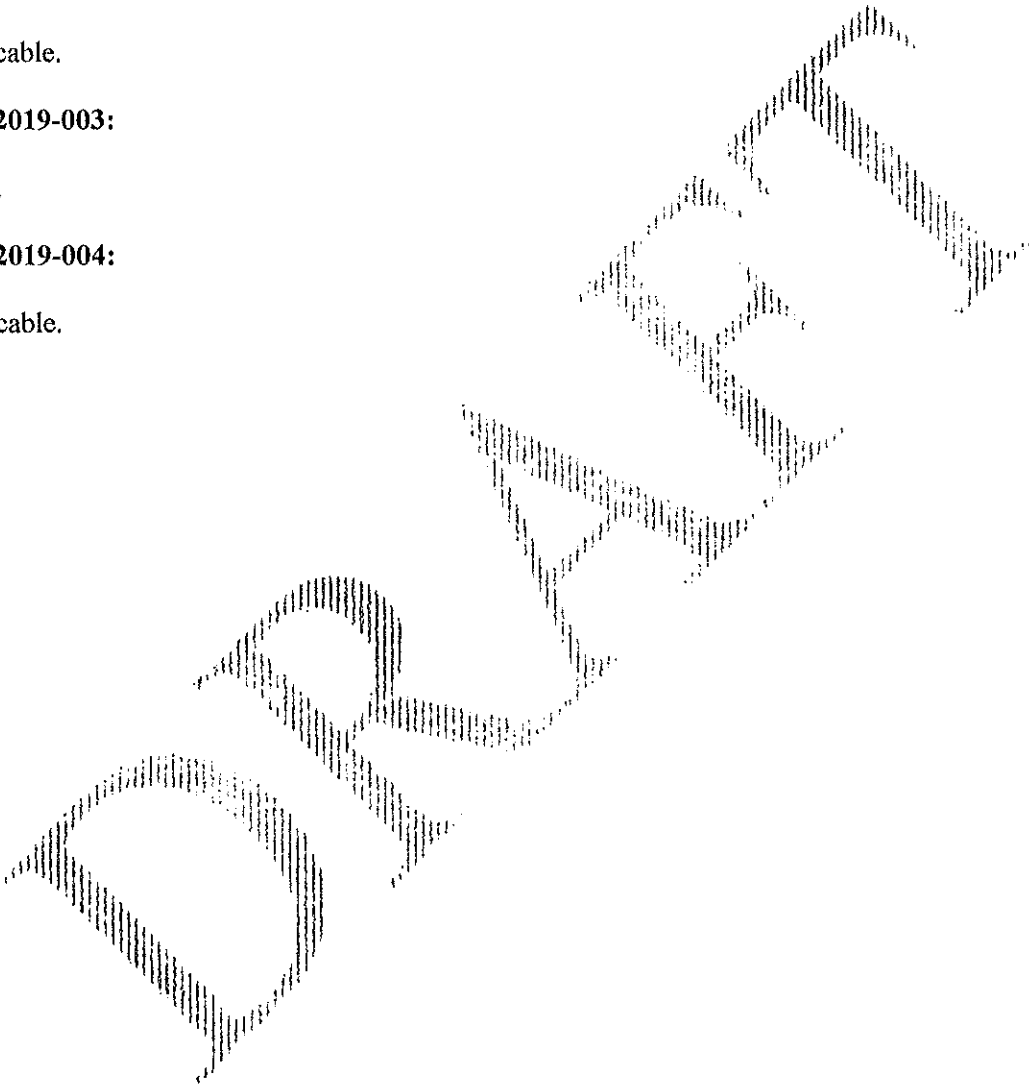
Still applicable.

Finding 2019-003:

Corrected.

Finding 2019-004:

Still applicable.



Lowdermilk Church & Co., L.L.P.
Certified Public Accountants

121 N. Sterling Street
Morganton, North Carolina 28655
Phone: (828) 433-1226
Fax: (828) 433-1230

To the Honorable Mayor and Members of
the Board of Aldermen
Town of Dallas, North Carolina

We have audited the financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of Town of Dallas, North Carolina for the year ended June 30, 2020. Professional standards require that we provide you with information about our responsibilities under generally accepted auditing standards (and, if applicable, Government Auditing Standards and the Uniform Guidance), as well as certain information related to the planned scope and timing of our audit. We have communicated such information in our engagement letter to you dated January 13, 2020. Professional standards also require that we communicate to you the following information related to our audit.

Significant Audit Findings

Qualitative Aspects of Accounting Practices

Management is responsible for the selection and use of appropriate accounting policies. The significant accounting policies used by Town of Dallas, North Carolina are described in Note I to the financial statements. We noted no transactions entered into by Town of Dallas, North Carolina during the year for which there is a lack of authoritative guidance or consensus. All significant transactions have been recognized in the financial statements in the proper period.

Accounting estimates are an integral part of the financial statements prepared by management and are based on management's knowledge and experience about past and current events and assumptions about future events. Certain accounting estimates are particularly sensitive because of their significance to the financial statements and because of the possibility that future events affecting them may differ significantly from those expected. The most sensitive estimates affecting the Town of Dallas, North Carolina's financial statements were:

Management's estimate of the allowances for doubtful accounts is based on percentage of ad valorem taxes receivable and utilities receivable. We evaluated the key factors and assumptions used to develop the allowances for doubtful accounts in determining that they are reasonable in relation to the financial statements taken as a whole.

Management's estimate of depreciation is based on estimated useful lives. We evaluated the key factors and assumptions used to develop depreciation in determining that it is reasonable in relation to the financial statements taken as a whole.

Certain financial statement disclosures are particularly sensitive because of their significance to financial statement users. The most sensitive disclosure affecting the financial statements was:

The disclosure related to the debt in Note III B.6 to the financial statements describes the Town's debt obligations and debt service requirements.

The financial statement disclosures are neutral, consistent, and clear.

Difficulties Encountered in Performing the Audit

We encountered no significant difficulties in dealing with management in performing and completing our audit.

Corrected and Uncorrected Misstatements

Professional standards require us to accumulate all known and likely misstatements identified during the audit, other than those that are clearly trivial, and communicate them to the appropriate level of management. Management has corrected all such misstatements. The following attached material misstatements detected as a result of audit procedures were corrected by management.

Disagreements with Management

For purposes of this letter, a disagreement with management is a financial accounting, reporting, or auditing matter, whether or not resolved to our satisfaction, that could be significant to the financial statements or to the auditors' report. We are pleased to report that no such disagreements arose during the course of our audit.

Management Representations

We have requested certain representations from management that are included in the management representation letter dated _____, 2020.

Management Consultations with Other Independent Accountants

In some cases, management may decide to consult with other accountants about auditing and accounting matters, similar to obtaining a "second opinion" on certain situations. If a consultation involves the application of an accounting principle to Town of Dallas, North Carolina's financial statements, or a determination of the type of auditors' opinion that may be expressed on those statements, our professional standards require the consulting accountant to check with us to determine that the consultant has all the relevant facts. To our knowledge, there were no such consultations with other accountants.

Other Audit Findings or Issues

We generally discuss a variety of matters, including the application of accounting principles and auditing standards, with management each year prior to retention as Town of Dallas, North Carolina's auditors. However, these discussions occurred in the normal course of our professional relationship, and our responses were not a condition to our retention.

Other Matters

We applied certain limited procedures to the Management's Discussion and Analysis, the Local Government Employees' Retirement System Schedules of the Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability (Asset) and Contributions, the Law Enforcement Officers' Special Separation Allowance Schedules of Changes in Total Pension Liability and Total Pension Liability As a Percentage of Covered Payroll, which are (is) required supplementary information (RSI) that supplements the basic financial statements. Our procedures consisted of inquiries of management regarding the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We did not audit the RSI and do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the RSI.

We were engaged to report on the combining statements, individual fund statements, budgetary schedules, and other schedules, which accompany the financial statements, but are not RSI. With respect to this supplementary information, we made certain inquiries of management and evaluated the form, content, and methods of preparing the information to determine that the information complies with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America, the method of preparing it has not changed from the prior period, and the information is appropriate and complete in relation to our audit of the financial statements. We compared and reconciled the supplementary information to the underlying accounting records used to prepare the financial statements or to the financial statements themselves.

Restriction on Use

This information is intended solely for the use of the Honorable Mayor, the members of the Board of Aldermen and the management of Town of Dallas, North Carolina and is not intended to be, and should not be, used by anyone other than these specified parties.

Very truly yours,

Morganton, North Carolina
_____, 2020

TOWN OF DALLAS

Adjusting Journal Entries

July 1, 2019 - June 30, 2020

Date	Reference	Account	Description	WP Reference	Debit	Credit	Net Income Effect
11/10/20	1	50-1040-0000 50-1052-0000	to reclass Cash in Bank-BB&T Cash in Bank-NGM-Cap Reserve		79,857.00	79,857.00	0.00
11/10/20	2	91-2190-0000 91-2100-1000 91-2100-2000 91-5100-1000	to adj LEO Net Pension Obligation d/Hed d/o-leo pension obligation		22,189.00 365.00	13,236.00 9,318.00	9,318.00
11/10/20	3	10-1320-0000 10-3400-0000 10-1360-0000 10-3431-0000 10-3430-0000 10-3432-0000 10-3433-0000	to reverse py ar Sales Tax Distribution Receivable Local Option Sales Tax 1 NC Franchise Tax Receivable Excise Tax on Piped Natural Gas Utilities Franchise Tax Sales Tax on Telecommunications Sales Tax on Video Programming		82,713.57 4,032.06 35,060.39 10,917.04 3,525.17	82,713.57 53,534.66	(136,248.23)
11/10/20	4	10-1320-0000 10-3400-0000 10-1360-0000 10-3431-0000 10-3430-0000 10-3432-0000 10-3433-0000	to rec'd cy from state of NC Sales Tax Distribution Receivable Local Option Sales Tax 1 NC Franchise Tax Receivable Excise Tax on Piped Natural Gas Utilities Franchise Tax Sales Tax on Telecommunications Sales Tax on Video Programming		80,340.01 46,050.13	80,340.01 3,239.15 33,412.16 5,954.32 3,444.50	126,390.14
11/10/20	5	30-3850-0000 30-3100-0000 30-8500-8200	to adjust proceeds from borrowing Proceeds From Capital Financing Interest Earned on Investment Debt Service: Interest		2,278.41	2,265.00 13.41	0.00
11/10/20	6	30-2070-0000 30-2400-1000 30-3850-0000 30-2060-0000 30-8500-8200	to adjust np Current Portion of Long Term Debt NON-CURRENT PORTION OF LT DEBT Proceeds From Capital Financing Accrued Interest Expense Debt Service: Interest		132,265.00 153.43	20,763.31 111,501.69 153.43	(132,111.57)

TOWN OF DALLAS

Adjusting Journal Entries

July 1, 2019 - June 30, 2020

Date	Reference	Account	Description	WP Reference	Debit	Credit	Net Income Effect
11/10/20	7		to adj rp and acc interest & leases payable				(2,282.61)
		91-2420-0000	Accrued Interest Payable		2,282.61	2,282.61	
		91-5200-8200	Interest expense				
		91-2500-0000	NP-Current		29,163.32	29,163.32	
		91-2600-0000	NP-LT		22,133.62	22,133.62	
		91-2900-0000	Fund Balance				
		91-2500-0010	Lease payable-current		51,296.94	51,296.94	
		91-2600-0010	Lease payable-LT				
		91-2900-0000	Fund Balance		162,519.25	162,782.58	
11/10/20	8		to adj taxes receivable				0.00
		10-1100-2016	PY Tax Receivable (Real)		10,222.66		
		10-1110-2016	PY Tax Receivable (HB20)			8,492.52	
		10-1150-0000	Allowance for Doubtful Accounts		5,990.43		
		10-2830-0000	Reserve for Doubtful Accounts			5,990.43	
		10-2810-0000	Reserve for Taxes Receivable		1,412,115.97	1,412,115.97	
		10-1100-0000	Taxes Receivable		1,410,385.83		
11/10/20	9		to reverse py ar				(51,968.06)
		10-1200-0000	Accounts Receivable		3,190.00	31,582.24	
		10-3251-0000	Motor Vehicle Licences		12,591.59		
		10-3014-0000	Current HB 20 Taxes		15,800.65		
		10-3441-0000	Gastonia ABC Wholesale Distribution		26,385.82	26,385.82	
		10-3405-0000	Gaston County Hold Harmless Dist.				
		10-1325-0000	Gaston County Hold Harmless Rec.				
11/10/20	10		to rec'd vehicle acquired through leases				0.00
		10-5200-7400	Capital Outlay: Equipment		32,697.17		
		10-3850-0000	Proceeds From Capital Financing			36,384.68	
		10-5200-8100	Debt Service: Principal		3,296.35		
		10-5200-8200	Debt Service: Interest		754.91		
		10-5200-1700	Maint and Repair: Vehicle			363.75	
		10-5100-7400	Capital Outlay: Equipment		132,892.40	147,917.05	
		10-3850-0000	Proceeds From Capital Financing				
		10-5100-8100	Debt Service: Principal		11,418.74		
		10-5100-8200	DEBT SERVICE: INTEREST		1,735.36		
		10-5100-1700	Maint and Repair: Vehicle		1,870.55		
11/10/20	11		to record taser purchase with loan				0.00
		10-3850-0000	Proceeds From Capital Financing			9,800.00	
		10-5100-3400	Equipment		9,800.00		

TOWN OF DALLAS

Adjusting Journal Entries

July 1, 2019 - June 30, 2020

Date	Reference	Account	Description	WP Reference	Debit	Credit	Net Income Effect
11/11/20	12	10-1055-0000 10-3100-0000	to adj investment account to actual Cash in Bank-NCCM Term Account Interest Earned on Investment		2,008.24	2,008.24	(2,008.24)
11/11/20	13	10-1040-0000 10-2160-0000 20-1040-0000 20-2160-0000 30-1040-0000 30-2160-0000 40-1040-0000 40-2160-0000	to rec'd accrued salaries in liability acct instead of cash Cash in Bank-BB&T Accrued Payroll Cash in Bank-BB&T Accrued Payroll Cash in Bank-BB&T Accrued Payroll Cash in Bank-BB&T Accrued Payroll		33,102.63 20,324.77 21,549.80 833.74	33,102.63 20,324.77 21,549.80 833.74	0.00
11/11/20	14	20-1210-0000 20-3720-0000 30-1210-0000 30-3750-0000	to adj unbilled utilities Unbilled Accounts Receivable Water Charge Revenue Unbilled Accounts Receivable Electrical Charge Revenue		16,820.43 28,211.67	16,820.43 28,211.67	(11,391.24)
11/11/20	15	20-2360-0000 20-3720-0000 30-2360-0000 30-3750-0000	to adj customer deposit to actual Meter Deposits Payable Water Charge Revenue Meter Deposits Payable Electrical Charge Revenue		1,095.00 11,572.80	1,095.00 11,572.80	(10,477.80)
11/11/20	16	30-1620-0000 30-1630-0000 30-1660-0000 30-1710-0000 30-1720-0000 30-1730-0000 30-8500-0460 30-8500-7304 30-8500-7309 30-8500-7400 30-8500-7507 30-8500-7522 30-3800-0000	to adj fixed assets Distribution System Equipment Construction in Progress Accum Depreciation-Building Accum Depreciation-Distribution Accum Depreciation-Equipment depreciation expense Capital Outlay: Light Fixtures Capital Outlay: Wire, Cable, Etc. Capital Outlay: Equipment Capital Outlay: Substation-Generator Capital Outlay: Substation Construction Sale of Surplus Property		578,706.91 7,735.97 395,502.29	69,306.00 389,301.16 22,095.06 189,766.07 18,578.00 7,437.60 138,060.00 100,000.00 68,224.59	(84,025.41)

TOWN OF DALLAS

Adjusting Journal Entries

July 1, 2019 - June 30, 2020

Date	Reference	Account	Description	WP Reference	Debit	Credit	Net Income Effect
11/11/20	17	40-2824-0000	to adj reserve		10,873.95		10,873.95
		40-3780-0000	Reserve for Storm-Water Rev- Receivable			10,873.95	
		40-1199-0000	Storm Water-Charge Revenue		252.00		
		40-2199-0000	Encumbrance-Control Reserve for Encumbrances			252.00	
11/11/20	18	30-2200-0000	to adj accrued vacation		3,377.07		3,913.81
		30-8500-0200	Accrued Vacation Payable			3,377.07	
		20-2200-0000	Salaries		536.74		
		20-8100-0200	Accrued Vacation Payable			3,968.12	
		20-8200-0200	Salaries		2,798.01		
		20-8300-0200	Salaries		633.37		
11/12/20	19	30-1370-0000	to adjust LGERS				(145,314.00)
		30-1375-0000	Net Pension Asset			44,171.00	
		30-2100-0000	Deferred Outflow - CY CC			25,635.00	
		30-8500-0260	Deferred Inflow - Pension Retirement		73,227.00		
		20-1370-0000	Net Pension Asset			43,470.00	
		20-1375-0000	Deferred Outflow - CY CC			25,250.00	
		20-2100-0000	Deferred Inflow - Pension			3,367.00	
		20-8100-0260	Retirement		48,130.00		
		20-8200-0260	Retirement		16,725.00		
		20-8300-0260	Retirement		7,232.00		
11/12/20	20	20-1199-0000	to adjust				44,745.76
		20-2199-0000	Encumbrance Control			2,314.04	
		20-2822-0000	Reserve for W & S Rev Receivable		44,745.76		
		20-3720-0000	Water Charge Revenue			44,745.76	
11/12/20	21	20-1620-0000	to adjust fixed assets		189,152.05		(180,201.93)
		20-1630-0000	Distribution System Equipment			72,453.05	
		20-1640-0000	Sewer Plant			56,295.00	
		20-1710-0000	Accum Depreciation-Building			8,427.03	
		20-1720-0000	Accum Depreciation-Distribution			258,703.28	
		20-1730-0000	Accum Depreciation-Equipment		62,688.64		
		20-1740-0000	Accum Depreciation-Sewer Plant		40,883.31		

TOWN OF DALLAS

Adjusting Journal Entries

July 1, 2019 - June 30, 2020

Date	Reference	Account	Description	WP Reference	Debit	Credit	Net Income Effect
		20-1750-0000	Accum Depreciation-Water Plant			48,025.71	
		20-8100-0460	Depreciation expense		400,665.76		
		20-8100-7305	Capital Outlay: Water			189,152.05	
		20-8100-7400	Capital Outlay: Equipment			23,881.40	
		20-8300-7500	Capital Outlay: Land, Building, & Construction			23,150.10	
		20-3800-0000	Sale of Surplus Property		14,568.51		
		20-2047-0000	Lease payable-ST			6,185.30	
		20-2048-0000	Lease Payable-LT			22,836.56	
		20-8100-8100	Debt Service: Principal		745.71		
		20-8100-8201	Debt Service: Lease Interest		430.55		
		20-8100-1700	Maint and Repair: Vehicles				
11/12/20	22		***do not make**adj accrued salaries				26,583.92
		91-2650-0000	Compensated Absences		26,583.92		
		91-4100-0215	vacation-adm		410.40		
		91-4110-0215	vacation-comm dev			3,688.07	
		91-5100-0215	vacation-police			15,682.29	
		91-5600-0215	vacation-street			3,620.46	
		91-5700-0215	vacation-recreation			3,409.21	
		91-5800-0215	vacation-solid waste		226.63		
		91-7100-0215	vacation-storm water fund			820.92	
11/12/20	23		***do not name**adj LGERS				(110,684.00)
		91-1350-0000	NET PENSION ASSET			39,015.00	
		91-1355-0000	DEFERRED OUTFLOW - CY CONT			66,688.00	
		91-2100-0000	DEFERRED INFLOW - PENSION DEFERRAL			4,981.00	
		91-4100-0260	PENSION EXPENSE		4,533.00		
		91-4110-0260	PENSION EXP		4,481.00		
		91-5100-0260	PENSION EXP		71,186.00		
		91-5600-0260	PENSION EXP		10,884.00		
		91-5700-0260	PENSION EXP		6,946.00		
		91-5800-0260	PENSION EXP		8,944.00		
		91-7100-0260	PENSION EXP - SW		3,710.00		
11/12/20	24		***do not make**adj fixed assets				(362,541.27)
		91-1600-1000	Land		101,193.56		
		91-1600-1200	Buildings		117,152.97		
		91-1600-1300	Equipment, vehicles			837,796.57	
		91-1600-1800	Construction in Progress		38,901.88		
		91-1600-1900	Accum Dep		953,545.72		
		91-4100-8200	depreciation-adm		97,487.28		

TOWN OF DALLAS

Adjusting Journal Entries

July 1, 2019 - June 30, 2020

Date	Reference	Account	Description	WP Reference	Debit	Credit	Net Income Effect
		91-5100-8200	depreciation-police		190,885.78		
		91-5600-8200	depreciation-street		21,303.97		
		91-5700-8200	depreciation-recreation		34,575.64		
		91-5800-8200	depreciation-solid waste		41,281.60		
		91-3810-0000	gain/loss on disposal			22,993.00	
		91-2900-0000	Fund Balance			735,538.83	
11/12/20	25	10-3456-0000	to record COVID funds receivable		61,577.00		61,577.00
		10-1200-0000	Covid Relief			61,577.00	
		10-1200-0000	Accounts Receivable		61,577.00		
11/12/20	26	10-3251-0000	to rec'd add'l ar			3,390.00	53,511.11
		10-3014-0000	Motor Vehicle Licences			12,038.29	
		10-3017-0000	Current HB 20 Taxes			13.89	
		10-3441-0000	Tax Penalties and Interest			3,926.88	
		10-3441-0000	Gastonia ABC Wholesale Distribution			15,000.00	
		10-1200-0000	Accounts Receivable		34,596.21		
		10-3405-0000	Gaston County Hold Harmless Dist.		18,914.90		
		10-1325-0000	Gaston County Hold Harmless Rec.			227.15	
		10-3017-0000	Tax Penalties and Interest		760.32		
		10-3500-0000	Miscellaneous				9,315.88
11/16/20	27	10-1266-1000	to adjust allowance			39.13	
		10-3710-0000	Allowance For Doubtful Accounts		39.13		
		20-1266-1000	Garbage Collection Fees Revenue		767.57		
		20-3720-0000	Allowance for Doubtful Accounts			767.57	
		20-3720-0000	Water Charge Revenue		8,644.28		
		30-1266-1000	Allowance for Doubtful Accounts			8,644.28	
		30-3750-0000	Electrical Charge Revenue		56.84		
		40-1267-1000	Allowance for Doubtful Accounts			56.84	
		40-3780-0000	Storm Water Charge Revenue				(3,825.77)
11/16/20	28	10-1199-0000	to adj			1,150,517.75	
		10-2199-0000	Encumbrance Control		1,150,517.75		
		10-2821-0000	Reserve for Encumbrances			788.00	
		10-2821-0000	Reserve for Tipping Fee Rev				3,899.51
		10-2828-0000	Reserve for Returned Checks				
		10-2829-0000	Reserve for Returned Check Fee				
		10-3500-0000	Miscellaneous		861.74		
							3,825.77

TOWN OF DALLAS

Adjusting Journal Entries

July 1, 2019 - June 30, 2020

Date	Reference	Account	Description	WP Reference	Debit	Credit	Net Income Effect
11/16/20	29		to rec'd grant receivable and reclass grant revenues				77,372.37
		20-3520-0000	Customer Billed Charges Revenue		102,311.13		
		20-1200-0000	Accounts Receivable		77,372.37		
		20-3455-0000	GRANT REVENUE			179,683.50	
11/16/20	30		to reclass& adj				0.00
		10-4100-1530	Maint& Repair: Civic Building			10,542.09	
		10-4100-7500	C/O Construction		27,345.00		
		10-5100-7400	Capital Outlay: Equipment			15,594.59	
		10-5200-7400	Capital Outlay: Equipment			1,207.72	
		10-5100-8100	Debt Service: Principal			3,017.05	
		10-5100-8200	DEBT SERVICE: INTEREST		3,016.45		
11/16/20	31		to adj cy/py taxes				0.00
		10-3010-0000	Current Ad Valorem Taxes		9,350.24		
		10-3011-0000	Prior Year Ad Valorem Taxes			10,134.96	
		10-3017-0000	Tax Penalties and Interest		503.58		
		10-3500-0000	Miscellaneous		281.14		
11/16/20	32		to adj				(36,752.72)
		30-1199-0000	Encumbrance Control			312,738.37	
		30-2199-0000	Reserve for Encumbrances		312,738.37		
		30-2823-0000	Reserve for Electric Rev Receivable			36,752.72	
		30-3750-0000	Electrical Charge Revenue		36,752.72		
Totals for Adjusting Journal Entries					<u>8,031,610.36</u>	<u>8,031,610.36</u>	<u>(846,230.91)</u>
Report Totals					<u>8,031,610.36</u>	<u>8,031,610.36</u>	<u>(846,230.91)</u>

Journal Entry count = 32